

# VIPA System SLIO

SM-AIO | | Manual

HB300 | SM-AIO | | en | 19-20

Analog signal modules - SM 03x



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### 1 General

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General VIPA System SLIO

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#### 1.2 About this manual

#### Target audience

The manual is targeted at users who have a background in automation technology.

#### Structure of the manual

The manual consists of chapters. Every chapter provides a self-contained description of a specific topic.

#### Guide to the document

The following guides are available in the manual:

- An overall table of contents at the beginning of the manual
- References with page numbers

#### **Availability**

The manual is available in:

- printed form, on paper
- in electronic form as PDF-file (Adobe Acrobat Reader)

#### **Icons Headings**

Important passages in the text are highlighted by following icons and headings:



#### **DANGER!**

Immediate or likely danger. Personal injury is possible.



#### **CAUTION!**

Damages to property is likely if these warnings are not heeded.



Supplementary information and useful tips.

VIPA System SLIO General

Safety information

# 1.3 Safety information

# Applications conforming with specifications

The system is constructed and produced for:

- communication and process control
- general control and automation tasks
- industrial applications
- operation within the environmental conditions specified in the technical data
- installation into a cubicle



#### **DANGER!**

This device is not certified for applications in

in explosive environments (EX-zone)

#### **Documentation**

The manual must be available to all personnel in the

- project design department
- installation department
- commissioning
- operation



#### **CAUTION!**

The following conditions must be met before using or commissioning the components described in this manual:

- Hardware modifications to the process control system should only be carried out when the system has been disconnected from power!
- Installation and hardware modifications only by properly trained personnel.
- The national rules and regulations of the respective country must be satisfied (installation, safety, EMC ...)

#### **Disposal**

National rules and regulations apply to the disposal of the unit!

Safety information for users

# 2 Basics and mounting

### 2.1 Safety information for users

Handling of electrostatic sensitive modules

VIPA modules make use of highly integrated components in MOS-Technology. These components are extremely sensitive to over-voltages that can occur during electrostatic discharges. The following symbol is attached to modules that can be destroyed by electrostatic discharges.



The Symbol is located on the module, the module rack or on packing material and it indicates the presence of electrostatic sensitive equipment. It is possible that electrostatic sensitive equipment is destroyed by energies and voltages that are far less than the human threshold of perception. These voltages can occur where persons do not discharge themselves before handling electrostatic sensitive modules and they can damage components thereby, causing the module to become inoperable or unusable. Modules that have been damaged by electrostatic discharges can fail after a temperature change, mechanical shock or changes in the electrical load. Only the consequent implementation of protection devices and meticulous attention to the applicable rules and regulations for handling the respective equipment can prevent failures of electrostatic sensitive modules.

#### Shipping of modules

Modules must be shipped in the original packing material.

Measurements and alterations on electrostatic sensitive modules When you are conducting measurements on electrostatic sensitive modules you should take the following precautions:

- Floating instruments must be discharged before use.
- Instruments must be grounded.

Modifying electrostatic sensitive modules you should only use soldering irons with grounded tips.



#### **CAUTION!**

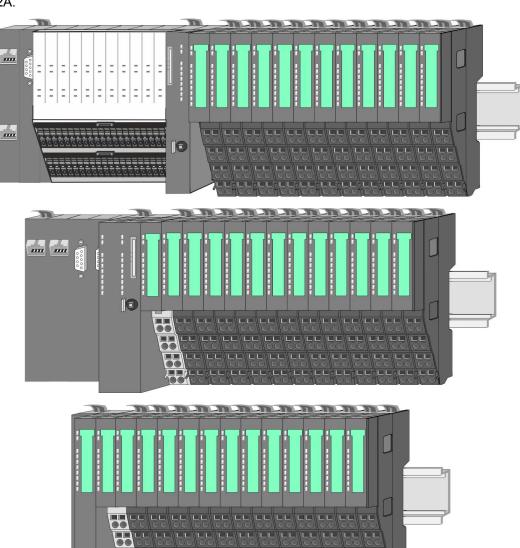
Personnel and instruments should be grounded when working on electrostatic sensitive modules.

System conception > Overview

### 2.2 System conception

#### 2.2.1 Overview

System SLIO is a modular automation system for assembly on a 35mm mounting rail. By means of the peripheral modules with 2, 4 or 8 channels this system may properly be adapted matching to your automation tasks. The wiring complexity is low, because the supply of the DC 24V power section is integrated to the backplane bus and defective modules may be replaced with standing wiring. By deployment of the power modules in contrasting colors within the system, further isolated areas may be defined for the DC 24V power section supply, respectively the electronic power supply may be extended with 2A.



System conception > Components

### 2.2.2 Components

- CPU (head module)
- Bus coupler (head module)
- Line extension
- Periphery modules
- Accessories



#### **CAUTION!**

Only modules of VIPA may be combined. A mixed operation with third-party modules is not allowed!

#### CPU 01xC



With this CPU 01xC, the CPU electronic, input/output components and power supply are integrated to one casing. In addition, up to 64 periphery modules of the System SLIO can be connected to the backplane bus. As head module via the integrated power supply CPU electronic and the I/O components are power supplied as well as the electronic of the connected periphery modules. To connect the power supply of the I/O components and for DC 24V power supply of via backplane bus connected peripheral modules, the CPU has removable connectors. By installing of up to 64 periphery modules at the backplane bus, these are electrically connected, this means these are assigned to the backplane bus, the electronic modules are power supplied and each periphery module is connected to the DC 24V power section supply.

#### CPU 01x



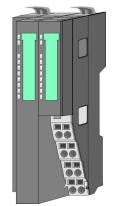
With this CPU 01x, the CPU electronic and power supply are integrated to one casing. As head module, via the integrated power module for power supply, CPU electronic and the electronic of the connected periphery modules are supplied. The DC 24 power section supply for the linked periphery modules is established via a further connection of the power module. By installing of up to 64 periphery modules at the backplane bus, these are electrically connected, this means these are assigned to the backplane bus, the electronic modules are power supplied and each periphery module is connected to the DC 24V power section supply.



#### **CAUTION!**

CPU part and power module may not be separated! Here you may only exchange the electronic module!

### Bus coupler



With a bus coupler bus interface and power module is integrated to one casing. With the bus interface you get access to a subordinated bus system. As head module, via the integrated power module for power supply, bus interface and the electronic of the connected periphery modules are supplied. The DC 24 power section supply for the linked periphery modules is established via a further connection of the power module. By installing of up to 64 periphery modules at the bus coupler, these are electrically connected, this means these are assigned to the backplane bus, the electronic modules are power supplied and each periphery module is connected to the DC 24V power section supply.

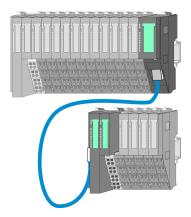


#### CAUTION!

Bus interface and power module may not be separated! Here you may only exchange the electronic module!

System conception > Components

#### Line extension

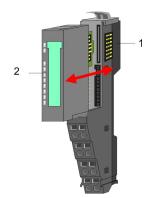


In the System SLIO there is the possibility to place up to 64 modules in on line. By means of the line extension you can divide this line into several lines. Here you have to place a line extension master at each end of a line and the subsequent line has to start with a line extension slave. Master and slave are to be connected via a special connecting cable. In this way, you can divide a line on up to 5 lines. For each line extension the maximum number of pluggable modules at the System SLIO bus is decreased by 1. To use the line extension no special configuration is required.

#### Periphery modules

Each periphery module consists of a terminal and an electronic module.





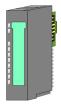
- 1 Terminal module
- 2 Electronic module

#### Terminal module



The *terminal* module serves to carry the electronic module, contains the backplane bus with power supply for the electronic, the DC 24V power section supply and the staircase-shaped terminal for wiring. Additionally the terminal module has a locking system for fixing at a mounting rail. By means of this locking system your SLIO system may be assembled outside of your switchgear cabinet to be later mounted there as whole system.

#### Electronic module



The functionality of a SLIO periphery module is defined by the *electronic* module, which is mounted to the terminal module by a sliding mechanism. With an error the defective module may be exchanged for a functional module with standing installation. At the front side there are LEDs for status indication. For simple wiring each module shows a corresponding connection diagram at the front and at the side.

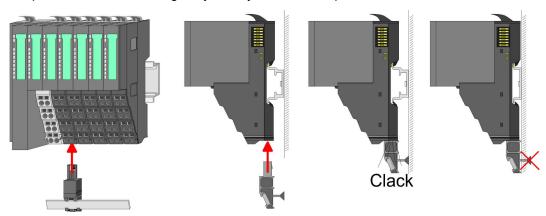
System conception > Accessories

#### 2.2.3 Accessories

#### Shield bus carrier



The shield bus carrier (order no.: 000-0AB00) serves to carry the shield bus (10mm x 3mm) to connect cable shields. Shield bus carriers, shield bus and shield fixings are not in the scope of delivery. They are only available as accessories. The shield bus carrier is mounted underneath the terminal of the terminal module. With a flat mounting rail for adaptation to a flat mounting rail you may remove the spacer of the shield bus carrier.



#### **Bus cover**



With each head module, to protect the backplane bus connectors, there is a mounted bus cover in the scope of delivery. You have to remove the bus cover of the head module before mounting a System SLIO module. For the protection of the backplane bus connector you always have to mount the bus cover at the last module of your system again. The bus cover has the order no. 000-0AA00.

#### **Coding pins**



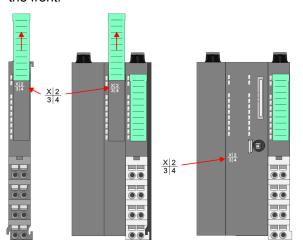
There is the possibility to fix the assignment of electronic and terminal module. Here coding pins (order number 000-0AC00) from VIPA can be used. The coding pin consists of a coding jack and a coding plug. By combining electronic and terminal module with coding pin, the coding jack remains in the electronic module and the coding plug in the terminal module. This ensures that after replacing the electronics module just another electronic module can be plugged with the same encoding.

Dimensions

#### 2.2.4 Hardware revision

# Hardware revision on the front

- The hardware revision version is printed on every System SLIO module.
- Since a System SLIO module consists of a terminal and electronics module, you will find a hardware revision on each of them.
- Authoritative for the hardware revision of a System SLIO module is the hardware revision of the electronic module. This is always located under the labeling strip of the corresponding electronic module.
- On modules without labeling strip, such as CPUs, the hardware revision is printed on the front.



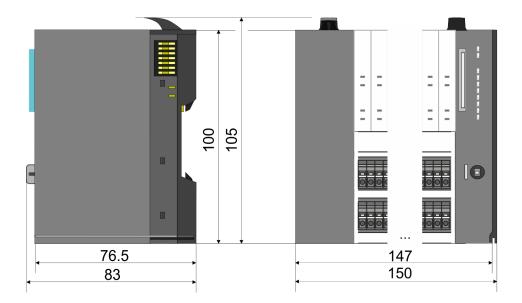
The example here shows the hardware revision 1. 1 is marked with X.

# Hardware revision via web server

On the CPUs and some bus couplers, you can output the hardware revision *'HW Revision'* via the integrated web server.

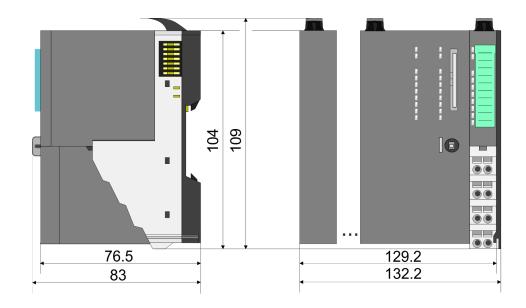
#### 2.3 Dimensions

### **Dimensions CPU 01xC**

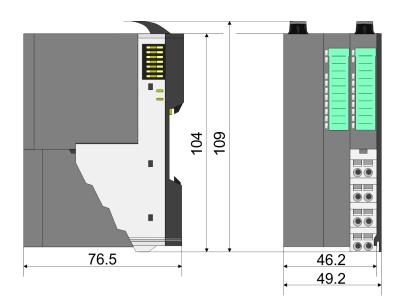


Dimensions

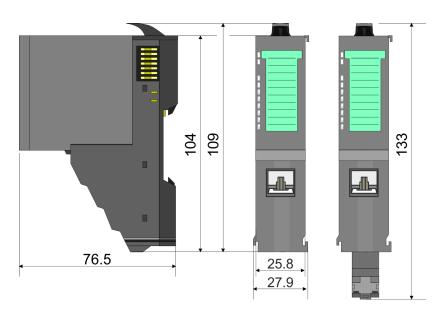
#### **Dimensions CPU 01x**



# Dimensions bus coupler and line extension slave

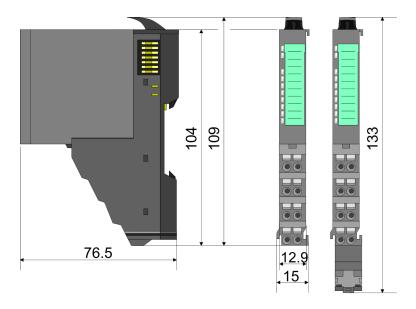


# Dimensions line extension master

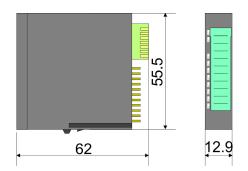


Dimensions

# Dimension periphery module



# Dimensions electronic module



Dimensions in mm

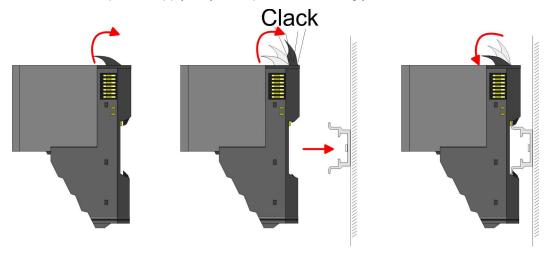
Mounting periphery modules

### 2.4 Mounting periphery modules

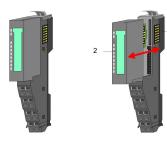
#### Requirements for UL compliance use

- Use for power supply exclusively SELV/PELV power supplies.
- The System SLIO must be installed and operated in a housing according to IEC 61010-1 9.3.2 c).

There is a locking lever at the top side of the module. For mounting and demounting this locking lever is to be turned upwards until this engages. For mounting place the module to the module installed before and push the module to the mounting rail guided by the strips at the upper and lower side of the module. The module is fixed to the mounting rail by pushing downward the locking lever. The modules may either separately be mounted to the mounting rail or as block. Here is to be considered that each locking lever is opened. The modules are each installed on a mounting rail. The electronic and power section supply are connected via the backplane bus. Up to 64 modules may be mounted. Please consider here that the sum current of the electronic power supply does not exceed the maximum value of 3A. By means of the power module 007-1AB10 the current of the electronic power supply may be expanded accordingly.



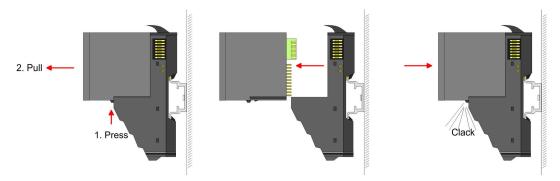
# Terminal and electronic module



Each periphery module consists of a terminal and an electronic module.

- 1 Terminal module
- 2 Electronic module

For the exchange of a electronic module, the electronic module may be pulled forward after pressing the unlocking lever at the lower side of the module. For installation plug the electronic module guided by the strips at the lower side until this engages audible to the terminal module.

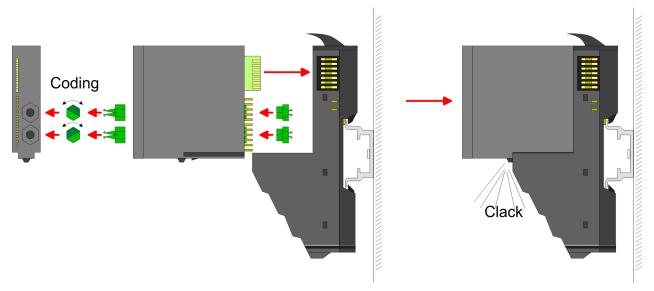


Mounting periphery modules

#### Coding



There is the possibility to fix the assignment of electronic and terminal module. Here coding pins (order number 000-0AC00) from VIPA can be used. The coding pin consists of a coding jack and a coding plug. By combining electronic and terminal module with coding pin, the coding jack remains in the electronic module and the coding plug in the terminal module. This ensures that after replacing the electronics module just another electronic module can be plugged with the same encoding.



Each electronic module has on its back 2 coding sockets for coding jacks. Due to the characteristics, with the coding jack 6 different positions can be plugged, each. Thus there are 36 possible combinations for coding with the use of both coding sockets.

- 1. Plug, according to your coding, 2 coding jacks in the coding sockets of your electronic module until they lock
- **2.** Now plug the according coding plugs into the coding jacks.
- 3. To fix the coding put both the electronic and terminal module together until they lock



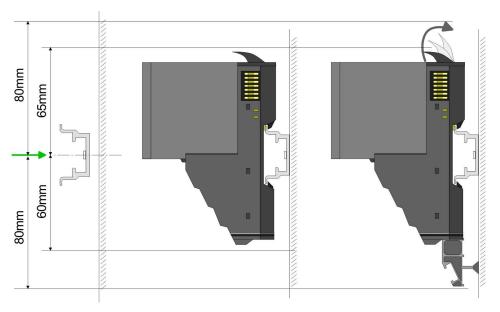
#### **CAUTION!**

Please consider that when replacing an already coded electronic module, this is always be replaced by an electronic module with the same coding.

Even with an existing coding on the terminal module, you can plug an electronic module without coding. The user is responsible for the correct usage of the coding pins. VIPA assumes no liability for incorrectly attached electronic modules or for damages which arise due to incorrect coding!

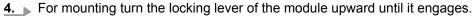
Mounting periphery modules

#### Mounting periphery modules



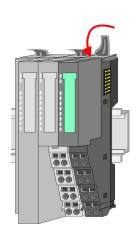
- 1. Mount the mounting rail! Please consider that a clearance from the middle of the mounting rail of at least 80mm above and 60mm below, respectively 80mm by deployment of shield bus carriers, exist.
- 2. Mount your head module such as CPU or field bus coupler.
- 3. Before mounting the periphery modules you have to remove the bus cover at the right side of the Head module by pulling it forward. Keep the cover for later mounting.



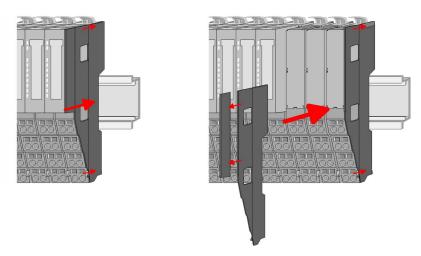


- For mounting place the module to the module installed before and push the module to the mounting rail guided by the strips at the upper and lower side of the module.
- **6.** Turn the locking lever of the periphery module downward, again.





Wiring periphery modules



After mounting the whole system, to protect the backplane bus connectors at the last module you have to mount the bus cover, now. If the last module is a clamp module, for adaptation the upper part of the bus cover is to be removed.

# 2.5 Wiring periphery modules

#### **Terminal module terminals**



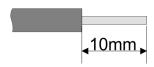
#### **CAUTION!**

### Do not connect hazardous voltages!

If this is not explicitly stated in the corresponding module description, hazardous voltages are not allowed to be connected to the corresponding terminal module!

With wiring the terminal modules, terminals with spring clamp technology are used for wiring. The spring clamp technology allows quick and easy connection of your signal and supply lines. In contrast to screw terminal connections this type of connection is vibration proof.

#### Data



U<sub>max</sub> 240V AC / 30V DC

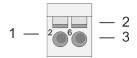
 $I_{\text{max}}$  10A

Cross section 0.08 ... 1.5mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 28 ... 16)

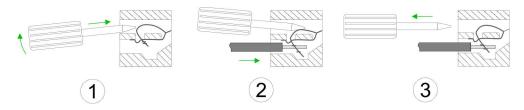
Stripping length 10mm

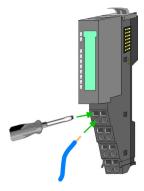
Wiring periphery modules

#### Wiring procedure



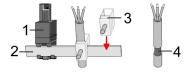
- 1 Pin number at the connector
- 2 Opening for screwdriver
- 3 Connection hole for wire





- 1. Insert a suited screwdriver at an angel into the square opening as shown. Press and hold the screwdriver in the opposite direction to open the contact spring.
- 2. Insert the stripped end of wire into the round opening. You can use wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>
- **3.** By removing the screwdriver, the wire is securely fixed via the spring contact to the terminal.

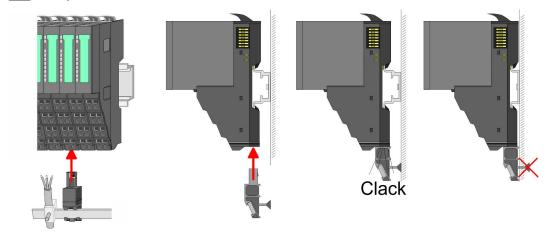
**Shield attachment** 



- 1 Shield bus carrier
- 2 Shield bus (10mm x 3mm)
- 3 Shield clamp
- 4 Cable shield

To attach the shield the mounting of shield bus carriers are necessary. The shield bus carrier (available as accessory) serves to carry the shield bus to connect cable shields.

- **1.** Each System SLIO module has a carrier hole for the shield bus carrier. Push the shield bus carrier, until they engage into the module. With a flat mounting rail for adaptation to a flat mounting rail you may remove the spacer of the shield bus carrier.
- 2. Put your shield bus into the shield bus carrier.



**3.** Attach the cables with the accordingly stripped cable screen and fix it by the shield clamp with the shield bus.

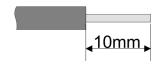
Wiring power modules

### 2.6 Wiring power modules

#### **Terminal module terminals**

Power modules are either integrated to the head module or may be installed between the periphery modules. With power modules, terminals with spring clamp technology are used for wiring. The spring clamp technology allows quick and easy connection of your signal and supply lines. In contrast to screw terminal connections this type of connection is vibration proof.

#### **Data**

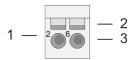


 $U_{\text{max}}$ 30V DC 10A  $I_{max}$ 

0.08 ... 1.5mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 28 ... 16) Cross section

Stripping length 10mm

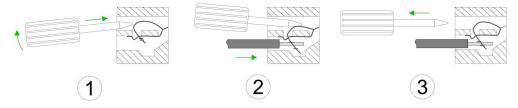
### Wiring procedure

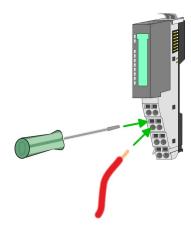


Pin number at the connector

Opening for screwdriver

2 Connection hole for wire

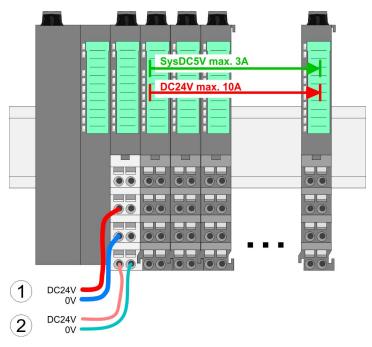




- Insert a suited screwdriver at an angel into the square opening as shown. Press and hold the screwdriver in the opposite direction to open the contact spring.
- 2. Insert the stripped end of wire into the round opening. You can use wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>
- By removing the screwdriver, the wire is securely fixed via the spring contact to the terminal.

Wiring power modules

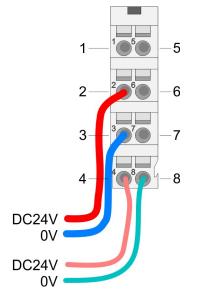
#### Standard wiring



- (1) DC 24V for power section supply I/O area (max. 10A)
- (2) DC 24V for electronic power supply bus coupler and I/O area

PM - Power module

For wires with a core cross-section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1			not connected
2	DC 24V	I	DC 24V for power section supply
3	0V	I	GND for power section supply
4	Sys DC 24V	I	DC 24V for electronic section supply
5			not connected
6	DC 24V	I	DC 24V for power section supply
7	0V	I	GND for power section supply
8	Sys 0V	I	GND for electronic section supply

I: Input



#### **CAUTION!**

Since the power section supply is not internally protected, it is to be externally protected with a fuse, which corresponds to the maximum current. This means max. 10A is to be protected by a 10A fuse (fast) respectively by a line circuit breaker 10A characteristics Z!



The electronic power section supply is internally protected against higher voltage by fuse. The fuse is within the power module. If the fuse releases, its electronic module must be exchanged!

Wiring power modules

#### **Fusing**

■ The power section supply is to be externally protected with a fuse, which corresponds to the maximum current. This means max. 10A is to be protected with a 10A fuse (fast) respectively by a line circuit breaker 10A characteristics Z!

- It is recommended to externally protect the electronic power supply for head modules and I/O area with a 2A fuse (fast) respectively by a line circuit breaker 2A characteristics Z.
- The electronic power supply for the I/O area of the power module 007-1AB10 should also be externally protected with a 1A fuse (fast) respectively by a line circuit breaker 1A characteristics Z.

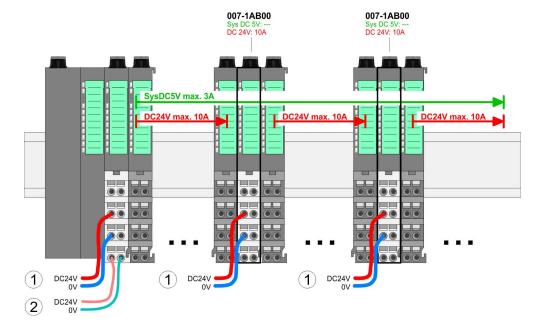
# State of the electronic power supply via LEDs

After PowerON of the System SLIO the LEDs RUN respectively MF get on so far as the sum current does not exceed 3A. With a sum current greater than 3A the LEDs may not be activated. Here the power module with the order number 007-1AB10 is to be placed between the peripheral modules.

# Deployment of the power modules

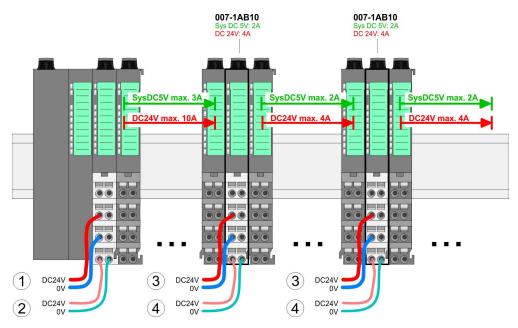
- If the 10A for the power section supply is no longer sufficient, you may use the power module from VIPA with the order number 007-1AB00. So you have also the possibility to define isolated groups.
- The power module with the order number 007-1AB10 is to be used if the 3A for the electronic power supply at the backplane bus is no longer sufficient. Additionally you get an isolated group for the DC 24V power section supply with max. 4A.
- By placing the power module 007-1AB10 at the following backplane bus modules may be placed with a sum current of max. 2A. Afterwards a power module is to be placed again. To secure the power supply, the power modules may be mixed used.

#### Power module 007-1AB00



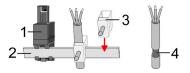
Wiring power modules

#### Power module 007-1AB10



- (1) DC 24V for power section supply I/O area (max. 10A)
- (2) DC 24V for electronic power supply bus coupler and I/O area (3) DC 24V for power section supply I/O area (max. 4A)
- (4) DC 24V for electronic power supply I/O area

#### Shield attachment

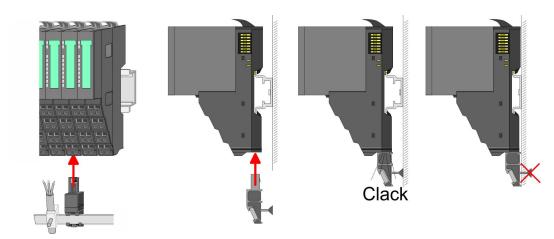


- Shield bus carrier
- Shield bus (10mm x 3mm) 2
- Shield clamp 3
- Cable shield

To attach the shield the mounting of shield bus carriers are necessary. The shield bus carrier (available as accessory) serves to carry the shield bus to connect cable shields.

- 1. Each System SLIO module has a carrier hole for the shield bus carrier. Push the shield bus carrier, until they engage into the module. With a flat mounting rail for adaptation to a flat mounting rail you may remove the spacer of the shield bus carrier.
- 2. Put your shield bus into the shield bus carrier.

Demounting periphery modules



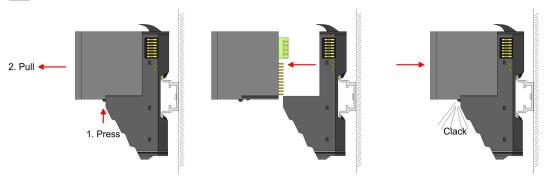
**3.** Attach the cables with the accordingly stripped cable screen and fix it by the shield clamp with the shield bus.

## 2.7 Demounting periphery modules

### **Proceeding**

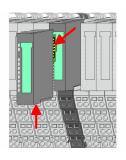
# Exchange of an electronic module

1. Power-off your system.



- **2.** For the exchange of a electronic module, the electronic module may be pulled forward after pressing the unlocking lever at the lower side of the module.
- **3.** For installation plug the new electronic module guided by the strips at the lower side until this engages to the terminal module.
  - ⇒ Now you can bring your system back into operation.

# Exchange of a periphery module



- **1.** Power-off your system.
- **2.** Remove if exists the wiring of the module.

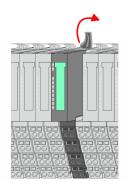
3.



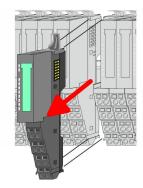
For demounting and exchange of a (head) module or a group of modules, due to mounting reasons you always have to remove the electronic module <u>right</u> beside. After mounting it may be plugged again.

Press the unlocking lever at the lower side of the just mounted right module and pull it forward.

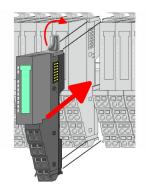
Demounting periphery modules



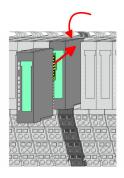
**4.** Turn the locking lever of the module to be exchanged upwards.



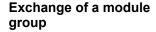
- **5.** Pull the module.
- **6.** For mounting turn the locking lever of the module to be mounted upwards.

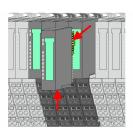


- 7. To mount the module put it to the gap between the both modules and push it, guided by the stripes at both sides, to the mounting rail.
- **8.** Turn the locking lever downward, again.



- **9.** Plug again the electronic module, which you have removed before.
- **10.** Wire your module.
  - ⇒ Now you can bring your system back into operation.





- **1.** Power-off your system.
- **2.** Remove if exists the wiring of the module group.

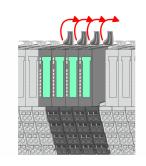
3.



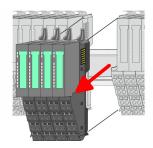
For demounting and exchange of a (head) module or a group of modules, due to mounting reasons you always have to remove the electronic module <u>right</u> beside. After mounting it may be plugged again.

Press the unlocking lever at the lower side of the just mounted right module near the module group and pull it forward.

Demounting periphery modules

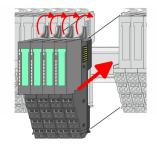


**4.** Turn all the locking lever of the module group to be exchanged upwards.



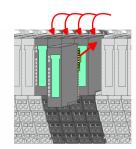
**5.** Pull the module group forward.

**6.** For mounting turn all the locking lever of the module group to be mounted upwards.



7. To mount the module group put it to the gap between the both modules and push it, guided by the stripes at both sides, to the mounting rail.

**8.** Turn all the locking lever downward, again.



**9.** Plug again the electronic module, which you have removed before.

**10.** Wire your module group.

⇒ Now you can bring your system back into operation.

Trouble shooting - LEDs

### 2.8 Trouble shooting - LEDs

#### General

Each module has the LEDs RUN and MF on its front side. Errors or incorrect modules may be located by means of these LEDs.

In the following illustrations flashing LEDs are marked by \tilde{\pi}.

Sum current of the electronic power supply exceeded

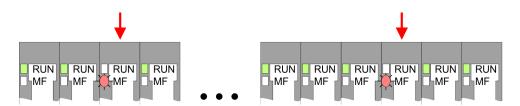


Behaviour: After PowerON the RUN LED of each module is off and the MF LED of each module is sporadically on.

*Reason*: The maximum current for the electronic power supply is exceeded.

Remedy: As soon as the sum current of the electronic power supply is exceeded, always place the power module 007-1AB10. & Chap. 2.6 'Wiring power modules' page 23

#### Error in configuration

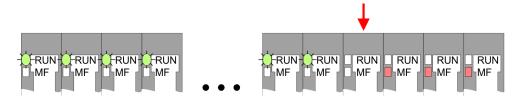


*Behaviour*: After PowerON the MF LED of one module respectively more modules flashes. The RUN LED remains off.

Reason: At this position a module is placed, which does not correspond to the configured module.

Remedy: Match configuration and hardware structure.

#### Module failure



*Behaviour*: After PowerON all of the RUN LEDs up to the defective module are flashing. With all following modules the MF LED is on and the RUN LED is off.

*Reason*: The module on the right of the flashing modules is defective.

Remedy: Replace the defective module.

Installation guidelines

### 2.9 Installation guidelines

#### General

The installation guidelines contain information about the interference free deployment of a PLC system. There is the description of the ways, interference may occur in your PLC, how you can make sure the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), and how you manage the isolation.

#### What does EMC mean?

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) means the ability of an electrical device, to function error free in an electromagnetic environment without being interfered respectively without interfering the environment.

The components of VIPA are developed for the deployment in industrial environments and meets high demands on the EMC. Nevertheless you should project an EMC planning before installing the components and take conceivable interference causes into account.

# Possible interference causes

Electromagnetic interferences may interfere your control via different ways:

- Electromagnetic fields (RF coupling)
- Magnetic fields with power frequency
- Bus system
- Power supply
- Protected earth conductor

Depending on the spreading medium (lead bound or lead free) and the distance to the interference cause, interferences to your control occur by means of different coupling mechanisms.

#### There are:

- galvanic coupling
- capacitive coupling
- inductive coupling
- radiant coupling

### **Basic rules for EMC**

In the most times it is enough to take care of some elementary rules to guarantee the EMC. Please regard the following basic rules when installing your PLC.

- Take care of a correct area-wide grounding of the inactive metal parts when installing your components.
  - Install a central connection between the ground and the protected earth conductor system.
  - Connect all inactive metal extensive and impedance-low.
  - Please try not to use aluminium parts. Aluminium is easily oxidizing and is therefore less suitable for grounding.
- When cabling, take care of the correct line routing.
  - Organize your cabling in line groups (high voltage, current supply, signal and data lines).
  - Always lay your high voltage lines and signal respectively data lines in separate channels or bundles.
  - Route the signal and data lines as near as possible beside ground areas (e.g. suspension bars, metal rails, tin cabinet).

Installation guidelines

- Proof the correct fixing of the lead isolation.
  - Data lines must be laid isolated.
  - Analog lines must be laid isolated. When transmitting signals with small amplitudes the one sided laying of the isolation may be favourable.
  - Lay the line isolation extensively on an isolation/protected earth conductor rail directly after the cabinet entry and fix the isolation with cable clamps.
  - Make sure that the isolation/protected earth conductor rail is connected impedance-low with the cabinet.
  - Use metallic or metallised plug cases for isolated data lines.
- In special use cases you should appoint special EMC actions.
  - Consider to wire all inductivities with erase links.
  - Please consider luminescent lamps can influence signal lines.
- Create a homogeneous reference potential and ground all electrical operating supplies when possible.
  - Please take care for the targeted employment of the grounding actions. The grounding of the PLC serves for protection and functionality activity.
  - Connect installation parts and cabinets with your PLC in star topology with the isolation/protected earth conductor system. So you avoid ground loops.
  - If there are potential differences between installation parts and cabinets, lay sufficiently dimensioned potential compensation lines.

#### Isolation of conductors

Electrical, magnetically and electromagnetic interference fields are weakened by means of an isolation, one talks of absorption. Via the isolation rail, that is connected conductive with the rack, interference currents are shunt via cable isolation to the ground. Here you have to make sure, that the connection to the protected earth conductor is impedancelow, because otherwise the interference currents may appear as interference cause.

When isolating cables you have to regard the following:

- If possible, use only cables with isolation tangle.
- The hiding power of the isolation should be higher than 80%.
- Normally you should always lay the isolation of cables on both sides. Only by means of the both-sided connection of the isolation you achieve high quality interference suppression in the higher frequency area. Only as exception you may also lay the isolation one-sided. Then you only achieve the absorption of the lower frequencies. A one-sided isolation connection may be convenient, if:
  - the conduction of a potential compensating line is not possible.
  - analog signals (some mV respectively μA) are transferred.
  - foil isolations (static isolations) are used.
- With data lines always use metallic or metallised plugs for serial couplings. Fix the isolation of the data line at the plug rack. Do not lay the isolation on the PIN 1 of the plug bar!
- At stationary operation it is convenient to strip the insulated cable interruption free and lay it on the isolation/protected earth conductor line.
- To fix the isolation tangles use cable clamps out of metal. The clamps must clasp the isolation extensively and have well contact.
- Lay the isolation on an isolation rail directly after the entry of the cable in the cabinet. Lead the isolation further on to your PLC and don't lay it on there again!



#### **CAUTION!**

### Please regard at installation!

At potential differences between the grounding points, there may be a compensation current via the isolation connected at both sides.

Remedy: Potential compensation line

General data

# 2.10 General data

Conformity and approval								
Conformity								
CE	2014/35/EU	Low-voltage directive						
	2014/30/EU	EMC directive						
Approval								
UL	-	Refer to Technical data						
others								
RoHS	2011/65/EU	Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment						

Protection of persons and device protection								
Type of protection	-	IP20						
Electrical isolation								
to the field bus	-	electrically isolated						
to the process level	-	electrically isolated						
Insulation resistance	-	-						
Insulation voltage to reference earth								
Inputs / outputs	-	AC / DC 50V, test voltage AC 500V						
Protective measures	-	against short circuit						

Environmental conditions to EN 61131-2									
Climatic									
Storage / transport	EN 60068-2-14	-25+70°C							
Operation									
Horizontal installation hanging	EN 61131-2	0+60°C							
Horizontal installation lying	EN 61131-2	0+55°C							
Vertical installation	EN 61131-2	0+50°C							
Air humidity	EN 60068-2-30	RH1 (without condensation, rel. humidity 1095%)							
Pollution	EN 61131-2	Degree of pollution 2							
Installation altitude max.	-	2000m							
Mechanical									
Oscillation	EN 60068-2-6	1g, 9Hz 150Hz							
Shock	EN 60068-2-27	15g, 11ms							

General data

Mounting conditions								
Mounting place	-	In the control cabinet						
Mounting position	-	Horizontal and vertical						

EMC	Standard		Comment					
Emitted interference	EN 61000-6-4		Class A (Industrial area)					
Noise immunity	EN 61000-6-2		Industrial area					
zone B		EN 61000-4-2	ESD					
			8kV at air discharge (degree of severity 3),					
			4kV at contact discharge (degree of severity 2)					
		EN 61000-4-3	HF field immunity (casing)					
			80MHz 1000MHz, 10V/m, 80% AM (1kHz)					
			1.4GHz 2.0GHz, 3V/m, 80% AM (1kHz)					
			2GHz 2.7GHz, 1V/m, 80% AM (1kHz)					
		EN 61000-4-6	HF conducted					
			150kHz 80MHz, 10V, 80% AM (1kHz)					
		EN 61000-4-4	Burst, degree of severity 3					
		EN 61000-4-5	Surge, degree of severity 3 *					

<sup>\*)</sup> Due to the high-energetic single pulses with Surge an appropriate external protective circuit with lightning protection elements like conductors for lightning and overvoltage is necessary.

VIPA System SLIO Analog Input

General

# 3 Analog Input

#### 3.1 General

#### Cables for analog signals

For analog signals you should use screened cables to reduce interference. The cable screening should be grounded at both ends. If there are differences in the potential between the cable ends, there may occur a potential compensating current that could disturb the analog signals. In this case you should ground the cable screening only at one end.

#### **Connecting sensors**

Depending on the module the following sensors may be connected to the analog input modules:

- Current sensor
- Voltage sensor
- Resistance-type sensors
- Temperature sensors

Please take care of the correct polarity when installing the sensors! Please install short circuits at non-used inputs by connecting the positive contact with the channel ground of the according channel.

#### **Parameterization**

The parameterization via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET happens by means of record sets (DS). The corresponding record set number may be found at the respective module description. Here also the indices (IX) respectively subindices (SX) for CANopen respectively EtherCAT are listed.

#### **Diagnostic functions**

The modules have diagnostics capability. The following errors can release a diagnostic:

- Error in parameterization
- Measuring range over-/underflow
- Wire break



#### Alternated blinking of the channel error LEDs

The alternate blinking of the channel error LEDs of channel 0 and 1 indicates a watchdog error due to a system overload. Restart with a power cycle your system. If the error occurred again, check configuration and circuit and adjust them if necessary. If the error persists, please contact our support.

Analog Input VIPA System SLIO

Measuring ranges and function numbers

### 3.2 Analog value

# Representation of analog values

Analog values are exclusively processed in a binary format. For this the analog module transforms every process signal into a digital value and transfers this as word. The analog values are displayed as a fixed-point number in the two's complement.

Resolution	Analog value															
	High byte (byte 0)								Low byte (byte 1)							
Bit number	15	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6							5	4	3	2	1	0		
Value	SG	214	2 <sup>13</sup>	<b>2</b> <sup>12</sup>	211	210	<b>2</b> <sup>9</sup>	28	27	2 <sup>6</sup>	<b>2</b> <sup>5</sup>	24	<b>2</b> <sup>3</sup>	<b>2</b> <sup>2</sup>	21	20
12Bit	SG	Measuring value 0 0 0														
15Bit	SG	SG Measuring value														

#### Resolution

With a resolution of 12bit plus sign bit, the not used low value positions (3bits) are filled with "0".

#### Sign bit (SG)

Here it is essential:

Bit 15 = "0": → positive value
 Bit 15 = "1": → negative value

#### Behavior at error

As soon as a measured value exceeds the overdrive region respectively falls below the underdrive region, the following value is issued:

- Measuring value > end of overdrive region: 32767 (7FFFh)
- Measuring value < end of underdrive region: -32768 (8000h)

At a parameterization error the value 32767 (7FFFh) is issued.

### 3.3 Measuring ranges and function numbers

#### General

In the following there are the measuring ranges with function number listed, which were supported by the corresponding analog module.

The here listed formulas allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range and vice versa.

Measuring ranges and function numbers

## Voltage

## -80 ... 80mV

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
-80 80mV	94.07mV	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 U
Siemens S7 format	80mV	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{80}$
(11h)	0V	0	0000h		
	-80mV	-27648	9400h		$U = D \cdot \frac{80}{27648}$
	-94.07mV	-32512	8100h	underrange	27648
-80 80mV	100mV	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16394 U
Siemens S5 format	80mV	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{80}$
(21h)	0V	0	0000h		
	-80mV	-16384	C000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{80}{16004}$
	-100mV	-20480	B000h	underrange	16384

## 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D = 27649
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27048
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384

Measuring ranges and function numbers

## ±10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D = 27648
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-5V	-13824	CA00h		2/048
	-10V	-27648	9400h		
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange	
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(22h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-5V	-8192	E000h		16384
	-10V	-16384	C000h		
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange	

Measuring ranges and function numbers

### Current

## 0(4) ... 20mA

Meas. range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)			
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 I
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h		
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{27648}$
	-3.52mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27648
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16204 I
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{1}{20}$
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h		
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{16384}$
	-4,00mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	16
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{27648} + 4$
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$T = D \cdot \frac{1}{27648} + 4$
	1.19mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	D = 10304 · <u>16</u>
S5 format	12mA	8192	2000h		. 16
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{16384} + 4$
	0.8mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	

## 0 ... 20mA / 4KM format

Meas. range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	<b>(1)</b>	(D)			
0 20mA	20.457mA	4095	0FFFh	overrange	D toos I
4KM format	20mA	4000	0FA0h	nominal range	$D = 4000 \cdot \frac{1}{20}$
(3Fh)	10mA	2000	07D0h		
	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{}$
				underrange	$1 - D \cdot \frac{1}{4000}$

Measuring ranges and function numbers

## Resistance

Measuring range	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
(funct. no.)			
2 wire: PT100	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(50h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
2 wire: PT1000	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(51h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
2 wire: NI100	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(52h)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+</b> 2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
2 wire: NI1000	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(53h)	-60 +250°C	-600 +2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
3 wire: PT100	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(58h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
3 wire: PT1000	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(59h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
3 wire: NI100	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(5Ah)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+</b> 2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
3 wire: NI1000	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(5Bh)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+</b> 2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
4 wire: PT100	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(60h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
4 wire: PT1000	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(61h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
4 wire: NI100	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(62h)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+</b> 2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
4 wire: NI1000	+295°C	+2950	overrange

Measuring ranges and function numbers

Measuring range	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
(funct. no.)			
(63h)	-60 +250°C	-600 +2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
2 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
(70h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(71h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(72h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
(78h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(79h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 3000 $\Omega$			overrange
(7Ah)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 60Ω			overrange
(80h)	0 60Ω	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(81h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(82h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
(90h)	0 60Ω	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(91h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange

Measuring ranges and function numbers

Measuring range	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
(funct. no.)			
2 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(92h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 30000	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 60Ω			overrange
(98h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(99h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 3000 $\Omega$			overrange
(9Ah)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 30000	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 60Ω			overrange
(A0h)	0 60Ω	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(A1h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(A2h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 30000	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $60\Omega$	$70.55\Omega$	32511	overrange
(D0h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $600\Omega$	$705.5\Omega$	32511	overrange
(D1h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$	$3528\Omega$	32511	overrange
(D2h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 60Ω	$70.55\Omega$	32511	overrange
(D8h)	0 60Ω	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 600Ω	705.5Ω	32511	overrange
(D9h)	0 600Ω	0 27648	nominal range

Measuring ranges and function numbers

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$	3528Ω	32511	overrange
(DAh)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 60Ω	$70.55\Omega$	32511	overrange
(E0h)	0 60Ω	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $600\Omega$	705.5Ω	32511	overrange
(E1h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$	3528Ω	32511	overrange
(E2h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange

## Temperature

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value in °C (0.1°C/digit)	Measuring value in °F (0.1°F/digit)	Measuring value in K (0.1K/digit)	Range
Type J:	+14500	26420	17232	overrange
[Fe-Cu-Ni IEC]	-2100 <b>+</b> 12000	-3460 21920	632 14732	nominal range
-210 +1200°C -346 2192°F 63.2 1473.2K (B0h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C0h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type K:	+16220	29516	18952	overrange
[Ni-Cr-Ni]	-2700 +13720	-4540 25016	0 16452	nominal range
-270 +1372°C -454 2501.6°F 0 1645.2K (B1h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C1h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type N:	+15500	28220	18232	overrange
[Ni-Cr-Si] -270 +1300°C -454 2372°F	-2700 <b>+</b> 13000	-4540 23720	0 15732	nominal range

Measuring ranges and function numbers

Measuring range	Measuring value in °C	Measuring value in °F	Measuring value in K	Range
(funct. no.)	(0.1°C/digit)	(0.1°F/digit)	(0.1K/digit)	
0 1573.2K (B2h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C2h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type R:	+20190	32766	22922	overrange
[PtRh-Pt]	-500 +17690	-580 32162	2232 20422	nominal range
-50 +1769°C -58 3216.2°F 223.2 2042.2K (B3h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C3h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1700	-2740	1032	underrange
Type S:	+20190	32766	22922	overrange
[PtRh-Pt]	-500 +17690	-580 32162	2232 20422	nominal range
-50 +1769°C -58 3216.2°F 223.2 2042.2K (B4h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C4h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1700	-2740	1032	underrange
Type T:	+5400	10040	8132	overrange
[Cu-Cu-Ni]	-2700 +4000	-4540 7520	32 6732	nominal range
-270 +400°C -454 752°F 3.2 673.2K (B5h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C5h: int. comp. 0°C)			<del></del>	underrange
Type B:	+20700	32766	23432	overrange
[PtRh-PtRh]	0 +18200	320 27865	2732 20932	nominal range
0 +1820°C 32 2786.5°F 273.2 2093.2K (B6h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C6h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1200	-1840	1532	underrange
Type C:	+25000	32766	23432	overrange
[WRe5-WRe26]	0 +23150	320 27865	2732 20932	nominal range
0 +2315°C 32 2786.5°F 273.2 2093.2K (B7h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C7h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1200	-1840	1532	underrange

Measuring ranges and function numbers

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value in °C (0.1°C/digit)	Measuring value in °F (0.1°F/digit)	Measuring value in K (0.1K/digit)	Range
Type E:	+12000	21920	14732	overrange
[Ni-Cr - Cu-Ni ]	-2700 +10000	-4540 18320	0 12732	nominal range
-270 +1000°C -454 1832°F 0 1273.2K (B8h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C8h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type L:	+11500	21020	14232	overrange
[Fe-Cu-Ni]	-2000 +9000	-3280 16520	732 11732	nominal range
-200 +900°C -328 1652°F 73.2 1173.2K (B9h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C9h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange

031-1BB10 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO

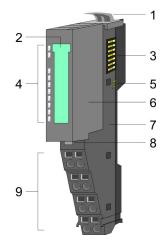
## 3.4 031-1BB10 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. The sensor supplies are isolated from each other and via DC/DC converter from the DC 24V power supply.

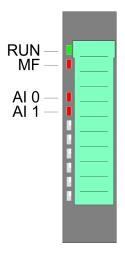
- 2 galvanically separated analog inputs
- Integrated sensor supply for each channel max. 35mA, (short circuit to 39mA)
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 20mA; 4 ... 20mA
- Interrupt and diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

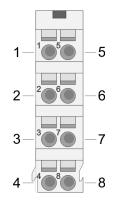
#### Status indication



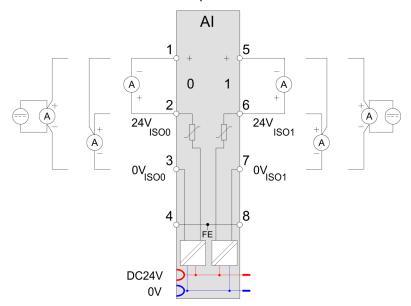
RUN green	MF red	Al x ☐ red	Description
		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK
•	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error
		X	Bus communication is not possible  Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
•		•	<ul> <li>Error channel x</li> <li>Signal leaves measuring range</li> <li>Error in parameterization</li> <li>Overload/short circuit of the DC 24V_ISO</li> </ul>
not relevant:	X		

031-1BB10 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	1	+ Channel 0
2	24V_ISO_0	0	DC 24V encoder supply Channel 0
3	0V_ISO_0	0	Ground channel 0
4	FE		Shield
5	Al 1	1	+ Channel 1
6	24V_ISO_1	0	DC 24V encoder supply Channel 1
7	0V_ISO_1	0	Ground Channel 1
8	FE		Shield

I: Input, O: Output

#### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

## Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

## Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

031-1BB10 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO > Technical data

## 3.4.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB10
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0411 1543
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	50 mA
Power loss	0.7 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Voltage inputs	-
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	-
Input voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	-
Current inputs	✓
Max. input resistance (current range)	60 Ω
Input current ranges	+4 mA +20 mA
	0 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.5%
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.3%
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	max. 24V
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	max. 40mA
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-

031-1BB10 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB10
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	12
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	1.15 ms all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB (UCM<20V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	✓

031-1BB10 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB10
Between channels of groups to	1
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Technical data encoder supply	
Number of outputs	2
Output voltage (typ)	+24 V (-1.5 V)
Output voltage (rated value)	35 mA
Short-circuit protection	yes, electronic
Binding of potential	corresponding analog input
Datasizes	
Input bytes	4
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	20
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	65 g
Weight including accessories	65 g
Gross weight	79 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1BB10 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO > Parameter data

## 3.4.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX	
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostics*	00h	00h	3100h	01h	
SHORT_EN	1	Monitoring of sensor voltage*	00h	00h	3101h	02h	
LIMIT_EN	1	Limit value monitoring*	00h	00h	3102h	03h	
RES	1	reserved*	00h	00h	3103h	04h	
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3104h	05h	
CH0FO	1	Function option channel 0	00h	80h	3105h	06h	
CH0UL	2	Upper limit value channel 0	7FFFh	80h	3106h31 07h	07h	
CH0LL	2	Lower limit value channel 0	8000h	80h	3108h31 09h	08h	
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	310Ah	09h	
CH1FO	1	Function option channel 1	00h	81h	310Bh	0Ah	
CH1UL	2	Upper limit value channel 1	7FFFh	81h	310Ch31 0Dh	0Bh	
CH1LL	2	Lower limit value channel 1	8000h	81h	310Eh31 0Fh	0Ch	
* This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.							

# **DIAG\_EN Diagnostic inter-**rupt

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

# SHORT\_EN Monitoring sensor voltage

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Monitoring of sensor voltage channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Monitoring of sensor voltage channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

# LIMIT\_EN Limit value monitoring

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit value monitoring channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit value monitoring channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1BB10 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO > Parameter data

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is disabled and disabled the respective sensor supply. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

## 0(4) ... 20mA

Meas. range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	<b>(1)</b>	(D)			
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 I
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h		
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{27648}$
	-3.52mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27648
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16204 I
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h		
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{16384}$
	-4,00mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	16
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{27648} + 4$
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{1}{27648} + 4$
	1.19mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens S5 format	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	D = 10364 · <u>16</u>
	12mA	8192	2000h		16
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{16384} + 4$
	0.8mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	

#### 0 ... 20mA / 4KM format

Meas. range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)			
0 20mA	20.457mA	4095	0FFFh	overrange	D toos I
4KM format	20mA	4000	0FA0h	nominal range	$D = 4000 \cdot \frac{1}{20}$
(3Fh)	10mA	2000	07D0h		
	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{}$
				underrange	$1 - D \cdot \frac{1}{4000}$

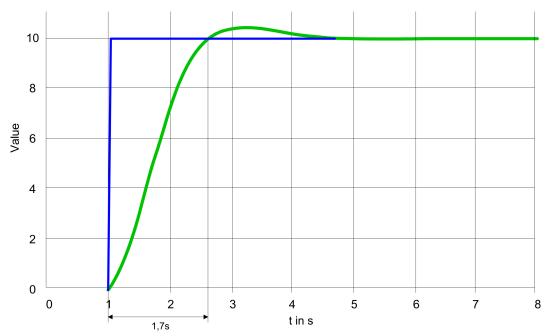
031-1BB10 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO > Parameter data

## CHxFO Function option channel x

As function option for each channel a time constant x10ms may be preset for a low-pass filter. This is a second-order Butterworth filter. Here frequencies, which lie above the critical frequency, can be filtered. The setting for interference suppression (SFU) of 50Hz respectively 60Hz is 200ms respectively 170ms.

Range of values: 0 ... 250 (0 = deactivated)

The following diagram shows the transient behavior of the filter with a time constant of 500ms. Here the filter reaches the desired value after 1700ms for the first time.



CHxUL CHxLL Upper limit value Lower limit value channel x

For each channel an *upper* and a *lower limit* may be defined. Here only values of the nominal range may be preset, otherwise you receive a parameterization error. By presetting 7FFFh for the upper respectively 8000h for the lower limit value the corresponding limit is deactivated. As soon as the measuring value is beyond the limits and the limit value monitoring is activated, a process interrupt is initialized.

031-1BB10 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO > Diagnostics and interrupt

### 3.4.3 Diagnostics and interrupt

Event	Process interrupt	Diagnostics interrupt	parameterizable
Error in project engineering / parameterization	-	X	-
Measuring range overflow	-	X	-
Measuring range underflow	-	X	-
Limit overflow	X	-	X
Limit underflow	X	-	X
diagnostics buffer overflow	-	X	-
Process interrupt lost	-	X	-
Sensor voltage monitoring	-	X	-

#### **Process interrupt**

So you may react to asynchronous events, there is the possibility to activate a process interrupt. A process interrupt interrupts the linear program sequence and jumps depending on the master system to a corresponding Interrupt routine. Here you can react to the process interrupt accordingly.

With CANopen the process interrupt data a transferred via an emergency telegram.

Operating with CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the process interrupt data were transferred via diagnostics telegram.

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5000h

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	SX
PRIT_OL	1	Upper limit overflow channel x	00h	02h
PRIT_UL	1	Lower limit underflow channel x	00h	03h
PRIT_US	2	μs-Ticker	00h	04h (high byte)
				05h (low byte)

#### PRIT\_OL upper limit overflow

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Upper limit overflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Upper limit overflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>	

#### PRIT\_UL Limit underflow

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Lower limit underflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Lower limit underflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>	

031-1BB10 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO > Diagnostics and interrupt

## PRIT\_US µs-Ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	16bit µs value at the moment of the interrupt

#### μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a 32 bit timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ -1 $\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again. PRIT\_US represents the lower 2 byte of the  $\mu$ s ticker value (0 ...  $2^{16}$ -1).

#### Diagnostic data

Via the parameterization you may activate a diagnostic interrupt for the module. With a diagnostics interrupt the module serves for diagnostics data for diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$ . As soon as the reason for releasing a diagnostic interrupt is no longer present, the diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$  automatically takes place. All events of a channel between diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$  and diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$  are not stored and get lost. Within this time window (1. diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$  until last diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$ ) the MF-LED of the module is on.

- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
RES2	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific	00h			0Ah
		error channel 0				
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific	00h			0Bh
		error channel 1				
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

031-1BB10 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO > Diagnostics and interrupt

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

## **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

031-1BB10 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - ISO > Diagnostics and interrupt

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0
	■ Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1
	■ Bit 7 2: reserved

### CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0					
0	Channel-specific error: Channel x:					
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at project engineering/parameterization error</li> <li>Bit 1: raw value above the permissible range</li> <li>Bit 2: raw value below the acceptable range</li> <li>Bit 3: reserved</li> <li>Bit 4: error sensor supply voltage</li> <li>Bit 5: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>					

# CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BB30 - AI 2x12Bit 0...10V

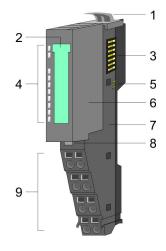
## 3.5 031-1BB30 - AI 2x12Bit 0...10V

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

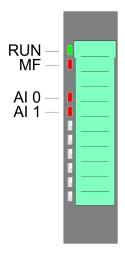
- 2 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

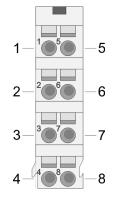
#### **Status indication**



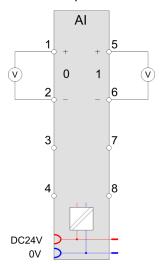
RUN green	MF red	Al x <b>■</b> red	Description
•		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK
•	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error
	•	X	Bus communication is not possible  Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♦ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
•		•	<ul><li>Error channel x</li><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>
not relevant:	Х		

031-1BB30 - AI 2x12Bit 0...10V

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	1	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	1	Ground Channel 0
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7			not connected
8			not connected

I: Input

#### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

#### Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

031-1BB30 - AI 2x12Bit 0...10V > Technical data

## 3.5.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB30
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0401 15C3
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	80 mA
Power loss	0.7 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Voltage inputs	✓
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	100 kΩ
Input voltage ranges	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.3%
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	max. 30V
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Input current ranges	-
Input current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges	-
•	- -
Operational limit of current ranges	- - -
Operational limit of current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	- - -
Operational limit of current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges with SFU  Basic error limit current ranges	
Operational limit of current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges with SFU  Basic error limit current ranges  Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	
Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	
Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	
Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs	
Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges	
Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges	
Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	
Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU Basic error limit	

031-1BB30 - AI 2x12Bit 0...10V > Technical data

Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	Order no.	031-1BB30
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU SEU Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU  - Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs  Thermocouple inputs  Thermocouple ranges  Operational limit of thermocouple ranges   Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges  Basic error limit thermocouple inputs  - Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  Programmable temperature compensation  External temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  - Internal temperature error internal compensation  Temperature error internal compensation  Temperature error internal compensation  1 2  Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  yes  Interrupts  no  Diagnostic interrupt  no  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  red LED  Channel error display  red LED  Channel error display  red LED  Channel error display  red LED	Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU  Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs  Thermocouple inputs  Thermocouple ranges  Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  Programmable temperature compensation  External temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Temperature error internal compensation  Temperature error internal compensation  Technical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  12  Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  no  Process alarm  no  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  red LED  Head Thermocouple inputs  Process alarm  Resolution on possible  Module error display  red LED  Resolution indicated inputs  Process alarm  Resolution on possible  Module error display  Resolution on possible  Module error display  Resolution or possible  Module error dis	Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs Thermocouple inputs Thermocouple ranges	Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Thermocouple inputs Thermocouple ranges Coperational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU Coperational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU Coperational limit thermoelement ranges Coperational limit of thermoelement ranges Coperational limit of thermoelement ranges Coperational limit of temperature compensation Coperational limitor limit demperature compensation Cope	Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Thermocouple ranges Operational limit of thermocouple ranges Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU Basic error limit thermoelement ranges Basic error limit thermoelement ranges Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU Destruction limit thermocouple inputs Programmable temperature compensation External temperature compensation Internal temperature compensation Internal temperature compensation Internal temperature error internal compensation Fexical unit of temperature measurement Resolution in bit 12 Measurement principle Basic conversion time 2 ms all channels Noise suppression for frequency Status information, alarms, diagnostics Status display Interrupts No Process alarm No Diagnostic interrupt No Diagnostic functions Diagnostics information read-out Module state Module error display Resulted Temperature in the module of the process of the composition of the possible Module error display Resulted Temperature in the module of the process of the composition of the possible Module error display Resulted Temperature in the module of the process of the composition of the possible Module error display Resulted Temperature in the module of the process of the composition of the possible Module error display Resulted Temperature in the module of the process of the composition of the process of the composition of the process of the proce	Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU Basic error limit thermoelement ranges Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU Destruction limit thermocouple inputs Programmable temperature compensation External temperature compensation Internal temperature compensation Internal temperature compensation  Femperature error internal compensation  Femperat	Thermocouple inputs	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  Programmable temperature compensation  External temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  - Carbon compensation  Temperature error internal compensation  Technical unit of temperature measurement  - Resolution in bit  Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  yes  Interrupts  no  Diagnostic interrupt  no  Diagnostic functions  pussible  Module state  Module error display  red LED  Channel error display  red LED per channel	Thermocouple ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges Basic error limit thermocouple inputs  - Destruction limit thermocouple inputs - Programmable temperature compensation - External temperature compensation - Internal temperature compensation - Temperature error internal compensation - Technical unit of temperature measurement - Resolution in bit  Measurement principle Basic conversion time 2 ms all channels Noise suppression for frequency Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  no Diagnostic interrupt no Diagnostic interrupt Diagnostic information read-out Module state Module error display  red LED Channel error display  - Channel error display - Channe	Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  - Programmable temperature compensation  External temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation	Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs - Programmable temperature compensation - External temperature compensation - Internal temperature compensation - Temperature error internal compensation - Technical unit of temperature measurement - Resolution in bit 12 Measurement principle Basic conversion time 2 ms all channels Noise suppression for frequency - Status information, alarms, diagnostics Status display Interrupts no Diagnostic interrupt no Diagnostic functions Diagnostics information read-out Module state Module error display red LED Channel error display	Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Programmable temperature compensation  External temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Temperature error internal compensation  Technical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  12  Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  red LED  Channel error display  red LED per channel	Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
External temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Temperature error internal compensation  Technical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  12  Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  red LED  Channel error display	Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Internal temperature compensation  Temperature error internal compensation  Technical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  12  Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  no  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  red LED  Channel error display	Programmable temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation  Technical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  12  Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  Fred LED  Channel error display  - 12  Successive approximation  2 ms all channels  Successive approximation  9 consider approximation  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  1	External temperature compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  12  Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  red LED  Channel error display  12  12  12  12  12  12  12  12  12  1	Internal temperature compensation	-
Resolution in bit  Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  Pred LED  Channel error display  12  Successive approximation  2 ms all channels  950dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)  750dB at 50Hz (UC	Temperature error internal compensation	-
Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  red LED  Channel error display  successive approximation  2 ms all channels  successive approximation  2 ms all channels  successive approximation  2 ms all channels  3 ms all channels  10 mo  2 ms all channels  10 mo  10 mo	Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Basic conversion time 2 ms all channels  Noise suppression for frequency >50dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display yes Interrupts no  Process alarm no Diagnostic interrupt no Diagnostic functions yes Diagnostics information read-out possible Module state green LED  Module error display red LED  Channel error display red LED per channel	Resolution in bit	12
Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  Possible  Fred LED  Fred LED  Fred LED per channel  Fred LED per channel	Measurement principle	successive approximation
Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  Channel error display  yes  yes  possible  green LED  red LED  red LED per channel	Basic conversion time	2 ms all channels
Status display  Interrupts  no  Process alarm  no  Diagnostic interrupt  no  Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  Channel error display  yes  no  no  possible  green LED  red LED  red LED per channel	Noise suppression for frequency	>50dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)
Interrupts no Process alarm no Diagnostic interrupt no Diagnostic functions yes Diagnostics information read-out possible Module state green LED Module error display red LED Channel error display red LED per channel	Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Process alarm Diagnostic interrupt no Diagnostic functions yes Diagnostics information read-out Module state green LED Module error display red LED Channel error display red LED per channel	Status display	yes
Diagnostic interrupt no  Diagnostic functions yes  Diagnostics information read-out possible  Module state green LED  Module error display red LED  Channel error display red LED per channel	Interrupts	no
Diagnostic functions  Diagnostics information read-out  Module state  Module error display  Channel error display  red LED  red LED per channel	Process alarm	no
Diagnostics information read-out possible  Module state green LED  Module error display red LED  Channel error display red LED per channel	Diagnostic interrupt	no
Module state green LED  Module error display red LED  Channel error display red LED per channel	Diagnostic functions	yes
Module error display red LED  Channel error display red LED per channel	Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Channel error display red LED per channel	Module state	green LED
	Module error display	red LED
Isolation	Channel error display	red LED per channel
	Isolation	
Between channels -	Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to -	Between channels of groups to	-

031-1BB30 - AI 2x12Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

Order no.	031-1BB30
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 2 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	4
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	6
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	59 g
Weight including accessories	59 g
Gross weight	74 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

## 3.5.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1BB30 - AI 2x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	10h	80h	3100h	01h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	10h	81h	3101h	02h

# CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

#### 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D = 27649
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27048
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384

#### 3.5.3 Diagnostic data

This module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1BB30 - Al 2x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h 2F01h		02h
MODTYP	1	Module information				03h
ERR_C	1	reserved 00h			04h	
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits	08h			07h
р		per channel				
NUMCH	1	Number of channels	02h			08h
		of a module				
CHERR	1	Channel error 00h				09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error	00h			0Ah
		channel 0				
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error	00h			0Bh
		channel 1				
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved 00h 0C		0Ch 11h		
DIAG_US	AG_US 4 µs ticker 00h				13h	

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1BB30 - AI 2x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>			

### CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error channel x:			
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 5 1: reserved</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>			

# CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer (µs ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ -1µs the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BB40 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

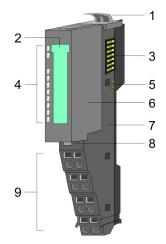
## 3.6 031-1BB40 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

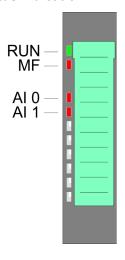
- 2 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 20mA;
  - 4 ... 20mA with external supply
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

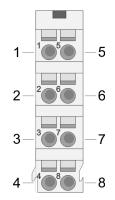
#### Status indication



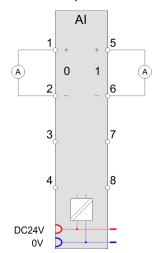
RUN green	MF red	Al x	Description
•		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK
	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error
		X	Bus communication is not possible  Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
•		•	<ul><li>Error channel x</li><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>
not relevant: X			

031-1BB40 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	1	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7			not connected
8			not connected

I: Input



If a 2wire measuring transducer is used, you have to connect in line an external power supply.

#### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

031-1BB40 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

## Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

## 3.6.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB40
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0402 15C3
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	80 mA
Power loss	0.7 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Voltage inputs	
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	
Input voltage ranges	
Operational limit of voltage ranges	
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	
Basic error limit voltage ranges	
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	
Destruction limit voltage	-
Current inputs	✓
Max. input resistance (current range)	110 Ω
Input current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.3% +/-0.5%
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.2% +/-0.3%
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	max. 24V
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	max. 40mA
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-

031-1BB40 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB40
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	12
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	2 ms all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>50dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel

031-1BB40 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB40
Isolation	
Between channels	
Between channels of groups to	
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 2 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	4
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	6
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	59 g
Weight including accessories	59 g
Gross weight	74 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1BB40 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

#### 3.6.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3100h	01h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	3101h	02h

# CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

#### 0(4) ... 20mA

Meas. range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas		
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)					
0 20mA Siemens	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 I		
	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$		
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h				
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{27648}$		
	-3.52mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27648		
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16204 I		
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{1}{20}$		
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h				
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{16384}$		
	-4,00mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384		
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$		
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	D = 27048 · 16		
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{27648} + 4$		
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$T = D \cdot \frac{1}{27648} + 4$		
	1.19mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange			
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$		
Siemens S5 format (40h)	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 10364 \cdot \frac{16}{16}$		
	12mA	8192	2000h		. 16		
	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{16384} + 4$		
	0.8mA	-3277	F333h	underrange			

031-1BB40 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

### 3.6.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits	08h			07h
		per channel				
NUMCH	1	Number of channels	02h			08h
		of a module				
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error	00h			0Ah
		channel 0				
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error	00h			0Bh
		channel 1				
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

031-1BB40 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Bit 6: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 3 0: module class  — 0101b analog module
	■ Bit 4: set at channel information present ■ Bit 7 5: reserved

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 2 0: reserved
	Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow
	Bit 4: set at internal communication error
	■ Bit 7 5: reserved

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0					
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>					

### **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0				
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> </ul>				
	■ Bit 7 2: reserved				

031-1BB40 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

#### CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error channel x:			
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 5 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>			

## CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

#### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

#### μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BB60 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - Sensor

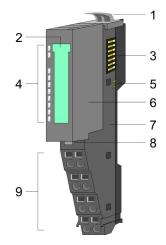
## 3.7 031-1BB60 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - Sensor

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are isolated to the backplane bus.

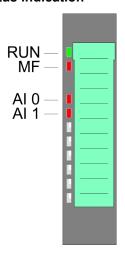
- 2 analog inputs
- Integrated sensor supply
- Suited for sensors with 0(4) ... 20mA with external supply
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

#### Status indication



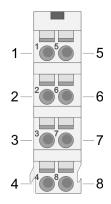
RUN	MF	Al x	Description
green	red	red	Bescription
		Х	Bus communication is OK
		^	Module status is OK
	_	X	Bus communication is OK
		^	Module status reports an error
		X	Bus communication is not possible
		^	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration <i>⇔</i> Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			<ul><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>
not relevant: X			

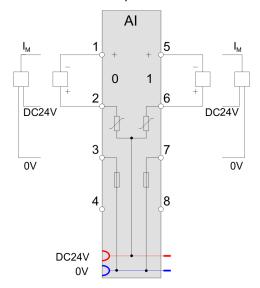
If the terminal module is not yet wired, when the module is power supplied the AI  $\times$  LEDs get on due to the default parameterization 4 ... 20mA.

031-1BB60 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - Sensor

#### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	DC 24V	0	DC 24V for sensor Channel 0
3	0V	0	Ground for sensor
			(with 3 wire measurement)
4			not connected
5	+AI 0	1	+ Channel 0
6	DC 24V	0	DC 24V for sensor Channel 1
7	0V	0	Ground for sensor
			(with 3 wire measurement)
8			not connected

I: Input, O: Output

#### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

#### Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

031-1BB60 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - Sensor > Technical data

## 3.7.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB60
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0407 15C3
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	50 mA
Power loss	0.7 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Voltage inputs	-
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	-
Input voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	-
Current inputs	✓
Max. input resistance (current range)	110 Ω
Input current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.5%
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.3%
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	max. 24V
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	max. 40mA
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	

031-1BB60 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - Sensor > Technical data

ce thermometer inputs - ce thermometer ranges - nal limit of resistance thermometer ranges - nal limit of resistance thermometer ranges with -	
nal limit of resistance thermometer ranges -	
nal limit of resistance thermometer ranges with -	
or limit thermoresistor ranges -	
or limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU -	
on limit resistance thermometer inputs -	
ouple inputs -	
ouple ranges -	
nal limit of thermocouple ranges -	
nal limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU -	
or limit thermoelement ranges -	
or limit thermoelement ranges with SFU -	
on limit thermocouple inputs -	
nable temperature compensation -	
remperature compensation -	
emperature compensation -	
ure error internal compensation -	
unit of temperature measurement -	
n in bit	12
ment principle su	successive approximation
oversion time 2	2 ms all channels
opression for frequency >5	>50dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)
formation, alarms, diagnostics	
splay	/es
nc	no
alarm	no
c interrupt no	no
c functions ye	/es
cs information read-out pc	possible
tate gr	green LED
rror display re	red LED
error display re	red LED per channel
channels -	

031-1BB60 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - Sensor > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB60
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	-
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Technical data encoder supply	
Number of outputs	2
Output voltage (typ)	L+ (-250 mV)
Output voltage (rated value)	50 mA
Short-circuit protection	Multifuse 0.1 A
Binding of potential	Field voltage DC 24V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	4
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	6
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	58 g
Weight including accessories	58 g
Gross weight	72 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1BB60 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - Sensor > Parameter data

#### 3.7.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	30h	80h	3100h	01h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	30h	81h	3101h	02h

## **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

#### 0(4) ... 20mA

Meas. range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas	
(funct. no.)	(I)	(D)				
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 I	
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{1}{20}$	
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h			
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{27648}$	
	-3.52mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27648	
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 I	
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{1}{20}$	
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h			
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{16384}$	
	-4,00mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384	
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$	
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	16	
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{27648} + 4$	
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$T = D \cdot \frac{1}{27648} + 4$	
	1.19mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange		
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$	
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	16	
S5 format	12mA	8192	2000h		16	
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{16384} + 4$	
	0.8mA	-3277	F333h	underrange		

031-1BB60 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - Sensor > Diagnostic data

#### 3.7.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits	08h			07h
		per channel				
NUMCH	1	Number of channels	02h			08h
		of a module				
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific	00h			0Ah
		error channel 0				
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific	00h			0Bh
		error channel 1				
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

031-1BB60 - AI 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - Sensor > Diagnostic data

### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 3 0: module class  — 0101b analog module
	■ Bit 4: set at channel information present ■ Bit 7 5: reserved

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> </ul>
	■ Bit 7 5: reserved

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>■ Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>■ Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

### **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0				
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> </ul>				
	■ Bit 7 2: reserved				

031-1BB60 - Al 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA - Sensor > Diagnostic data

#### CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0					
0	Channel-specific error channel x:					
	■ Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error ■ Bit 5 1: reserved					
	■ Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow					
	■ Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow					

## CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

#### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

#### µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BB70 - AI 2x12Bit ±10V

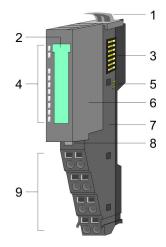
#### 3.8 031-1BB70 - AI 2x12Bit ±10V

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

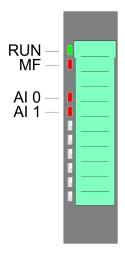
- 2 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with ±10V, 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

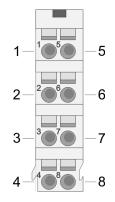
#### Status indication



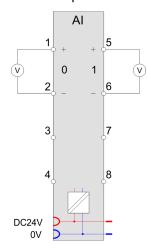
RUN green	MF red	Al x <b>■</b> red	Description
•		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK
•	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error
	•	X	Bus communication is not possible  Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♦ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
•		•	<ul><li>Error channel x</li><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>
not relevant:	Х		

031-1BB70 - AI 2x12Bit ±10V

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7			not connected
8			not connected

I: Input

#### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

#### Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

031-1BB70 - Al 2x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

## 3.8.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB70
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0408 15C3
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	50 mA
Power loss	0.5 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Voltage inputs	✓
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	100 kΩ
Input voltage ranges	-10 V +10 V
	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.3%
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	max. 30V
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Input current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-

031-1BB70 - AI 2x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB70
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	12
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	2 ms all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>50dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-

031-1BB70 - Al 2x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB70
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 2 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	4
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	6
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	60 g
Weight including accessories	60 g
Gross weight	74 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1BB70 - Al 2x12Bit ±10V > Parameter data

#### 3.8.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	12h	80h	3100h	01h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	12h	81h	3101h	02h

## **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

#### **±10V**

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D = 27649
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-5V	-13824	CA00h		27046
	-10V	-27648	9400h		
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange	
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(22h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-5V	-8192	E000h		16384
	-10V	-16384	C000h		
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange	

031-1BB70 - AI 2x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

#### 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 U
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27046
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384

#### 3.8.3 Diagnostic data

This module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h

031-1BB70 - Al 2x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

### **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

031-1BB70 - AI 2x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

#### CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 5 1: reserved</li> </ul>
	■ Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow ■ Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow

## CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC

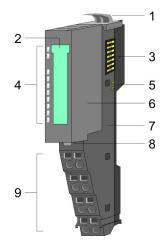
#### 3.9 031-1BB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 inputs for temperature and voltage measuring with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are isolated to the backplane bus.

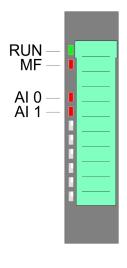
- 2 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with type J, K, N, R, S, T, B, C, E, L and for voltage measuring ± 80mV
- Interrupt and diagnostics function
- 16bit resolution
- Internal temperature compensation
- High potential gradient of DC140V/AC60V between the inputs

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

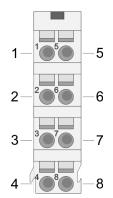
#### Status indication



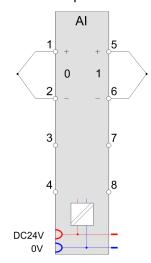
RUN	MF	Al x	Description
green	red	red	Description
		X	Bus communication is OK
			Module status is OK
		V	Bus communication is OK
		X	Module status reports an error
		X	Bus communication is not possible
		^	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration <i>⇔</i> Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			<ul><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li><li>Wire break (if parameterized)</li></ul>
not relevant: X			

031-1BB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+TC 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-TC 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	+TC 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-TC 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7			not connected
8			not connected

I: Input



#### **CAUTION!**

Please consider that the electronic module AI 2x16Bit TC may exclusively be used together with the terminal module 001-0AA20!



Please take care of the correct polarity when installing the sensors! Please install short circuits at non-used inputs by connecting the positive contact with the channel ground of the according channel.

## Supplementation to the installation guidelines

To avoid variations in temperature within the module, which may affect the accuracy of the measurement, you should consider the following points when assembling:

- Do not arrange the module directly apart from a power module with a high feeding current.
- Do not install the module at the end of a line.
- The module should be in a static condition, i.e. the temperature should be as constant as possible in the environment of your module (closed switchgear cabinet free from air draught).
- The accuracy is reached after approx. 30 minutes after entering the static condition.

031-1BB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC

#### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

#### Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

031-1BB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Technical data

## 3.9.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB90
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0403 1543
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	85 mA
Power loss	1.1 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	30 mA
Voltage inputs	-
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	10 ΜΩ
Input voltage ranges	-80 mV +80 mV
Operational limit of voltage ranges	±0.3%
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	±0.1%
Basic error limit voltage ranges	±0.25%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	±0.05%
Destruction limit voltage	max. 20V
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Input current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	
	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs	- - -
	- - -
Resistance inputs	- - - -
Resistance inputs Resistance ranges	
Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges	
Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	
Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU Basic error limit	

031-1BB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB90
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	✓
Thermocouple ranges	type B type C type E type J type K type L type N type R type S type T
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	Type E, L, T, J, K, N: ±2.5K / Type B, C, R, S: ±8.0K
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	Type E, L, T, J, K, N: ±1.5K / Type B, C, R, S: ±4.0K
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	Type E, L, T, J, K, N: ±2.0K / Type B, C, R, S: ±7.0K
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	Type E, L, T, J, K, N: ±1.0K / Type B, C, R, S: ±3.0K
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	max. 20V
Programmable temperature compensation	✓
External temperature compensation	✓
Internal temperature compensation	✓
Temperature error internal compensation	1 K
Technical unit of temperature measurement	°C, °F, K
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	Sigma-Delta
Basic conversion time	4.2324.1 ms (50 Hz) 3.8270.5 ms (60 Hz) per channel
Noise suppression for frequency	>90dB at 50Hz (UCM<10V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes
Process alarm	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable

031-1BB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Technical data

tics information read-out state error display error display	yes possible green LED red LED red LED per channel
error display reror display	green LED red LED red LED per channel
error display rerror display r	red LED red LED per channel
error display	red LED per channel
n	
channels -	-
channels of groups to	-
channels and backplane bus	✓
channels and power supply -	-
tential difference between circuits -	-
tential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
tential difference between Mana and Mintern -	-
tential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
tential difference between inputs and Mintern	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
tential difference between Mintern and outputs -	-
n tested with	DC 500 V
es	
tes	4
oytes (	0
er bytes 2	22
tic bytes 2	20
F	PPE / PPE GF10
g	Profile rail 35 mm
ical data	
ons (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
yht ę	58 g
ncluding accessories	58 g
eight 7	72 g
mental conditions	
g temperature (	0 °C to 60 °C
temperature -	-25 °C to 70 °C
ations	

031-1BB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BB90
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

The indicated error limits are valid starting from the following temperatures:

- Thermoelement type T: -200 °C
- Thermoelement type K: -100 °C
- Thermoelement type B: +700 °C
- Thermoelement type N: -150 °C
- Thermoelement type E: -150 °C
- Thermoelement type R: +200 °C
- Thermoelement type S: +100 °C
- Thermoelement type J: -100 °C

SFU: Interference frequency suppression

031-1BB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Parameter data

#### 3.9.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostics*	00h	00h	3100h	01h
WIBRK_EN	1	Wire break recognition*	00h	00h	3101h	02h
LIMIT_EN	1	Limit value monitoring*	00h	00h	3102h	03h
RES3	1	reserved*	00h	00h	3103h	04h
TEMPCNF	1	Temperature system	00h	01h	3104h	05h
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	02h	01h	3105h	06h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	C1h	80h	3106h	07h
CH0FO	1	Function option channel 0	02h	80h	3107h	08h
CH0UL	2	Upper limit value channel 0	7FFFh	80h	3108h3109 h	09h
CH0LL	2	Lower limit value channel 0	8000h	80h	310Ah310B h	0Ah
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	C1h	81h	310Ch	0Bh
CH1FO	1	Function option channel 1	02h	81h	310Dh	0Ch
CH1UL	2	Upper limit value channel 1	7FFFh	81h	310Eh310F h	0Dh
CH1LL	2	Lower limit value channel 1	8000h	81h	3110h3111h	0Eh
* This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.						

## **DIAG\_EN Diagnostic inter-**rupt

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>O0h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

031-1BB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Parameter data

## WIBRK\_EN Wire break recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Wire break recognition channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Wire break recognition channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>		



Due to the high sensitivity of the inputs, unused inputs should be deactivated in the parametrization. Due to the high input impedance, open inputs can be influenced by adjacent channels or due to the measuring method during wire break detection. Since the entire measuring range moves in the mV range, open-loop inputs can already cause measuring range overshoots.

## LIMIT\_EN Limit value monitoring

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit value monitoring channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit value monitoring channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>		

#### TEMPCNF Temperature system

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 0, 1: Temperature system  - 00: °C  - 01: °F  - 10: K  ■ Bit 7 2: reserved

# SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0, 1: Interference frequency suppression</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>		

## CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module.

With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated.

031-1BB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Parameter data

## Voltage

## -80 ... 80mV

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
-80 80mV	94.07mV	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 U
Siemens S7 format	80mV	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{80}$
(11h)	0V	0	0000h		
	-80mV	-27648	9400h		$U = D \cdot \frac{80}{27648}$
	-94.07mV	-32512	8100h	underrange	2/648
-80 80mV	100mV	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	80mV	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{80}$
(21h)	0V	0	0000h		
	-80mV	-16384	C000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{80}{16204}$
	-100mV	-20480	B000h	underrange	16384

## Temperature

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value in °C (0.1°C/digit)	Measuring value in °F (0.1°F/digit)	Measuring value in K (0.1K/digit)	Range
Type J:	+14500	26420	17232	overrange
[Fe-Cu-Ni IEC]	-2100 +12000	-3460 21920	632 14732	nominal range
-210 +1200°C -346 2192°F 63.2 1473.2K (B0h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C0h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type K:	+16220	29516	18952	overrange
[Ni-Cr-Ni]	-2700 +13720	-4540 25016	0 16452	nominal range
-270 +1372°C -454 2501.6°F 0 1645.2K (B1h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C1h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type N:	+15500	28220	18232	overrange
[Ni-Cr-Si] -270 +1300°C -454 2372°F 0 1573.2K (B2h: ext. comp. 0°C)	-2700 +13000	-4540 23720	0 15732	nominal range

031-1BB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Parameter data

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value in °C (0.1°C/digit)	Measuring value in °F (0.1°F/digit)	Measuring value in K (0.1K/digit)	Range
(C2h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type R:	+20190	32766	22922	overrange
[PtRh-Pt]	-500 <b>+17690</b>	-580 32162	2232 20422	nominal range
-50 +1769°C -58 3216.2°F 223.2 2042.2K (B3h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C3h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1700	-2740	1032	underrange
Type S:	+20190	32766	22922	overrange
[PtRh-Pt]	-500 <b>+</b> 17690	-580 32162	2232 20422	nominal range
-50 +1769°C -58 3216.2°F 223.2 2042.2K (B4h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C4h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1700	-2740	1032	underrange
Type T:	+5400	10040	8132	overrange
[Cu-Cu-Ni]	-2700 +4000	-4540 7520	32 6732	nominal range
-270 +400°C -454 752°F 3.2 673.2K (B5h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C5h: int. comp. 0°C)			<del></del>	underrange
Type B:	+20700	32766	23432	overrange
[PtRh-PtRh]	0 +18200	320 27865	2732 20932	nominal range
0 +1820°C 32 2786.5°F 273.2 2093.2K (B6h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C6h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1200	-1840	1532	underrange
Type C:	+25000	32766	23432	overrange
[WRe5-WRe26]	0 +23150	320 27865	2732 20932	nominal range
0 +2315°C 32 2786.5°F 273.2 2093.2K (B7h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C7h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1200	-1840	1532	underrange
Type E:	+12000	21920	14732	overrange

031-1BB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Parameter data

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value in °C (0.1°C/digit)	Measuring value in °F (0.1°F/digit)	Measuring value in K (0.1K/digit)	Range
[Ni-Cr - Cu-Ni ]	-2700 +10000	-4540 18320	0 12732	nominal range
-270 +1000°C -454 1832°F 0 1273.2K (B8h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C8h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type L:	+11500	21020	14232	overrange
[Fe-Cu-Ni]	-2000 +9000	-3280 16520	732 11732	nominal range
-200 +900°C -328 1652°F 73.2 1173.2K (B9h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C9h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange

## CHxFO Function option channel x

Depending on the Interference frequency suppression for each channel the transducer velocity may be set.

Code*	Velocity (in ms) / channel	at interference frequency suppression
	50Hz	60Hz
00h*	324.1	270.5
01h*	164.2	137.2
02h*	84.2	70.5
03h	44.1	37.2
04h	24.2	20.5
05h	14.2	12.2
06h	9.2	8.0
07h	6.6	5.9
08h	4.2	3.8
*) For Code 00h, 01h an	d 02h the tolerances of the technical data "	with interference frequency suppression" are valid.

<sup>\*)</sup> For Code 00h, 01h and 02h the tolerances of the technical data "with interference frequency suppression" are valid.

#### CHxUL / CHxLL Channel x

For each channel an *upper* and a *lower limit* may be defined. Here only values of the nominal range may be preset, otherwise you receive a parameterization error. By presetting 7FFFh for the upper respectively 8000h for the lower limit value the corresponding limit is deactivated. As soon as the measuring value is beyond the limits and the limit value monitoring is activated, a process interrupt is initialized.

031-1BB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Diagnostics and interrupt

#### 3.9.3 Diagnostics and interrupt

Event	Process interrupt	Diagnostics interrupt	parameterizable
Error in project engineering/ parameterization	-	X	-
Wire break		X	X
Measuring range overflow		X	-
Measuring range underflow		X	-
Limit overflow	X	-	X
Limit underflow	X	-	X
Diagnostic buffer overflow	-	X	-
Communication error		X	-
Process interrupt lost	-	X	-

#### **Process interrupt**

So you may react to asynchronous events, there is the possibility to activate a process interrupt. A process interrupt interrupts the linear program sequence and jumps depending on the master system to a corresponding Interrupt routine. Here you can react to the process interrupt accordingly.

With CANopen the process interrupt data a transferred via an emergency telegram.

Operating with CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the process interrupt data were transferred via diagnostics telegram.

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5000h

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	SX
PRIT_OL	1	Upper limit overflow channel x	00h	02h
PRIT_UL	1	Lower limit underflow channel x	00h	03h
PRIT_US	2	μs-Ticker	00h	04h (high byte)
				05h (low byte)

#### PRIT\_OL Limit overflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Bit 0: Limit overflow channel 0
	Bit 1: Limit overflow channel 1
	Bit 7 2: reserved

#### PRIT\_UL Limit underflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Bit 0: Limit underflow channel 0
	Bit 1: Limit underflow channel 1
	Bit 7 2: reserved

031-1BB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Diagnostics and interrupt

#### PRIT\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
0 1	16bit µs value at the moment of the interrupt

#### μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a 32 bit timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ -1 $\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again. PRIT\_US represents the lower 2 byte of the  $\mu$ s ticker value (0 ...  $2^{16}$ -1).

#### Diagnostic data

Via the parameterization you may activate a diagnostic interrupt for the module. With a diagnostics interrupt the module serves for diagnostics data for diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{incoming}}$ . As soon as the reason for releasing a diagnostic interrupt is no longer present, the diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{going}}$  automatically takes place. All events of a channel between diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{incoming}}$  and diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{going}}$  are not stored and get lost. Within this time window (1. diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{incoming}}$  until last diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{going}}$ ) the MF-LED of the module is on.

- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
RES2	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

031-1BB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Diagnostics and interrupt

### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 0: set at module failure
	■ Bit 1: set at internal error
	■ Bit 2: set at external error
	■ Bit 3: set at channel error
	■ Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing
	■ Bit 6 5: reserved
	■ Bit 7: set at error in parameterization

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 6 0: Channel type  - 70h: Digital input  - 71h: Analog input  - 72h: Digital output  - 73h: Analog output  - 74h: Analog input/-output  - 76h: Counter  ■ Bit 7: reserved

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

031-1BB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Diagnostics and interrupt

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

## CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error: Channel x:
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at project engineering/parameterization error</li> <li>Bit 3 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 4: set at wire break</li> <li>Bit 5: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>

## CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

#### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BD30 - AI 4x12Bit 0...10V

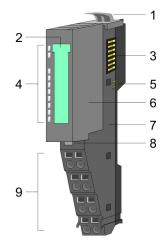
### 3.10 031-1BD30 - AI 4x12Bit 0...10V

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

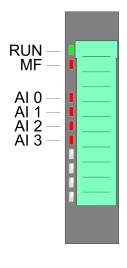
- 4 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

#### Status indication

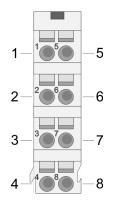


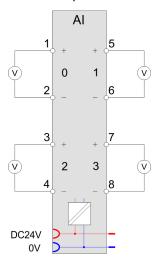
RUN green	MF <b>■</b> red	Al x ■ red	Description		
		X	Bus communication is OK		
		<b>A</b>	Module status is OK		
		X	Bus communication is OK		
		^	Module status reports an error		
		x	Bus communication is not possible		
			Module status reports an error		
		Χ	Error at bus power supply		
X	ZHz	Χ	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30		
			Error channel x		
			<ul><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>		
not relevant: X					

031-1BD30 - AI 4x12Bit 0...10V

#### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	1	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	1	Ground Channel 0
3	+AI 2	1	+ Channel 2
4	-AI 2	1	Ground Channel 2
5	+AI 1	1	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	1	Ground Channel 1
7	+AI 3	1	+ Channel 3
8	-AI 3	1	Ground Channel 3

I: Input

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	AI 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h

#### Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

031-1BD30 - AI 4x12Bit 0...10V > Technical data

# 3.10.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD30
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0404 15C4
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	75 mA
Power loss	0.7 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Voltage inputs	✓
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	100 kΩ
Input voltage ranges	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.3%
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	max. 30V
Current inputs	÷
Current inputs  Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU Basic error limit	-

031-1BD30 - AI 4x12Bit 0...10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD30
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	12
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	4 ms all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>50dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-

031-1BD30 - AI 4x12Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

Order no.	031-1BD30
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 2 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	8
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	8
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	59 g
Weight including accessories	59 g
Gross weight	74 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

### 3.10.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1BD30 - AI 4x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	10h	80h	3100h	01h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	10h	81h	3101h	02h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	10h	82h	3102h	03h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	10h	83h	3103h	04h

# CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

#### 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas	
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)				
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$	
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range		
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h			
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$	
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27048	
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U	
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$	
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h			
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16204}$	
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384	

### 3.10.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1BD30 - AI 4x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERRCH 7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

# ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 0: set at module failure
	■ Bit 1: set at internal error
	■ Bit 2: set at external error
	■ Bit 3: set at channel error
	■ Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing
	■ Bit 6 5: reserved
	■ Bit 7: set at error in parameterization

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1BD30 - AI 4x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> </ul>
	Bit 7 5: reserved

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte
0

### **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

## CHERR Channel error

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

### CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error channel x:			
	■ Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error			
	Bit 5 1: reserved			
	■ Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow			
	■ Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow			

# CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

031-1BD30 - AI 4x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

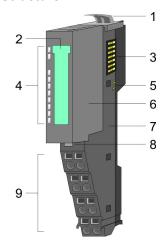
# 3.11 031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

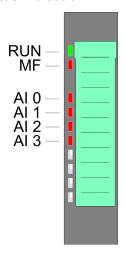
- 4 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 20mA;
  - 4 ... 20mA with external supply
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

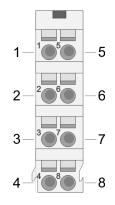
#### Status indication



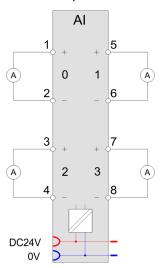
RUN green	MF red	Al x ☐ red	Description	
•		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK	
	•	x	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error	
	•	x	Bus communication is not possible  Module status reports an error	
		X	Error at bus power supply	
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30	
		•	<ul><li>Error channel x</li><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>	
not relevant: X				

031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



#### I: Input

Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	L	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	L	Ground Channel 0
3	+AI 2	L	+ Channel 2
4	-Al 2	L	Ground Channel 2
5	+AI 1	L	+ Channel 1
6	-Al 1	L	Ground Channel 1
7	+AI 3	I	+ Channel 3
8	-AI 3	I	Ground Channel 3

I: Input



If a 2wire measuring transducer is used, you have to connect in line an external power supply.

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	AI 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h

# Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

## 3.11.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD40
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0405 15C4
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	75 mA
Power loss	0.7 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Voltage inputs	-
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	-
Input voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	-
Current inputs	✓
Max. input resistance (current range)	110 Ω
Input current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.3% +/-0.5%
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.2% +/-0.3%
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	max. 24V
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	max. 40mA

031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD40
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	12
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	4 ms all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>50dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no

031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD40
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 2 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	8
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	8
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	60 g
Weight including accessories	60 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	

031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

Order no.	031-1BD40
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

#### 3.11.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3100h	01h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	3101h	02h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	31h	82h	3102h	03h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	31h	83h	3103h	04h

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

#### 0(4) ... 20mA

Meas. range (funct. no.)	Current (I)	Decimal (D)	Hex	Range	Formulas
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	I
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h		
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{27648}$
	-3.52mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27648
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16204 I
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{1}{20}$
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h		
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{16384}$
	-4,00mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	16
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{27648} + 4$
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$1 - D \cdot \frac{1}{27648} + 4$
	1.19mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	16
S5 format	12mA	8192	2000h		16
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{16384} + 4$
	0.8mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	

#### 3.11.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERR CH7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs-Ticker	00h			13h

# ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> </ul>
	■ Bit 7 5: reserved

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

### **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

## CHERR Channel error

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

### CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	■ Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error
	Bit 5 1: reserved
	■ Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow
	■ Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow

# CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

031-1BD40 - AI 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BD70 - AI 4x12Bit ±10V

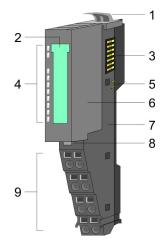
### 3.12 031-1BD70 - AI 4x12Bit ±10V

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

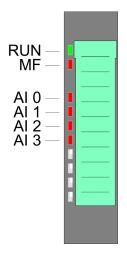
- 4 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with ±10V, 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

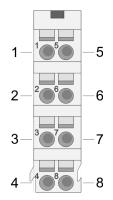
#### Status indication



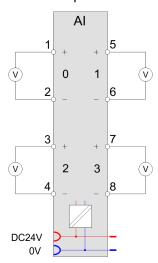
RUN	MF	Al x	Description	
green	red	red		
		X	Bus communication is OK	
		<b>X</b>	Module status is OK	
	_	X	Bus communication is OK	
		^	Module status reports an error	
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible	
	_	^	Module status reports an error	
		Χ	Error at bus power supply	
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration <i>⇔</i> Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30	
			Error channel x	
			<ul><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>	
not relevant: X				

031-1BD70 - AI 4x12Bit ±10V

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	T	Ground Channel 0
3	+AI 2	I	+ Channel 2
4	-AI 2	I	Ground Channel 2
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7	+AI 3	I	+ Channel 3
8	-AI 3	I	Ground Channel 3

I: Input

#### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	Al 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h

### Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

031-1BD70 - Al 4x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

## 3.12.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD70
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0409 15C4
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	55 mA
Power loss	0.5 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Voltage inputs	✓
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	100 kΩ
Input voltage ranges	-10 V +10 V
	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.3%
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	max. 30V
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Input current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-

031-1BD70 - AI 4x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD70
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	12
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	4 ms all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>50dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-

031-1BD70 - AI 4x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD70
Between channels of groups to	
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 2 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	8
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	8
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	60 g
Weight including accessories	60 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1BD70 - Al 4x12Bit ±10V > Parameter data

#### 3.12.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	12h	80h	3100h	01h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	12h	81h	3101h	02h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	12h	82h	3102h	03h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	12h	83h	3103h	04h

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

#### ±10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-5V	-13824	CA00h		2/048
	-10V	-27648	9400h		
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange	
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(22h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-5V	-8192	E000h		16384
	-10V	-16384	C000h		
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange	

031-1BD70 - AI 4x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

#### 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas	
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)				
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D = 27648	
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$	
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h			
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$	
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27048	
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U	
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$	
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h			
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16224}$	
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384	

### 3.12.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	sx
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h

031-1BD70 - AI 4x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERRCH 7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

# ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> </ul>
	■ Bit 7 5: reserved

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

031-1BD70 - AI 4x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

## **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

### CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 5 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>

# CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD

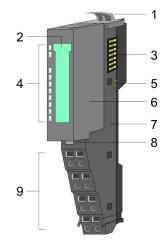
### 3.13 031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 inputs for resistance measurement with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are isolated to the backplane bus.

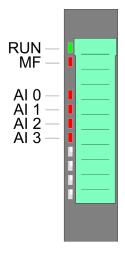
- 4 analog inputs
- Suited for resistance-type sensors 0 ... 3000Ω and resistance temperature sensors Pt100, Pt1000, NI100 and NI1000
- Resistance measurement with 2, 3 and 4 wire
   (3 and 4 wire only via channel 0 respectively 1)
- Interrupt and diagnostics function
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

#### Status indication

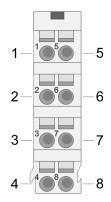


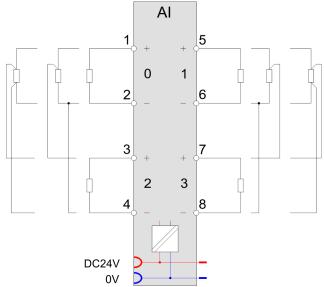
RUN green	MF red	Al x	Description
_		X	Bus communication is OK
		^	Module status is OK
_	_	X	Bus communication is OK
	_	^	Module status reports an error
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible
	_	^	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			<ul><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li><li>Wire break (if parameterized)</li></ul>
not relevant:	Χ		

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD

# Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3	+AI 2	I	+ Channel 2
4	-AI 2	I	Ground Channel 2
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	1	Ground Channel 1
7	+AI 3	1	+ Channel 3
8	-AI 3	1	Ground Channel 3

I: Input

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD

#### 2, 3, 4 wire measurement

At the pin assignment above you can see how the sensors are to be connected at 2, 3 respectively 4 wire measurement.

- With every channel a 2 wire measurement may be performed.
- 3 wire measurement is only possible via the channels 0 and 1.
  - Please consider with 3 wire measurement that the corresponding channel is always deactivated in the parametrization. The corresponding channel of channel 0 is channel 2 and of channel 1 is channel 3. Not used channels must always be de-activated in the parametrization.
- 4 wire measurement is only possible via the channels 0 and 1.
  - The measurement current for channel 0 is applied at pin 1 and 2. The measurement for channel 0 happens at pin 3 and 4. The analog value for channel 0 is represented in input word 0.
  - The measurement current for channel 1 is applied at pin 5 and 6. The measurement for channel 1 happens at pin 7 and 8. The analog value for channel 1 is represented in input word 1.
  - Please consider with 4 wire measurement that the corresponding channel is always deactivated in the parametrization. The corresponding channel of channel 0 is channel 2 and of channel 1 is channel 3. Not used channels must always be de-activated in the parametrization.

#### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	AI 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h

#### Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Technical data

## 3.13.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD80
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0406 1544
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	85 mA
Power loss	1 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	30 mA
Voltage inputs	-
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	-
Input voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	-
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Input current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Resistance inputs	✓
Resistance ranges	0 60 Ohm 0 600 Ohm 0 3000 Ohm
Operational limit of resistor ranges	+/- 0.4 %
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	+/- 0,2 %
Basic error limit	+/- 0.2 %
Basic error limit with SFU	+/- 0,1 %

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD80
Destruction limit resistance inputs	max. 24V
Resistance thermometer inputs	✓
Resistance thermometer ranges	Pt100
	Pt1000
	Ni100
	Ni1000
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	+/- 0.4 %
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	+/- 0,2 %
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	+/- 0.2 %
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	+/- 0,1 %
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	max. 24V
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	°C, °F, K
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	Sigma-Delta
Basic conversion time	4.2324.1 ms (50 Hz) 3.8270.5 ms (60 Hz) per channel
Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB at 50Hz (UCM<6V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BD80
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	-
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 6 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	8
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	34
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

SFU: Interference frequency suppression

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Parameter data

#### 3.13.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostics <sup>1</sup>	00h	00h	3100h	01h
WIBRK_EN	1	Wire break recognition <sup>1</sup>	00h	00h	3101h	02h
LIMIT_EN	1	Limit value monitoring <sup>1</sup>	00h	00h	3102h	03h
RES3	1	reserved	00h	00h	3103h	04h
TEMPCNF	1	Temperature system	00h	01h	3104h	05h
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	02h	01h	3105h	06h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	50h	80h	3106h	07h
CH0FO	1	Function option channel 0	00h	80h	3107h	08h
CH0UL	2	Upper limit value channel 0	7FFFh	80h	3108h3109 h	09h
CH0LL	2	Lower limit value channel 0	8000h	80h	310Ah310B h	0Ah
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	50h	81h	310Ch	0Bh
CH1FO	1	Function option channel 1	00h	81h	310Dh	0Ch
CH1UL	2	Upper limit value channel 1	7FFFh	81h	310Eh310F h	0Dh
CH1LL	2	Lower limit value channel 1	8000h	81h	3110h3111h	0Eh
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	50h <sup>2</sup>	82h	3112h	0Fh
CH2FO	1	Function option channel 2	00h	82h	3113h	10h
CH2UL	2	Upper limit value channel 2	7FFFh	82h	3114h3115 h	11h
CH2LL	2	Lower limit value channel 2	8000h	82h	3116h3117 h	12h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	50h <sup>2</sup>	83h	3118h	13h
CH3FO	1	Function option channel 3	00h	83h	3119h	14h
CH3UL	2	Upper limit value channel 3	7FFFh	83h	311Ah311B h	15h
CH3LL	2	Lower limit value channel 3	8000h	83h	311Ch311D h	16h

<sup>1)</sup> This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.

<sup>2)</sup> with 2 channel operation FFh

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Parameter data

# **DIAG\_EN** Diagnostic interrupt

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

# WIBRK\_EN Wire break recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Wire break recognition channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Wire break recognition channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Wire break recognition channel 2 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Wire break recognition channel 3 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# LIMIT\_EN Limit value monitoring

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit value monitoring channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit value monitoring channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Limit value monitoring channel 2 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Limit value monitoring channel 3 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# **TEMPCNF Temperature** system

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 0, 1: Temperature system  - 00: °C  - 01: °F  - 10: K  ■ Bit 7 2: reserved

# SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0, 1: Interference frequency suppression</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

# CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated.

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
2 wire: PT100	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(50h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Parameter data

Measuring range	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
(funct. no.)			
2 wire: PT1000	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(51h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 <b>+</b> 8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
2 wire: NI100	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(52h)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+2</b> 500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
2 wire: NI1000	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(53h)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+2</b> 500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
3 wire: PT100	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(58h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
3 wire: PT1000	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(59h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
3 wire: NI100	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(5Ah)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+2</b> 500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
3 wire: NI1000	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(5Bh)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+2</b> 500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
4 wire: PT100	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(60h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
4 wire: PT1000	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(61h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
4 wire: NI100	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(62h)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+2</b> 500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
4 wire: NI1000	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(63h)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+</b> 2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
2 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
(70h)	0 60Ω	0 32767	nominal range

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Parameter data

Measuring range	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
(funct. no.)			
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(71h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(72h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
(78h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(79h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 3000 $\Omega$			overrange
(7Ah)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
(80h)	0 60Ω	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(81h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(82h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
(90h)	0 60Ω	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(91h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(92h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 30000	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 60Ω			overrange

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Parameter data

Measuring range	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
(funct. no.)			
(98h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(99h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(9Ah)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 30000	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 60Ω			overrange
(A0h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(A1h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(A2h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 30000	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $60\Omega$	$70.55\Omega$	32511	overrange
(D0h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $600\Omega$	$705.5\Omega$	32511	overrange
(D1h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$	$3528\Omega$	32511	overrange
(D2h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $60\Omega$	$70.55\Omega$	32511	overrange
(D8h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $600\Omega$	$705.5\Omega$	32511	overrange
(D9h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$	3528Ω	32511	overrange
(DAh)	0 3000Ω	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Parameter data

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
4 wire: 0 60Ω	$70.55\Omega$	32511	overrange
(E0h)	0 60Ω	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $600\Omega$	$705.5\Omega$	32511	overrange
(E1h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$	3528Ω	32511	overrange
(E2h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange

## CHxFO Function option channel x

Depending on the Interference frequency suppression for each channel the transducer velocity may be set.

Code*	Velocity (in ms) / channel at Interference frequency suppression				
	50Hz	60Hz			
00h*	324.1	270.5			
01h*	164.2	137.2			
02h*	84.2	70.5			
03h	44.1	37.2			
04h	24.2	20.5			
05h	14.2	12.2			
06h	9.2	8.0			
07h	6.6	5.9			
08h	4.2	3.8			
) For Code 00h, 04h and 02h the telerances of the technical data "with interference frequency supercogion" are valid					

<sup>\*)</sup> For Code 00h, 01h and 02h the tolerances of the technical data "with interference frequency suppression" are valid.

### CHxUL / CHxLL channel x

For each channel an *upper* and a *lower limit* may be defined. Here only values of the nominal range may be preset, otherwise you receive a parameterization error. By presetting 7FFFh for the upper respectively 8000h for the lower limit value the corresponding limit is deactivated.

As soon as the measuring value is beyond the limits and the limit value monitoring is activated, a process interrupt is initialized.

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Diagnostics and interrupt

## 3.13.3 Diagnostics and interrupt

Event	Process interrupt	Diagnostics interrupt	parameterizable
Error in project engineering/ parameterization	-	X	-
Wire break	-	X	X
Measuring range overflow	-	X	-
Measuring range underflow	-	X	-
Limit overflow	X	-	X
Limit underflow	X	-	X
Diagnostic buffer overflow	-	X	-
Communication error	-	X	-
Process interrupt lost	-	X	-

### **Process interrupt**

So you may react to asynchronous events, there is the possibility to activate a process interrupt. A process interrupt interrupts the linear program sequence and jumps depending on the master system to a corresponding Interrupt routine. Here you can react to the process interrupt accordingly.

With CANopen the process interrupt data a transferred via an emergency telegram.

Operating with CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the process interrupt data were transferred via diagnostics telegram.

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5000h

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	SX
PRIT_OL	1	Upper limit overflow channel x	00h	02h
PRIT_UL	1	Lower limit underflow channel x	00h	03h
PRIT_US	2	μs-Ticker	00h	04h (high byte)
				05h (low byte)

### PRIT\_OL Limit overflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Bit 0: Limit overflow channel 0
	Bit 1: Limit overflow channel 1
	Bit 7 4: reserved

### PRIT\_UL Limit underflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Bit 0: Limit underflow channel 0
	Bit 1: Limit underflow channel 1
	Bit 7 4: reserved

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Diagnostics and interrupt

### PRIT\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
0 1	16bit µs value at the moment of the interrupt

#### μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a 32 bit timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again. PRIT\_US represents the lower 2 byte of the  $\mu$ s ticker value (0 ...  $2^{16}$ -1).

### Diagnostic data

Via the parameterization you may activate a diagnostic interrupt for the module. With a diagnostics interrupt the module serves for diagnostics data for diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{incoming}}$ . As soon as the reason for releasing a diagnostic interrupt is no longer present, the diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{going}}$  automatically takes place. All events of a channel between diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{incoming}}$  and diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{going}}$  are not stored and get lost. Within this time window (1. diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{incoming}}$  until last diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{going}}$ ) the MF-LED of the module is on.

- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Diagnostics and interrupt

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH4ERR CH7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	■ Bit 3 0: module class  - 0101b analog module			
	<ul><li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li><li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li></ul>			

## ERR\_D Diagnose

Byte	Bit 7 0				
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>				

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte
0

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

031-1BD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Diagnostics and interrupt

### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0				
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>				

### CH0ERR/CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error: channel x:			
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in project engineering/parameterization</li> <li>Bit 3 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 4: set at wire break</li> <li>Bit 5: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>			

# CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BF60 - AI 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

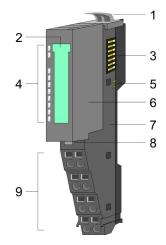
## 3.14 031-1BF60 - Al 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 8 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are isolated to the backplane bus.

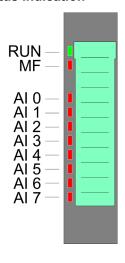
- 8 analog single ended inputs (reference potential 0V)
- Suited for sensors with 0(4) ... 20mA with external supply
- Interference frequency suppression parameterizable (50/60Hz)
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

### Status indication

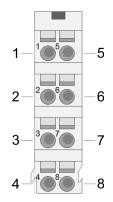


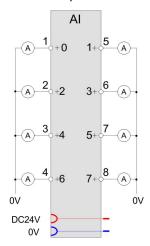
RUN	MF	Al x	Description
green	red	red	Bosonpaon
		x	Bus communication is OK
			Module status is OK
		X	Bus communication is OK
			Module status reports an error
		x	Bus communication is not possible
			Module status reports an error
		X	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			<ul><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>
not relevant: X			

031-1BF60 - AI 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	1	+ Channel 0
2	+AI 2	1	+ Channel 2
3	+AI 4	1	+ Channel 4
4	+AI 6	1	+ Channel 6
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	+AI 3	I	+ Channel 3
7	+AI 5	1	+ Channel 5
8	+AI 7	1	+ Channel 7

I: Input

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	AI 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h
+8	Al 4	2	Analog value channel 4	6401h/s+4	05h
+10	AI 5	2	Analog value channel 5	6401h/s+5	06h

031-1BF60 - AI 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+12	AI 6	2	Analog value channel 6	6401h/s+6	07h
+14	AI 7	2	Analog value channel 7	6401h/s+7	08h

## Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

## 3.14.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BF60
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0416 15C5
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	70 mA
Power loss	1 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	8
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Voltage inputs	-
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	-
Input voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	-
Current inputs	✓
Max. input resistance (current range)	60 Ω
Input current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.5%
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.3%
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	max. 30V
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	max. 40mA

031-1BF60 - AI 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BF60
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	12
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	2 ms all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>50dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no

031-1BF60 - AI 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BF60
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	-
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Technical data encoder supply	
Number of outputs	-
Output voltage (typ)	-
Output voltage (rated value)	-
Short-circuit protection	-
Binding of potential	-
Datasizes	
Input bytes	16
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	14
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	58 g
Weight including accessories	58 g

031-1BF60 - AI 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

Order no.	031-1BF60
Gross weight	73 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

## 3.14.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
SUPR	2	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	0000h	01h	3100h, 3101h	01h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3102h	02h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	3103h	03h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	31h	82h	3104h	04h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	31h	83h	3105h	05h
CH4FN	1	Function number channel 4	31h	84h	3106h	06h
CH5FN	1	Function number channel 5	31h	85h	3107h	07h
CH6FN	1	Function number channel 6	31h	86h	3108h	08h
CH7FN	1	Function number channel 7	31h	87h	3109h	09h

# SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 15 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0, 1: Interference frequency suppression channel 0</li> <li>Bit 2, 3: Interference frequency suppression channel 1</li> <li>Bit 4, 5: Interference frequency suppression channel 2</li> <li>Bit 6, 7: Interference frequency suppression channel 3</li> <li>Bit 8, 9: Interference frequency suppression channel 4</li> <li>Bit 10, 11: Interference frequency suppression channel 5</li> <li>Bit 12, 13: Interference frequency suppression channel 6</li> <li>Bit 14, 15: Interference frequency suppression channel 7</li> <li>00: deactivated</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul>

031-1BF60 - AI 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

## CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

0(4) ... 20mA

Meas. range (funct. no.)	Current (I)	Decimal (D)	Hex	Range	Formulas
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	I
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h		
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{27648}$
	-3.52mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27648
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16204 I
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h		
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{16384}$
	-4,00mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	16
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{27648} + 4$
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$T = D \cdot \frac{1}{27648} + 4$
	1.19mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens S5 format	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	16
	12mA	8192	2000h		16
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{16384} + 4$
	0.8mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	

## 3.14.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow

031-1BF60 - AI 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.

- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	08h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 4	00h			0Eh
CH5ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 5	00h			0Fh
CH6ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 6	00h			10h
CH7ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 7	00h			11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> </ul>
	■ Bit 7 5: reserved

031-1BF60 - AI 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 6 0: Channel type  - 70h: Digital input  - 71h: Analog input  - 72h: Digital output  - 73h: Analog output  - 74h: Analog input/-output  - 76h: Counter  ■ Bit 7: reserved

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

## **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 08h)

### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte
0

### CH0ERR ... CH7ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	Channel-specific error channel x:		
	■ Bit 0: set at configuring-/parameter assignment error		
	■ Bit 5 1: reserved		
	■ Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow		
	■ Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow		

031-1BF60 - AI 8x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1BF74 - AI 8x12Bit ±10V

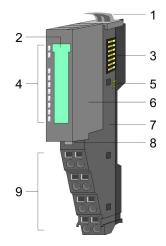
## 3.15 031-1BF74 - AI 8x12Bit ±10V

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 8inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus.

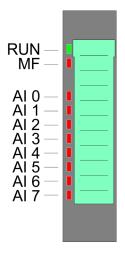
- 8 analog single ended inputs (reference potential 0V)
- Suited for sensors with ±10V, 0 ... 10V with external supply
- Interference frequency suppression parameterizable (50/60Hz)
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

### Status indication

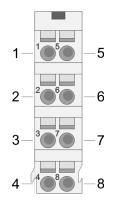


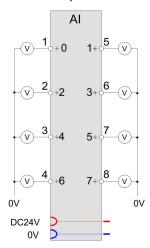
RUN	MF	Al x	Description
green	red	red	Description
		X	Bus communication is OK
		^	Module status is OK
_	_	X	Bus communication is OK
	-	^	Module status reports an error
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible
		^	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			<ul><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>
not relevant: X			

031-1BF74 - AI 8x12Bit ±10V

### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	1	+ Channel 0
2	+AI 2	1	+ Channel 2
3	+AI 4	1	+ Channel 4
4	+AI 6	I	+ Channel 6
5	+AI 1	1	+ Channel 1
6	+AI 3	1	+ Channel 3
7	+AI 5	1	+ Channel 5
8	+AI 7	1	+ Channel 7

I: Input

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

## Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h
+4	AI 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	AI 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h
+8	AI 4	2	Analog value channel 4	6401h/s+4	05h
+10	AI 5	2	Analog value channel 5	6401h/s+5	06h

031-1BF74 - AI 8x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+12	AI 6	2	Analog value channel 6	6401h/s+6	07h
+14	AI 7	2	Analog value channel 7	6401h/s+7	08h

## Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

## 3.15.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1BF74
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0415 15C5
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	70 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	8
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Voltage inputs	✓
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	100 kΩ
Input voltage ranges	0 V +10 V
	-10 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	max. 30V
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Input current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-

031-1BF74 - Al 8x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BF74
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	12
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	1 ms all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>50dB at 50Hz (UCM<2V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no

031-1BF74 - AI 8x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1BF74
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	-
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Technical data encoder supply	
Number of outputs	-
Output voltage (typ)	-
Output voltage (rated value)	-
Short-circuit protection	-
Binding of potential	-
Datasizes	
Input bytes	16
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	14
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	57 g
Weight including accessories	57 g

031-1BF74 - AI 8x12Bit ±10V > Parameter data

Order no.	031-1BF74	
Gross weight	72 g	
Environmental conditions		
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C	
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C	
Certifications		
UL certification	yes	
KC certification	yes	

## 3.15.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
SUPR	2	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	0000h	01h	3100h, 3101h	01h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	12h	80h	3102h	02h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	12h	81h	3103h	03h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	12h	82h	3104h	04h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	12h	83h	3105h	05h
CH4FN	1	Function number channel 4	12h	84h	3106h	06h
CH5FN	1	Function number channel 5	12h	85h	3107h	07h
CH6FN	1	Function number channel 6	12h	86h	3108h	08h
CH7FN	1	Function number channel 7	12h	87h	3109h	09h

# SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 15 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0, 1: Interference frequency suppression channel 0</li> <li>Bit 2, 3: Interference frequency suppression channel 1</li> <li>Bit 4, 5: Interference frequency suppression channel 2</li> <li>Bit 6, 7: Interference frequency suppression channel 3</li> <li>Bit 8, 9: Interference frequency suppression channel 4</li> <li>Bit 10, 11: Interference frequency suppression channel 5</li> <li>Bit 12, 13: Interference frequency suppression channel 6</li> <li>Bit 14, 15: Interference frequency suppression channel 7</li> <li>00: deactivated</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul>

031-1BF74 - AI 8x12Bit ±10V > Parameter data

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

### ±10V

Meas. range (funct. no.)	Voltage (U)	Decimal (D)	Hex	Range	Formulas
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	<i>U</i>
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-5V	-13824	CA00h		2/048
	-10V	-27648	9400h		
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange	
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(22h)	5V	8192	2000h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-5V	-8192	E000h		10384
	-10V	-16384	C000h		
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange	

## 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 U
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	2/048
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16224}$
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384

031-1BF74 - AI 8x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

### 3.15.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	08h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 4	00h			0Eh
CH5ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 5	00h			0Fh
CH6ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 6	00h			10h
CH7ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 7	00h			11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

031-1BF74 - AI 8x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 0: set at module failure
	■ Bit 1: set at internal error
	■ Bit 2: set at external error
	■ Bit 3: set at channel error
	■ Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing
	■ Bit 6 5: reserved
	■ Bit 7: set at error in parameterization

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

## **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 08h)

031-1BF74 - AI 8x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel 3</li> <li>Bit 4: set at error in channel 4</li> <li>Bit 5: set at error in channel 5</li> <li>Bit 6: set at error in channel 6</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in channel 7</li> </ul>

### CH0ERR ... CH7ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	<ul><li>Bit 0: set at configuring-/parameter assignment error</li><li>Bit 5 1: reserved</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li><li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li></ul>

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS)

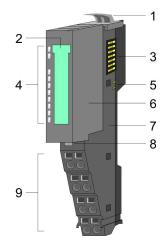
## 3.16 031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS)

### **Properties**

The electronic module has one channel and is suited to connect it to a strain gauge DMS sensor in load cells, force transducer and torque measuring shaft. The module has a configurable input filter and supports diagnostic interrupt.

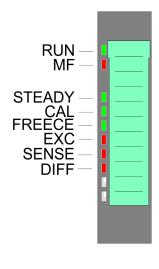
- 1-channel for connecting a full bridge
- Absolute accuracy (basic error ±0.1%)
- Manual calibration (zero and load adjustment)
- Configurable self-calibration (offset and gain error)
- Fast measurement by high signal bandwidth (ADC with 4 kHz limit frequency)
- Parametrizable IIR filter (300µs 3.6s or dynamic)
- Parametrizable 50/60 Hz rejection
- Programmable power supply for the load cell(s) / full bridge(s)
- Parallel operation of load cells possible
- Diagnostic function
- 16bit resolution (24bit internal)

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

### Status indication



RUN green	MF red	Description		
		Bus communication is OK		
		Module status is OK		
	_	Bus communication is OK		
	_	Module status reports an error		
		Bus communication is not possible		
		Module status reports an error		
		Error at bus power supply		
X		Error in configuration		
^	2Hz	⇔ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30		
not relevant: X				

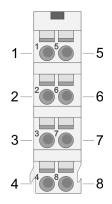
031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS)

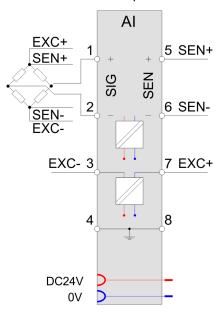
STEADY	CAL	FREECE	EXC	SENSE	DIFF	Description
green	green	green	red	red	red	Description
	Χ	X	X	Χ	Χ	On in Steady State.
X		X	Χ	Χ	Χ	On at active self-calibration
Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	On at activated Input-Freeze.
X	X	X		X	X	On at short circuit respectively overload of the excitation voltage.
X	X	X	X		X	On at overrange of the excitation voltage
X	X	X	X	X		On at overrange of the differential voltage
not relevant: X						

031-1CA20 - Al 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Connection variants

### Pin assignment

For wires with a core cross-section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





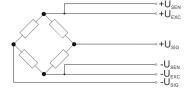
Pos.	Function	Туре	Description	
1	SIG+	I	+ Signal of the differential voltage $\ensuremath{U_{SIG}}$ of the measuring bridge	
2	SIG-	I	- Signal of the differential voltage $\mathbf{U}_{\text{SIG}}$ of the measuring bridge	
3	EXC-	0	- Signal of the excitation voltage $\mathbf{U}_{\text{EXC}}$	
4	Shield		Connection for cable shield	
5	SEN+	I	+ Sensor of the excitation voltage U <sub>SEN</sub>	
6	SEN-	I	- Sensor of the excitation voltage $\mathbf{U}_{\text{SEN}}$	
7	EXC+	0	+ Signal of the excitation voltage $\mathbf{U}_{\text{EXC}}$	
8	Shield		Connection for cable shield	
O: Output, I: Input				



Please always use the excitation voltage  $U_{\text{EXC}}$  of the module! The connection of sensors with external power supply is not possible.

## 3.16.1 Connection variants

### 6 wire measurement



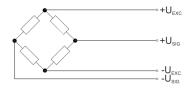
The following table shows the properties of the sensors, which can be used with the 6 wire measurement.

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Connection variants

#### **Sensor properties**

Excitation	Bridge resistance R <sub>B</sub>				
voltage U <sub>EXC</sub>	120Ω	350Ω	700Ω	1000Ω	
2.5V	X	X	X	X	
5V	X	X	X	X	
7.5V	X	X	X	X	
10V	X	X	X	X	
12V	X	X	X	X	

#### 4 wire measurement



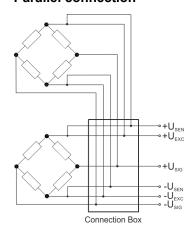
With the 4 wire measurement the  $U_{SEN}$  pins are not connected. With this operating mode there is an internal connection between  $U_{EXC}$  and  $U_{SEN}$ .

The following table shows the properties of the sensors, which can be used with the 4 wire measurement.

### **Sensor properties**

Excitation	Bridge resistance R <sub>B</sub>				
voltage U <sub>EXC</sub>	120Ω	350Ω	700Ω	1000Ω	
2.5V	X	X	X	X	
5V	X	X	X	X	
7.5V	X	X	X	X	
10V	X	X	X	X	
12V	X	X	X	X	

### Parallel connection



Normally large mechanical loads are divided to multiple strain gauge DMS load cells and these parallel connected via a connection box to the strain gauge DMS module. Please consider that the load cells are aligned together for this operating mode and approved by the manufacturer. And the current feed capacity of the transducer electronic should not be overloaded. The current feed capacity is derived from the number of parallel-connected load cells, excitation voltage  $U_{\text{EXC}}$  and the bridge resistance.

Depending on the excitation voltage  $U_{\text{EXC}}$ ,  $I_{\text{EXC}}$  may not exceed a maximum current:

- 2.5V: maximum current 120mA
- 5V: maximum current 120mA
- 7.5V: maximum current 100mA
- 10V: maximum current 90mA
- 12V: maximum current 80mA

For the calculation of I<sub>EXC</sub> the following formula is used:

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > In-/Output area

$$I_{EXC} = \frac{U_{EXC}}{\frac{R_B}{n}}$$

 $I_{EXC}$  Supply current  $U_{EXC}$  Excitation voltage  $R_B$  Bridge resistance

n Number of parallel connections

The following tables show the properties of the sensors for e.g. 2 respectively 3 parallel connected load cells.

### Example

2 parallel		Bridge resistance R <sub>B</sub>				
Excitation voltage	60Ω	175Ω	350Ω	500Ω		
U <sub>EXC</sub>						
2.5V	X	X	X	X		
5V	X	X	X	X		
7.5V	not possible	X	X	X		
10V	not possible	X	X	X		
12V	not possible	X	X	X		

3 parallel	Bridge resistance R <sub>B</sub>				
Excitation voltage	40Ω	116.7Ω	233.3Ω	333.3Ω	
U <sub>EXC</sub>					
2.5V	X	X	X	X	
5V	not possible	X	X	X	
7.5V	not possible	X	X	X	
10V	not possible	X	X	X	
12V	not possible	not possible	X	X	



To connect your sensors please always use shielded cables!

Please always use the excitation voltage  $U_{\rm EXC}$  of the module! The connection of sensors with external power supply is not possible.

## 3.16.2 In-/Output area

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h/7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > In-/Output area

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	DMS_VAL	4	Measured value	5470h/s	01h
+3	DMS_STAT	1	Status	5471h/s	02h

### DMS\_VAL measured value (weight value)

	Byte 0							Byte 1								
Bit number	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Significance	SG	2 <sup>30</sup>	2 <sup>29</sup>	2 <sup>28</sup>	2 <sup>27</sup>	2 <sup>26</sup>	2 <sup>25</sup>	2 <sup>24</sup>	2 <sup>23</sup>	2 <sup>22</sup>	<b>2</b> <sup>21</sup>	<b>2</b> <sup>20</sup>	2 <sup>19</sup>	2 <sup>18</sup>	217	2 <sup>16</sup>
31Bit+SG	SG							Measu	ıred va	alue						

		Byte 2							Byte 3							
Bit number	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Significance	2 <sup>15</sup>	214	2 <sup>13</sup>	2 <sup>12</sup>	2 <sup>11</sup>	2 <sup>10</sup>	<b>2</b> <sup>9</sup>	28	<b>2</b> <sup>7</sup>	2 <sup>6</sup>	<b>2</b> <sup>5</sup>	2 <sup>4</sup>	<b>2</b> <sup>3</sup>	<b>2</b> <sup>2</sup>	2 <sup>1</sup>	20
31Bit+SG		Measured value														

### DMS\_STAT Status

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function				
+3	DMS_STAT	1	■ Status byte  - Bit 0: 1 = Input Freeze active  - Bit 1: 1 = Steady State active *  - Bit 2: 1 = Self-calibration is running *  - Bit 3: 1 = Tara was changed  - Bit 4: 1 = Error in adjustment  - Bit 5: 1 = Adjustment was changed  - Bit 6: reserved  - Bit 7: 1 = Zero balance respectively reference point set				
*) These status	) These status bits are set by internal event of the module.						

### Input Freeze

- In the activated state no measurement values are passed to the digital filter.
- As long as the command bit is set, this bit remains set.

### Steady State

- As soon as a measured value is longer than the time SSW within the tolerance window SST, in the status word the Steady State bit is set.
- As soon as this condition is not true, the last measured value is first used, the comparison timer restarted and the bit is reset.
- The values SSW and SST can be specified by the parametrization. ♥ Chap.
   3.16.5 'Parameter data' page 184

### Self calibration

- As long as the self calibration is active, this bit is set.
- During the self calibration there are two reference values internally measured and based on this the internal offset & factor are calculated.
- With the self calibration the internal offset and gain error may be compensated.
- The calibration interval *CI* can be preset by the parametrization.

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > In-/Output area

#### ■ Tara

- When setting or clearing the tare value, this bit is set.
- As long as the corresponding command bit is set, this bit remains set.

#### Adjustment

- When you save or delete the adjustment data, this bit is set.
- As long as the corresponding command bit is set, this bit remains set.
- Zero balance respectively reference point
  - When setting the zero balance respectively reference point this bit is set.
  - As long as the corresponding command bit is set, this bit remains set.

### **Output area**

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	DMS_CMD	1	Command byte	5670h/s	01h

### DMS\_CMD

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function
+0	DMS_CMD	1	<ul> <li>Command byte Each set bit in DMS_CMD is acknowledged by a bit in DMS_STAT.</li> <li>Bit 0: Activate Input Freeze → DMS_STAT bit 0: active</li> <li>Bit 1: Store adjustment → DMS_STAT bit 5: active</li> <li>Bit 2: Delete adjustment → DMS_STAT bit 5: active</li> <li>Bit 3: Set Tara → DMS_STAT bit 3: active</li> <li>Bit 4: Delete Tara → DMS_STAT bit 3: active</li> <li>Bit 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: Set zero point → DMS_STAT bit 7: active</li> <li>Bit 7: Set reference point → DMS_STAT bit 7: active</li> </ul>

### ■ Input Freeze

- In the activated state no measurement values are passed to the digital filter.
- By a brief activation of *Input Freeze* pulses, e.g. caused by a filling procedure can be prevented, which would override the filter unnecessarily.
- The status of Input Freeze can be determined at any time via bit 0 of DMS\_STAT.

### Adjustment

- Store adjustment: Used to store the adjustment data when loaded with the reference weight.
- Delete adjustment: Used to delete the adjustment data.
- With both commands bit 5 of DMS STAT is set. In case of error bit 4 is set.

#### Tara

- Set Tara: The current value is taken as tara.
- Delete Tara: Tara is reset to 0.
- With both commands bit 3 of DMS\_STAT is set.

### Zero balance respectively reference point

- Both commands are used for user adjustment and on both commands bit 7 of DMS STAT is set.
- Set zero balance: Used to set the balance to 0 when operated without load.
- Set reference point: Used to adjust the balance when it is loaded with a reference weight.

031-1CA20 - Al 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Technical data

## 3.16.3 Technical data

Order no.	031-1CA20
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0841 1809
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	55 mA
Power loss	1 W
Technical data strain gauge DMS inputs	
Number of inputs	1
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	18 mA
Relative accuracy according to self-calibration	+/-0.01%
Operational limit Usense	+/-0.2%
Operational limit Usig	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit Usense	+/-0.1%
Basic error limit Usig	+/-0.1%
Destruction limit voltage	max. 12V
External bridge supply possible	-
Internal bridge supply possible	✓
Configurable bridge supply	2.5V / max. 120mA
	5V / max. 120mA
	7.5V / max. 100mA
	10V / max. 90mA 12V / max. 80mA
Decelution in hit	
Resolution in bit	24
Measurement principle  Basic conversion time	successive approximation
	1ms cycle, 10ms330ms depending on the filter
Input filter Hardware Input filter software	Low pass 10kHz 3rd order
input litter software	Dynamic IIR filter configurable IIR filter 0.1Hz1000Hz
	configurable FIR filter 50Hz/60Hz
Initial data size	4 Byte
Data for selection of the strain gauge DMS sensor	
Bridge supply voltage EXC	012V
Bridge differential voltage SIG	+/-29mV
Rated output	0.54mV/V

031-1CA20 - Al 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CA20
4 wire connection possible	✓
6 wire connection possible	✓
Possible bridge configuration	symmetric full bridge
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	yes
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	-
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	5
Output bytes	1
Parameter bytes	30
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PC / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm

031-1CA20 - Al 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CA20
Net weight	64 g
Weight including accessories	64 g
Gross weight	78 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	in preparation

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Functionality

### 3.16.4 Functionality

#### 3.16.4.1 Basics - Strain gauge DMS

#### Strain gauge DMS

Strain gauge DMS are fixed directly on a body or part of a sensor and serve for the following possibilities:

- Measurement of strains, compressions or torsions
- Measurement of forces and movements

There are the following strain gauge DMS types:

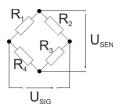
- electrical strain gauge DMS
  - An electrical strain gauge DMS consists of a carrier material (e.g. stretchable plastic film) with applied metal film. From this a grid of electrically conductive resistive material is created. During the measurement the behavior is used, that e.g. at the elongation of a metallic conductor resistance its length increases and its diameter decreases. Here the electrical resistance increases proportionally.
- optical strain gauge DMS
  - An optical strain gauge DMS consists of a fibre used as a sensor, with a laser-applied grid in the fibre. During the measurement the behavior is used, that with mechanical load the optical properties of the sensor are changed. Light is passed with a certain wavelength into the sensor. Depending on the deformation of the laser-applied grid of the sensor, a part of the light is reflected and evaluated with a suitable sensor (interrogator).

## Characteristics of an strain gauge DMS

- Nominal load
  - Maximum permissible load for normal operation.
  - The nominal load is preset unit-free.
- Rated output
  - The rated output is a measure of the sensitivity of the resistance bridge in dependence of the used excitation voltage.
  - A typical value for a full bridge is 2mV/V, this means at nominal load with an excitation voltage of 12V the bridge differential voltage is ±24mV.
  - The common area is 0.5...4mV/V, depending on the bridge and sensor type.

#### 3.16.4.2 Function

#### Measurement



To get a weight value a power supply is applied to the bridge circuit and a differential voltage ( $U_{SIG}$ ) and excitation voltage ( $U_{SEN}$ ) are measured. The principle of measurement is based on that the differential voltage  $U_{SIG}$  of the bridge changes with a deformation. Thus, a relative weight value is calculated by the difference of the both voltages  $U_{SIG}$  and  $U_{SEN}$ , which are measured at the same time. The resulting difference is converted to a weight value and stored as process data in the input area.

## Weight value determination

 $Y_{R} = \frac{U_{SIG}}{U_{SEN}}$ 

With the exception of *differential* and *excitation voltage* the remaining values are to be preset by the parametrization. The resulting weight value Y is determined within the module via the following formulas:

Y<sub>R</sub> Relative value

U<sub>SIG</sub> Measured differential voltage of the measuring bridge

U<sub>SEN</sub> Measured excitation voltage

RO Rated output

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Parameter data

 $Y_A = Y_R \cdot NL \cdot SF$ 

Y<sub>A</sub> Absolute value

Y<sub>R</sub> Relative value

NL Nominal load

SF Scale factor

 $Y=Y_A \cdot GN + TA$ 

Y Resulting weight value Y<sub>A</sub> Absolute value

TA Tara

#### 3.16.5 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### **Parameters**

Due to the extensive parameter data you can use up to 8 of these modules with a PROFIBUS slave system.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostic interrupt *	00h	00h	3100h	01h
UEXC	1	Excitation voltage *	00h	01h	3101h	02h
CAL	2	Calibration interval *	0000	01h	3102h	03h
MEAS	1	Measurement method	23h	80h	3104h	04h
FILT	1	Filter selection	00h	80h	3105h	05h
DFCT	2	Dynamic filter change time	10h	80h	3106h	06h
DFD	2	Dynamic filter delta	20h	80h	3108h	07h
RO	2	Rated output	4E20h	80h	310Ah	08h
ZB	2	Zero balance	0000h	80h	310Ch	09h
GN	2	Gain	1000h	80h	310Eh	0Ah
TA	2	Tara	0000h	80h	3110h	0Bh
NL	2	Nominal load	0002h	80h	3112h	0Ch
SF	2	Scale factor	03E8h	80h	3114h	0Dh
SST	2	Steady state tolerance	0005h	80h	3116h	0Eh
SSW	2	Steady state window	03E8h	80h	3118h	0Fh
RL	4	Reference load	00000100	80h	311Ah	10h
*) This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.						

031-1CA20 - Al 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Parameter data

## **DIAG\_EN** Diagnostic interrupt

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disable</li><li>40h: enable</li></ul>

Here you activate respectively de-activate the diagnostic function.

#### **UEXC** select power supply

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Power supply - 00h: 2.5V - 01h: 5V - 02h: 7.5V - 03h: 10V - 04h: 12V

Here you can specify the power supply for the excitation voltage U<sub>EXC</sub>, which the module provides via the pins EXC+ und EXC-.



Please always use the excitation voltage U of the module  $_{\rm EXC}!$  The connection of strain gauge DMS sensors with external power supply is not possible.

#### **CAL Calibration interval**

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	<ul> <li>Interval for the calibration.</li> <li>Calibration interval as 100ms value</li> <li>00h: de-activates the calibration</li> </ul>

- By setting a calibration interval as 100ms value, the self-calibration is always performed after this time.
- With the self-calibration the internal offset and gain error may be compensated.
- There is always the entire signal path including all passive components checked.
- During self-calibration, the CAL LED is on an the measured value is frozen.
- 00h de-activates the calibration.

## **MEAS Measurement** method

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Measurement method</li> <li>23h: 6 wire measurement</li> <li>25h: 4 wire measurement</li> <li>FFh: de-activated</li> </ul>

Here you can choose between 4 and 6 wire measurement respectively disable the measurement.

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Parameter data

#### **FILT Filter selection**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Filter selection  - 00h: Filter de-activated  - 01h: Activate dynamic IIR filter  - 02h: IIR1  - 03h: IIR2  - 04h: IIR3  - 05h: IIR4  - 06h: IIR5  - 07h: IIR6  - 08h: IIR7  - 09h: IIR8  - 0Ah: FIR 50Hz  - 0Bh: FIR 60Hz

#### Filter functions

- FIR 50/60 Hz
  - Suppression of mains frequency interference
- Dynamic IIR filter
  - automatic selection
  - Filter selection dependent on the current weight change
- Static IIR filter
  - De-activation respectively fix setting of a filter level (IIR1...IIR8)

## DFCT Dynamic Filter Change Time

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	Sampling rate for filter change-over in ms

Here you can specify the time for re-evaluation for the filter change-over in ms.

#### Dynamic filter delta

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	Limit value for filter change-over

Here you can specify the limit value for the filter change-over.

#### **RO Rated output**

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	Rated output in 0.0001mV/V

■ Here you can specify the rated output in 0.0001mV/V. Information to the rated output can be found in the data sheet of you force transducer.

#### **ZB** Zero balance

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	Zero balance in 0.0001mV/V

■ Here you can specify the zero balance as 0.0001mV/V value. Information to the zero balance can be found in the data sheet of you force transducer.

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Parameter data

#### **GN** Gain

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	Gain for user scaling of the output value

Here you can specify a factor as 2<sup>-12</sup> value. The factor is multiplied with the output value.

#### **TA Tara**

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	User offset for the output value

■ Here you can specify an offset as 2<sup>-12</sup> value. The offset is added to the determined output value.

#### **NL Nominal load**

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	Nominal load of the force transducer

Here you can specify the nominal load of the force transducer unit-free. Information to nominal load can be found in the data sheet of you force transducer.

#### SF Scale factor

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	Scale factor for the nominal load

- Here you can specify the scale factor for the nominal load, such as to convert kg to g.
  - Example: Nominal load in kg and scale factor 1000 (03E8h) results display in g.

## SST Steady state tolerance

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	Tolerance for Steady State

- Here you can specify a tolerance window for the state Steady State. This is specified as a deviation of the scaled nominal load.
  - Example: With a rated load in kg and scaling factor of 1000 (03E8h) you must specify the value 0005h to set a tolerance window of 5g.

#### SSW Steady state window

Byte	Bit 7 0
01	Time interval for Steady State in ms

- Here you can specify a time interval for the setting of the Steady State bit (DMS STAT-Bit 1).
- If the measured value is within the tolerance window SST longer than the time interval SSW, then bit 1 of the status word DMS\_STAT is set.

#### **RL Reference load**

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Reference load for the calibration

Here you can specify the reference load for the calibration unit-free. The reference load must be at least 20% of the Nominal load NL.

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Deployment of the filter functions

### 3.16.6 Deployment of the filter functions

#### Overview

The module has the following filter functions, which can be activated via the parametrization:

- FIR 50/60 Hz
- Dynamic IIR filter
- Static IIR filter

#### FIR 50/60 Hz

In the parametrization via FILT you can specify the filter FIR 50 Hz respectively FIR 60 Hz. These filters acts a notch filter. Notch filter generate at the configured frequency and the multiple thereof zeros (notches) in the frequency response. They attenuate these frequencies here in the amplitude. When filters are used, these influence the conversion time of your module. The higher the filter frequency, the faster the conversion time. This can be used for the suppression of mains frequency interferences.

#### **Dynamic IIR filter**

- By activation of the dynamic IIR filter in the FILT parameter, dependent on the current weight change, it is automatically switched between 8 different filters. The aim here is to obtain a filter with the best possible damping, which must lead to stable measuring values. The *Dynamic IIR filter* acts as 1. order low-pass filter and has the following properties:
  - If there is a rapid change of the input value, it is switched-over to the next lower filter (e.g. IIR1→IIR2). In this way the load changes are less precise, but it is faster recognized.
  - If there is small change in the measured value, it is switched-over to the next higher filter (e.g. IIR2→IIR1), so you will get a higher precision.
  - With the IIR1 filter you get the lowest noise suppression and the most unstable measured value.
  - With the IIR8 filter you get the highest noise suppression and the most stable measured value.
  - The revaluation, which can lead to a modification of the filter levels, takes place in a fixed interval, which can be specified via parameter *DFCT* in ms.

Filter level	Limit frequency	Filter constant	Rise time 10-90% [s] (typ.)
02h: IIR1	1000	$a_0 = 0.5$	0.0003
03h: IIR2	500Hz	$a_0 = 0.25$	0.0008
04h: IIR3	125Hz	$a_0 = 62.5 \times 10^{-3}$	0.0035
05h: IIR4	30Hz	$a_0 = 15.6 \times 10^{-3}$	0.014
06h: IIR5	8Hz	$a_0 = 3.91 \times 10^{-3}$	0.056
07h: IIR6	2Hz	$a_0 = 977x10^{-6}$	0.225
08h: IIR7	0.5Hz	$a_0 = 244 \times 10^{-6}$	0.9
09h: IIR8	0.1Hz	$a_0 = 61.0 \times 10^{-6}$	3.6



#### Prevent overriding the filter

By a brief activation of Input Freeze in the command byte DMS\_CMD pulses, e.g. caused by a filling procedure can be prevented, which would override the filter unnecessarily. As soon as Input Freeze is activated, no measurement values are passed to the digital filter.

031-1CA20 - Al 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Steady state detection

#### Static IIR filter

Via the FILT parameter you can de-activate the filter function or you can specify a fix filter level (IIR1...IIR8).

#### 3.16.7 Calibration

#### **Proceeding**

Please use for the calibration the software filter IR8 (slow). The following steps are necessary for the calibration:

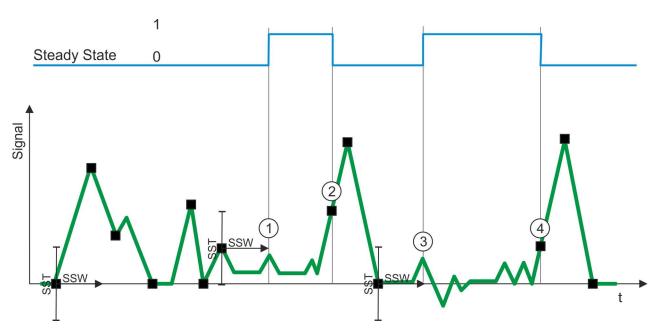
- 1. Specify in the parametrization the Reference load RL. The Reference load must be at least 20% of the Nominal load.
- 2. Departe the balance without load.
- **3.** As soon as a stable value is shown, bit 6 (set zero point) in the command byte *DMS\_CMD* is to set.
- 4. Apply the balance with the reference load. As soon as a stable value is shown, bit 7 (set reference point) in the command byte *DMS\_CMD* is to set.
- **5.** Set bit 1 (store adjustment) in the command byte *DMS\_CMD*.
  - ⇒ As soon as the adjustment data were stored successfully, the module measures with these parameters. The adjustment data remain even after a power loss condition and can be deleted (delete adjustment) via bit 2. The adjustment data can be rewritten only every 120 seconds.

### 3.16.8 Steady state detection

#### **Functionality**

- If the measured value is within the range of values *SST* longer than the the time interval *SSW*, then bit 1 (steady state active) of the status word DMS\_STAT is set. The current measured value is used as the starting point for the range of values and the steady state timer is started. *♦ 'DMS\_STAT Status' page 178*
- If the measured value remains within *SST* over the period *SSW*, the steady-state bit is set.
- If the tolerance range *SST* is exceeded, the last measured value is used as starting point and the time is newly started.
- The values SSW and SST can be specified by the parametrization. ♦ Chap. 3.16.5 'Parameter data' page 184

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Diagnostics



- Starting point of the SSW timer is newly started. Only when the measured signal is longer than the time SSW within the range of values SST, steady state is set.
- [1] SSW timer has expired and the measured signal is within the range of values → Steady state bit is set.
- [2] Measured signal exceeds the range of values → Steady state bit is reset.
- [3] SSW timer has expired and the measured signal is within the range of values → Steady state bit is set.
- [4] Measured signal exceeds the range of values → Steady state bit is reset.

#### 3.16.9 Diagnostics

#### Diagnostic data

Via the parameterization you may activate a diagnostic interrupt for the module. With a diagnostics interrupt the module serves for diagnostics data for diagnostic interrupt $_{incoming}$ . As soon as the reason for releasing a diagnostic interrupt is no longer present, the diagnostic interrupt $_{going}$  automatically takes place. All events of a channel between diagnostic interrupt $_{incoming}$  and diagnostic interrupt $_{going}$  are not stored and get lost. Within this time window (1. diagnostic interrupt $_{incoming}$  until last diagnostic interrupt $_{going}$ ) the MF-LED of the module is on.

The following events can cause a diagnostic interrupt:

- External auxiliary supply is missing
- Internal diagnostic puffer overflow
- Internal communication error
- Project engineering/parametrization error
- Measuring range underflow
- Measuring range overerflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Diagnostics

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	01h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CHxERR	8	Channel-specific error channel x	00h			0Ah11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## ERR\_C reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1CA20 - AI 1x16(24)Bit Strain gauge (DMS) > Diagnostics

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

### **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of the module (here 01h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 0: set at error in channel 0

## CHxERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0					
0	Channel-specific error channel 0					
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at project engineering respectively parametrization error</li> <li>Bit 21: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at short circuit of excitation voltage U<sub>EXC</sub></li> <li>Bit 54: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>					
17	reserved					

### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V

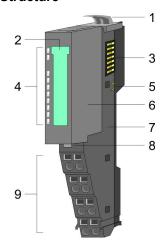
### 3.17 031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

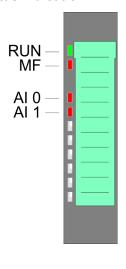
- 2 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 10V
- Interrupt and diagnostics function
- Interference frequency suppression parameterizable (50/60Hz)
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

#### Status indication

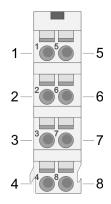


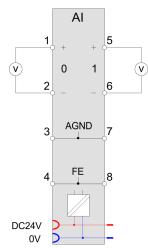
RUN green	MF ■ red	Al x	Description	
		X	Bus communication is OK	
		X	Module status is OK	
_		X	Bus communication is OK	
		^	Module status reports an error	
		X	Bus communication is not possible	
		^	Module status reports an error	
		Χ	Error at bus power supply	
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30	
			Error channel x	
			<ul><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>	
not relevant: X				

031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V

#### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	1	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3	AGND	1	Reference potential for
			differential-mode input
4	FE	I	Functional ground for cable shield
			(an additional shield bus carrier is not necessary)
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	1	Ground Channel 1
7	AGND	1	Reference potential for
			differential-mode input
8	FE	I	Functional ground for cable shield
			(an additional shield bus carrier is not necessary)

I: Input

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

## Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

### 3.17.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1CB30
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	040A 1543
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	60 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Voltage inputs	✓
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	200 kΩ
Input voltage ranges	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.1%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	max. 30V
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Input current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-

031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CB30
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-
Resistance thermometer inputs	
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	
Thermocouple inputs	
Thermocouple ranges	
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	
Programmable temperature compensation	
External temperature compensation	
Internal temperature compensation	
Temperature error internal compensation	
Technical unit of temperature measurement	
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	240 µs all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB at 50Hz (UCM<9V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	

031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

etween channels - etween channels of groups to - etween channels and backplane bus   etween channels and power supply   to restantial difference between gircuits	·
etween channels and backplane bus  etween channels and power supply  ✓	·
etween channels and power supply ✓	·
эт э	
lov notantial difference between circuite	
lax. potential difference between circuits -	
lax. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	OC 9 V
lax. potential difference between Mana and Mintern - Jiso)	
lax. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	DC 1 V
lax. potential difference between inputs and Mintern  Diso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
lax. potential difference between Mintern and outputs -	
nsulation tested with D0	DC 500 V
atasizes	
nput bytes 4	
output bytes 0	
arameter bytes 20	20
iagnostic bytes 20	20
ousing	
laterial PF	PPE / PPE GF10
lounting Pr	Profile rail 35 mm
lechanical data	
imensions (WxHxD) 12	2.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
et weight 60	60 g
Veight including accessories 60	60 g
cross weight 75	'5 g
nvironmental conditions	
operating temperature 0 °	0 °C to 60 °C
torage temperature -2	25 °C to 70 °C
ertifications	
L certification ye	res
C certification ye	res

031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

#### 3.17.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG	1	Diagnostics*	00h	00h	3100h	01h
RES1	1	reserved*	00h	00h	3101h	02h
LIMIT_EN	1	Limit value monitoring*	00h	00h	3102h	03h
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	00h	01h	3103h	04h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	10h	80h	3104h	05h
RES7	1	reserved	00h	80h	3105h	06h
CH0UL	2	Upper limit value channel 0	7FFFh	80h	3106h31 07h	07h
CH0LL	2	Lower limit value channel 0	8000h	80h	3108h31 09h	08h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	10h	81h	310Ah	09h
RES13	1	reserved	00h	81h	310Bh	0Ah
CH1UL	2	Upper limit value channel 1	7FFFh	81h	310Ch31 0Dh	0Bh
CH1LL	2	Lower limit value channel 1	8000h	81h	310Eh31 0Fh	0Ch

DIAG\_EN Diagnostic interrupt

\* This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

## LIMIT\_EN Limit value monitoring

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit value monitoring channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit value monitoring channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

## SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 1, 0: Interference frequency suppression channel 0 <ul> <li>00: deaktiviert</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul> </li> <li>Bit 3, 2: Interference frequency suppression channel 1 <ul> <li>00: deaktiviert</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul> </li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

## CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

#### 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas	
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)				
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 U	
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$	
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h		10	
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$	
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	2/048	
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$	
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot {10}$	
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h			
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$	
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384	

CHxUL CHxLL Upper limit value Lower limit value channel x

For each channel an *upper* and a *lower limit* may be defined. Here only values of the nominal range may be preset, otherwise you receive a parameterization error. By presetting 7FFFh for the upper respectively 8000h for the lower limit value the corresponding limit is deactivated. As soon as the measuring value is beyond the limits and the limit value monitoring is activated, a process interrupt is initialized.

031-1CB30 - Al 2x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

### 3.17.3 Diagnostics and interrupt

Event	Process	Diagnostics	parameterizable
	interrupt	interrupt	
Error in project engineering/	-	X	-
parameterization			
Measuring range overflow	-	X	-
Measuring range underflow	-	X	-
Limit overflow	X	-	X
Limit underflow	X	-	X
Diagnostic buffer overflow	-	X	-
Communication error	-	X	-
Process interrupt lost	-	X	-

#### **Process interrupt**

So you may react to asynchronous events, there is the possibility to activate a process interrupt. A process interrupt interrupts the linear program sequence and jumps depending on the master system to a corresponding Interrupt routine. Here you can react to the process interrupt accordingly.

With CANopen the process interrupt data a transferred via an emergency telegram.

Operating with CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the process interrupt data were transferred via diagnostics telegram.

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5000h

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	SX
PRIT_OL	1	Upper limit overflow channel x	00h	02h
PRIT_UL	1	Lower limit underflow channel x	00h	03h
PRIT_US	2	µs-Ticker	00h	04h (high byte)
				05h (low byte)

### PRIT\_OL Limit overflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit overflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit overflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

#### PRIT\_UL Limit underflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit underflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit underflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

### PRIT\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
0 1	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic.

#### μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a 32 bit timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ -1 $\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again. PRIT\_US represents the lower 2 byte of the  $\mu$ s ticker value (0 ...  $2^{16}$ -1).

#### Diagnostic data

Via the parameterization you may activate a diagnostic interrupt for the module. With a diagnostics interrupt the module serves for diagnostics data for diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$ . As soon as the reason for releasing a diagnostic interrupt is no longer present, the diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$  automatically takes place. All events of a channel between diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$  and diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$  are not stored and get lost. Within this time window (1. diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$  until last diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$ ) the MF-LED of the module is on.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- Process interrupt lost
- Power supply failed
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0					
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>					

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0					
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>					

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0							
0	■ Bit 6 0: Channel type  - 70h: Digital input  - 71h: Analog input  - 72h: Digital output  - 73h: Analog output  - 74h: Analog input/-output  - 76h: Counter  ■ Bit 7: reserved							

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

## **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

031-1CB30 - AI 2x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0						
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>						

## CH0ERR CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0							
0	Channel-specific error channel x:							
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 4 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 5: set at process interrupt lost</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>							

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

#### μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1CB40 - AI 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

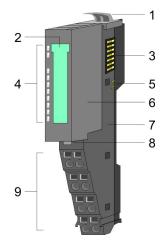
## 3.18 031-1CB40 - Al 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

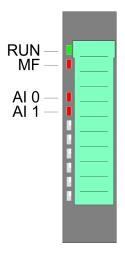
- 2 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 20mA;
  - 4 ... 20mA with external supply
- Interrupt and diagnostics function
- Interference frequency suppression parameterizable (50/60Hz)
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

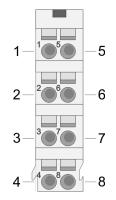
#### Status indication



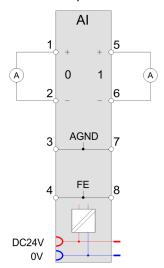
RUN green	MF red	Al x ☐ red	Description	
•		x	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK	
•	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error	
	•	X	Bus communication is not possible Module status reports an error	
		X	Error at bus power supply	
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♦ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30	
		•	<ul><li>Error channel x</li><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>	
not relevant: X				

031-1CB40 - AI 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description	
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0	
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0	
3	AGND	I	Reference potential for	
			differential-mode input	
4	FE	1	Functional ground for cable shield	
			(an additional shield bus carrier is not necessary)	
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1	
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1	
7	AGND	I	Reference potential for	
			differential-mode input	
8	FE	I	Functional ground for cable shield	
			(an additional shield bus carrier is not necessary)	

## I: Input



If a 2wire measuring transducer is used, you have to connect in line an external power supply.

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1CB40 - AI 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

## Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	Al 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

## Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

## 3.18.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1CB40
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	040B 1543
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	60 mA
Power loss	0.7 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Voltage inputs	-
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	-
Input voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	-
Current inputs	✓
Max. input resistance (current range)	60 Ω
Input current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.2%
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.1%
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	max. 24V
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	max. 40mA

031-1CB40 - Al 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CB40
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	240 μs all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB (UCM<4V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable

031-1CB40 - Al 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CB40
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 4 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	DC 3 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	4
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	20
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	60 g
Weight including accessories	60 g
Gross weight	74 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	

031-1CB40 - Al 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CB40
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1CB40 - AI 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

#### 3.18.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostics*	00h	00h	3100h	01h
RES1	1	reserved*	00h	00h	3101h	02h
LIMIT_EN	1	Limit value monitoring*	00h	00h	3102h	03h
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	00h	01h	3103h	04h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3104h	05h
RES7	1	reserved	00h	80h	3105h	06h
CH0UL	2	Upper limit value channel 0	7FFFh	80h	3106h31 07h	07h
CH0LL	2	Lower limit value channel 0	8000h	80h	3108h31 09h	08h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	310Ah	09h
RES13	1	reserved	00h	81h	310Bh	0Ah
CH1UL	2	Upper limit value channel 1	7FFFh	81h	310Ch3 10Dh	0Bh
CH1LL	2	Lower limit value channel 1	8000h	81h	310Eh3 10Fh	0Ch
* This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.						

## **DIAG\_EN Diagnostic inter-**rupt

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>	

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

## LIMIT\_EN Limit value monitoring

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit value monitoring channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit value monitoring channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1CB40 - AI 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

## SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 1, 0: Interference frequency suppression channel 0 <ul> <li>00: deaktiviert</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul> </li> <li>Bit 3, 2: Interference frequency suppression channel 1 <ul> <li>00: deaktiviert</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul> </li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

## **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

#### 0(4) ... 20mA

Meas. range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(1)	(D)			
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 I
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h		
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{27648}$
	-3.52mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27648
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 I
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h		
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{16384}$
	-4,00mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	16
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{27648} + 4$
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$T = D \cdot \frac{1}{27648} + 4$
	1.19mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 10384 \cdot \frac{16}{16}$
S5 format	12mA	8192	2000h		16
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{16384} + 4$
	0.8mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	

031-1CB40 - AI 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostics and interrupt

# CHxUL CHxLL Upper limit value Lower limit value channel x

For each channel an *upper* and a *lower limit* may be defined. Here only values of the nominal range may be preset, otherwise you receive a parameterization error. By presetting 7FFFh for the upper respectively 8000h for the lower limit value the corresponding limit is deactivated. As soon as the measuring value is beyond the limits and the limit value monitoring is activated, a process interrupt is initialized.

#### 3.18.3 Diagnostics and interrupt

Event	Process interrupt	Diagnostics interrupt	parameterizable
Error in project	-	X	-
engineering/parameterization			
Measuring range overflow	-	X	-
Measuring range underflow	-	X	-
Limit overflow	X	-	X
Limit underflow	X	-	X
Diagnostic buffer overflow	-	X	-
Communication error	-	X	-
Process interrupt lost	-	X	-

#### **Process interrupt**

So you may react to asynchronous events, there is the possibility to activate a process interrupt. A process interrupt interrupts the linear program sequence and jumps depending on the master system to a corresponding Interrupt routine. Here you can react to the process interrupt accordingly.

With CANopen the process interrupt data a transferred via an emergency telegram.

Operating with CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the process interrupt data were transferred via diagnostics telegram.

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5000h

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	SX
PRIT_OL	1	Upper limit overflow channel x	00h	02h
PRIT_UL	1	Lower limit underflow channel x	00h	03h
PRIT_US	2	μs-Ticker	00h	04h (high byte)
				05h (low byte)

#### PRIT\_OL Limit overflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Bit 0: Limit overflow channel 0</li><li>Bit 1: Limit overflow channel 1</li></ul>
	■ Bit 7 2: reserved

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#### PRIT\_UL Limit underflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit underflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit underflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

#### PRIT\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
0 1	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic.

#### PRIT\_US µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a 32 bit timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After 232-1 $\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again. PRIT\_US represents the lower 2 byte of the  $\mu$ s ticker value (0 ... 2<sup>16</sup>-1).

#### Diagnostic data

Via the parameterization you may activate a diagnostic interrupt for the module. With a diagnostics interrupt the module serves for diagnostics data for diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$ . As soon as the reason for releasing a diagnostic interrupt is no longer present, the diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$  automatically takes place. All events of a channel between diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$  and diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$  are not stored and get lost. Within this time window (1. diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$  until last diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$ ) the MF-LED of the module is on.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- Process interrupt lost
- Power supply failed
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits	08h			07h
		per channel				
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h

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Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERRCH7 ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 2 0: reserved
	■ Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow
	■ Bit 4: set at internal communication error
	■ Bit 5: reserved
	■ Bit 6: set at process interrupt lost
	■ Bit 7: reserved

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

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٨	IL	<b>IMB</b>	ΙT	Diagnost	ic l	bits
---	----	------------	----	----------	------	------

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>		

## CH0ERR CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error channel x:			
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 4 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 5: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>			

## CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

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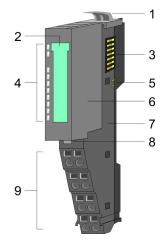
### 3.19 031-1CB70 - AI 2x16Bit ±10V

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

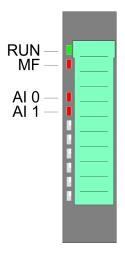
- 2 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with ±10V,
  - 0 ... 10V
- Interrupt and diagnostics function
- Interference frequency suppression parameterizable (50/60Hz)
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

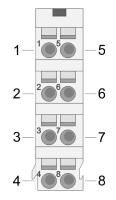
#### Status indication



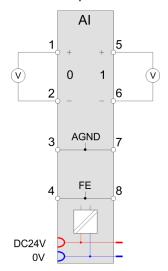
RUN green	MF red	Al x <b>■</b> red	Description		
•		x	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK		
	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error		
	•	x	Bus communication is not possible Module status reports an error		
		X	Error at bus power supply		
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30		
		•	<ul><li>Error channel x</li><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>		
not relevant: X					

031-1CB70 - AI 2x16Bit ±10V

### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	1	Ground Channel 0
3	AGND	I	Reference potential for
			differential-mode input
4	FE	I	Functional ground for cable shield
			(an additional shield bus carrier is not necessary)
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7	AGND	1	Reference potential for
			differential-mode input
8	FE	I	Functional ground for cable shield
			(an additional shield bus carrier is not necessary)

I: Input

#### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

031-1CB70 - Al 2x16Bit ±10V > Technical data

## Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

## 3.19.1 Technical data

Type         SM 031           Module ID         040C 1543           Current consumption from backplane bus         60 mA           Power loss         0.8 W           Technical data analog inputs         2           Cable length, shielded         200 m           Rated load voltage         DC 24 V           Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)         20 mA           Voltage inputs         ✓           Min. input resistance (voltage range)         200 kΩ           Input voltage ranges         -10 V +10 V           Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU         -           Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU         -           Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU         max. 30V           Current inputs         -           Max. input resistance (current range)         -           Input current ranges         -           Operational limit of current ranges         -           Destruction limit current ranges         -           Basic error limit current ranges         -           Operational limit of current ranges         -           Department imputs         -           Basic error limit current ranges with SFU         -           Basic error limit current ran	Order no.	031-1CB70
Current consumption/power loss       60 mA         Current consumption from backplane bus       60 mA         Power loss       0.8 W         Technical data analog inputs       V         Number of inputs       2         Cable length, shielded       200 m         Rated load voltage       DC 24 V         Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)       20 mA         Voltage inputs       ✓         Min. input resistance (voltage range)       200 kΩ         Input voltage ranges       -10 V +10 V         Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU       -         Destructional limit of voltage ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Destruction limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Max. input resistance (current range)       -         Max. input resistance (current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges       -         Destruction limit current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Basic	Туре	SM 031
Current consumption from backplane bus       60 mA         Power loss       0.8 W         Technical data analog inputs       2         Number of inputs       2 000 m         Rated load voltage       DC 24 V         Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)       20 mA         Voltage inputs       ✓         Min. input resistance (voltage range)       200 kΩ         Input voltage ranges       -10 V +10 V         Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Destruction limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Destruction limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Max. input resistance (current range)       -         Input current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -	Module ID	040C 1543
Power loss     0.8 W       Technical data analog inputs     2       Number of inputs     2 00 m       Rated load voltage     DC 24 V       Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)     20 mA       Voltage inputs     ✓       Min. input resistance (voltage range)     200 kΩ       Input voltage ranges     -10 V +10 V       Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU     -       Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU     -       Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU     -       Destruction limit voltage     max. 30V       Current inputs     -       Max. input resistance (current range)     -       Input current ranges     -       Operational limit of current ranges     -       Operational limit of current ranges with SFU     -       Basic error limit current ranges with SFU     -       Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)     -       Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)     -       Resistance inputs     -	Current consumption/power loss	
Technical data analog inputs       2         Number of inputs       2         Cable length, shielded       200 m         Rated load voltage       DC 24 V         Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)       20 mA         Voltage inputs       ✓         Min. input resistance (voltage range)       200 kΩ         Input voltage ranges       -10 V +10 V         Operational limit of voltage ranges       +/-0.2%         Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Destruction limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Max. input resistance (current range)       -         Input current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Bestruction limit current inputs (voltage)       -         Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)       -         Resistance inputs       - <td>Current consumption from backplane bus</td> <td>60 mA</td>	Current consumption from backplane bus	60 mA
Number of inputs       2         Cable length, shielded       200 m         Rated load voltage       DC 24 V         Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)       20 mA         Voltage inputs       ✓         Min. input resistance (voltage range)       200 kΩ         Input voltage ranges       -10 V +10 V         Operational limit of voltage ranges       +/-0.2%         Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Destruction limit voltage       max. 30V         Current inputs       -         Max. input resistance (current range)       -         Input current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)       - <t< td=""><td>Power loss</td><td>0.8 W</td></t<>	Power loss	0.8 W
Cable length, shielded       200 m         Rated load voltage       DC 24 V         Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)       20 mA         Voltage inputs       ✓         Min. input resistance (voltage range)       200 kΩ         Input voltage ranges       -10 V +10 V         Operational limit of voltage ranges       +/-0.2%         Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Destruction limit voltage       max. 30V         Current inputs       -         Max. input resistance (current range)       -         Input current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Bestruction limit current inputs (voltage)       -         Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)       -         Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)       -         Resistance inputs       -	Technical data analog inputs	
Rated load voltage  Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)  20 mA  Voltage inputs  Min. input resistance (voltage range)  Input voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V 0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  Operational limit of voltage ranges  +/-0.2%  Operational limit voltage ranges  +/-0.1%  Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU  Destruction limit voltage  max. 30V  Current inputs  Ax. input resistance (current range)  Input current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  - Operational limit of current ranges  - Current input current	Number of inputs	2
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)  Voltage inputs  Min. input resistance (voltage range)  Input voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V 0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V  -10 Easic error limit voltage ranges with SFU  -10 Estruction limit voltage ranges with SFU  -10 Estruction limit voltage  -10 V +10 V  -10 Estruction limit voltage ranges with SFU  -10 Estruction limit voltage  -10 V +10 V  -10 Estruction limit voltage ranges with SFU  -10 Estruction limit of current ranges  -10 Estruction limit current ranges  -10 Estruction limit current ranges  -10 Estruction limit current inputs (voltage)  -10 Estruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	Cable length, shielded	200 m
Voltage inputs       ✓         Min. input resistance (voltage range)       200 kΩ         Input voltage ranges       -10 V +10 V         Operational limit of voltage ranges       +/-0.2%         Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Destruction limit voltage ranges with SFU       -         Destruction limit voltage       max. 30V         Current inputs       -         Max. input resistance (current range)       -         Input current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Basic error limit current ranges with SFU       -         Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)       -         Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)       -         Resistance inputs       -	Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Min. input resistance (voltage range)  Input voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V 0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  +/-0.2%  Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU  Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU  - Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU  - Destruction limit voltage ranges with SFU  - Destruction limit voltage  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -	Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Input voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  +/-0.2%  Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU  Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	Voltage inputs	✓
Operational limit of voltage ranges +/-0.2% Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU - Basic error limit voltage ranges +/-0.1% Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU - Destruction limit voltage manges with SFU - Destruction limit voltage manges with SFU -  Destruction limit voltage manges with SFU -  Max. input resistance (current range) - Input current ranges - Operational limit of current ranges - Operational limit of current ranges - Radical error limit current ranges with SFU - Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) - Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) - Resistance inputs	Min. input resistance (voltage range)	200 kΩ
Operational limit of voltage ranges +/-0.2% Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU - Basic error limit voltage ranges +/-0.1% Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU - Destruction limit voltage manges with SFU - Destruction limit voltage manges with SFU - Max. input resistance (current range) - Input current ranges - Operational limit of current ranges - Operational limit of current ranges with SFU - Basic error limit current ranges - Radical error limit current ranges with SFU - Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) - Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) - Resistance inputs	Input voltage ranges	-10 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU  Basic error limit voltage ranges  H-0.1%  Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU  Destruction limit voltage  max. 30V  Current inputs  - Max. input resistance (current range)  Input current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges with SFU  Basic error limit current ranges  Radical error limit current ranges with SFU  Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)  Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)  Resistance inputs		0 V +10 V
Basic error limit voltage ranges +/-0.1%  Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU -  Destruction limit voltage max. 30V  Current inputs -  Max. input resistance (current range) -  Input current ranges -  Operational limit of current ranges -  Operational limit of current ranges with SFU -  Basic error limit current ranges with SFU -  Basic error limit current ranges with SFU -  Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) -  Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) -  Resistance inputs -	Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU  Destruction limit voltage  max. 30V  Current inputs  Ax. input resistance (current range)  Input current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges with SFU  Basic error limit current ranges  Radical error limit current ranges with SFU  Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)  Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)  Resistance inputs	Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage max. 30V  Current inputs -  Max. input resistance (current range) -  Input current ranges -  Operational limit of current ranges +  Operational limit of current ranges with SFU -  Basic error limit current ranges with SFU -  Radical error limit current ranges with SFU -  Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) -  Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) -  Resistance inputs -	Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.1%
Current inputs	Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Max. input resistance (current range)  Input current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges with SFU  Basic error limit current ranges  Radical error limit current ranges with SFU  Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)  Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)  Resistance inputs  -	Destruction limit voltage	max. 30V
Input current ranges - Operational limit of current ranges - Operational limit of current ranges with SFU - Basic error limit current ranges - Radical error limit current ranges with SFU - Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) - Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) - Resistance inputs -	Current inputs	-
Operational limit of current ranges - Operational limit of current ranges with SFU - Basic error limit current ranges - Radical error limit current ranges with SFU - Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) - Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) - Resistance inputs -	Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU -  Basic error limit current ranges -  Radical error limit current ranges with SFU -  Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) -  Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) -  Resistance inputs -	Input current ranges	-
Basic error limit current ranges - Radical error limit current ranges with SFU - Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) - Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) - Resistance inputs -	Operational limit of current ranges	-
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU -  Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) -  Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) -  Resistance inputs -	Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) -  Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) -  Resistance inputs -	Basic error limit current ranges	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) - Resistance inputs -	Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Resistance inputs -	Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
	Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Pasistance ranges	Resistance inputs	-
Tresistance ranges	Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges -	Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU -	Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit -	Basic error limit	-

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Order no.	031-1CB70
Basic error limit with SFU	
Destruction limit resistance inputs	
Resistance thermometer inputs	
Resistance thermometer ranges	
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	,
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	,
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	
Thermocouple inputs	
Thermocouple ranges	
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	
Programmable temperature compensation	
External temperature compensation	
Internal temperature compensation	
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	240 µs all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB at 50Hz (UCM<9V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel

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Order no.	031-1CB70
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 9 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	DC 1 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	4
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	20
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1CB70 - AI 2x16Bit ±10V > Parameter data

### 3.19.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostics*	00h	00h	3100h	01h
RES1	1	reserved*	00h	00h	3101h	02h
LIMIT_EN	1	Limit value monitoring*	00h	00h	3102h	03h
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	00h	01h	3103h	04h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	12h	80h	3104h	05h
RES7	1	reserved	00h	80h	3105h	06h
CH0UL	2	Upper limit value channel 0	7FFFh	80h	3106h3107 h	07h
CH0LL	2	Lower limit value channel 0	8000h	80h	3108h3109 h	08h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	12h	81h	310Ah	09h
RES13	1	reserved	00h	81h	310Bh	0Ah
CH1UL	2	Upper limit value channel 1	7FFFh	81h	310Ch310 Dh	0Bh
CH1LL	2	Lower limit value channel 1	8000h	81h	310Eh310 Fh	0Ch

<sup>\*</sup> This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.

## **DIAG\_EN Diagnostic inter-**rupt

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

## LIMIT\_EN Limit value monitoring

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit value monitoring channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit value monitoring channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1CB70 - AI 2x16Bit ±10V > Parameter data

## SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte
0

## **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

#### **±10V**

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D = 27649
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-5V	-13824	CA00h		2/048
	-10V	-27648	9400h		
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange	
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot {10}$
(22h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-5V	-8192	E000h		16384
	-10V	-16384	C000h		
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange	

031-1CB70 - Al 2x16Bit ±10V > Parameter data

#### 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D = 27649
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	2/048
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384

CHxUL / CHxLL Upper limit value Lower limit value channel x

For each channel an *upper* and a *lower limit* may be defined. Here only values of the nominal range may be preset, otherwise you receive a parameterization error. By presetting 7FFFh for the upper respectively 8000h for the lower limit value the corresponding limit is deactivated. As soon as the measuring value is beyond the limits and the limit value monitoring is activated, a process interrupt is initialized.

031-1CB70 - AI 2x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

## 3.19.3 Diagnostics and interrupt

Event	Process	Diagnostics	parameterizable
	interrupt	interrupt	
Error in project engineering/	-	X	-
parameterization			
Measuring range overflow	-	X	-
Measuring range underflow	-	X	-
Limit overflow	X	-	X
Limit underflow	X	-	X
Diagnostic buffer overflow	-	X	-
Communication error	-	X	-
Process interrupt lost	-	X	-

#### **Process interrupt**

So you may react to asynchronous events, there is the possibility to activate a process interrupt. A process interrupt interrupts the linear program sequence and jumps depending on the master system to a corresponding Interrupt routine. Here you can react to the process interrupt accordingly.

With CANopen the process interrupt data a transferred via an emergency telegram.

Operating with CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the process interrupt data were transferred via diagnostics telegram.

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5000h

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	SX
PRIT_OL	1	Upper limit overflow channel x	00h	02h
PRIT_UL	1	Lower limit underflow channel x	00h	03h
PRIT_US	2	µs-Ticker	00h	04h (high byte)
				05h (low byte)

## PRIT\_OL Limit overflow

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit overflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit overflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>	

#### PRIT\_UL Limit underflow

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit underflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit underflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>	

031-1CB70 - AI 2x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

## PRIT\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
0 1	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic.

#### μs-ticker

In the SLIO module there is a 32 bit timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ -1 $\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again. PRIT\_US represents the lower 2 byte of the  $\mu$ s ticker value (0 ...  $2^{16}$ -1).

#### Diagnostic data

Via the parameterization you may activate a diagnostic interrupt for the module. With a diagnostics interrupt the module serves for diagnostics data for diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$ . As soon as the reason for releasing a diagnostic interrupt is no longer present, the diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$  automatically takes place. All events of a channel between diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$  and diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$  are not stored and get lost. Within this time window (1. diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm incoming}$  until last diagnostic interrupt $_{\rm going}$ ) the MF-LED of the module is on.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- Process interrupt lost
- Power supply failed
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

031-1CB70 - AI 2x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>	

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 6 0: Channel type  - 70h: Digital input  - 71h: Analog input  - 72h: Digital output  - 73h: Analog output  - 74h: Analog input/-output  - 76h: Counter  ■ Bit 7: reserved

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

## **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

031-1CB70 - AI 2x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>		

### CH0ERR/CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 4 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 5: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>

## CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V

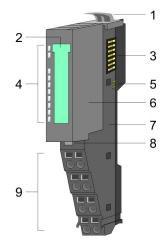
### 3.20 031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

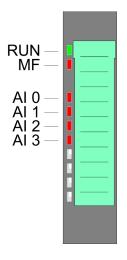
- 4 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 10V
- Interrupt and diagnostics function
- Interference frequency suppression parameterizable (50/60Hz)
- 16bit resolution
- Chap. 3.21 '031-1CD35 AI 4x16Bit 0...10V' page 239 with limited parameter set

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

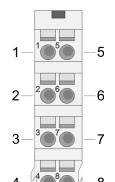
#### Status indication



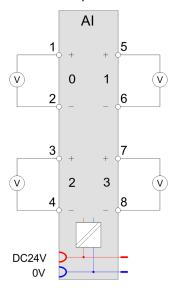
RUN green	MF red	Al x	Description
•		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK
•	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error
	•	X	Bus communication is not possible Module status reports an error
		X	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration <i>⇔</i> Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
•		•	Error channel x  ■ Signal leaves measuring range ■ Error in parameterization
not relevant: X			

031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V

### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3	+AI 2	I	+ Channel 2
4	-AI 2	I	Ground Channel 2
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7	+AI 3	I	+ Channel 3
8	-AI 3	1	Ground Channel 3

I: Input

## In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

## Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	AI 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h

031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

## Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

## 3.20.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD30
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	040D 1544
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	65 mA
Power loss	0.9 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	25 mA
Voltage inputs	✓
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	200 kΩ
Input voltage ranges	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.1%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	max. 30V
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Input current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-

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Resistance thermometer inputs  Resistance thermometer ranges  Departional limit of resistance thermometer ranges  Departional limit of resistance thermometer ranges with  Sasic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU  Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs  Thermocouple inputs  Thermocouple ranges  Departional limit of termocouple rang	Order no.	031-1CD30
Resistance thermometer ranges  Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges  Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU  Sasic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU  Opestruction limit resistance thermometer inputs  Chermocouple inputs  Chermocouple ranges  Operational limit of thermocouple ranges  Operational limit thermocouple ranges with SFU  Operational limit of thermocouple ranges  Operational limit of thermocoupl	Destruction limit resistance inputs	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU Obestruction limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU Obestruction limit resistance thermometer inputs Obestruction limit of thermocouple ranges Oberational limit of thermocouple ranges Operational limit of thermocouple ranges Oberational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU Obestruction limit thermoclement ranges Obestruction limit thermoclement ranges with SFU Obestruction limit thermocouple inputs Obestruction limit of tempocouple anges with SFU Obestruction limit of tempocouple anges with SFU Obestruction limit of tempocouple anges with SFU Obestruction limit of tempocouple anges Obestruction limit	Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Departional limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SEU  Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges  Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU  Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs  Chermocouple inputs  Chermocouple ranges  Departional limit of thermocouple ranges  Departional limit of thermocouple ranges  Departional limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  Programmable temperature compensation  External temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Femperature error internal co	Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges  Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU  Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs  Inhermocouple inputs  Inhermocouple ranges  Departational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Programmable temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Internal temperature error internal compensation  Internal unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  Italian  Aleasurement principle  Basic conversion time  Also us all channels  Voices suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Ves  Process alarm  Ves, parameterizable  Ves, parameterizable  Ves, parameterizable  Ves, parameterizable	Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Programmable temperature compensation reference temperature error internal compensation resource measurement reference autorise frequency season for frequency season frequency season frequency season frequency season frequency season freque	Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs  Thermocouple inputs  Thermocouple ranges  Deparational limit of thermocouple ranges  Deparational limit of thermocouple ranges  Deparational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU  Deparational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermoclement ranges  Destruction limit thermoclement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Thermocouple inputs Thermocouple ranges with SFU Thermocouple ranges with SFU Thermocouple inputs Thermoco	Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Thermocouple ranges  Departional limit of thermocouple ranges  Departional limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  Programmable temperature compensation  External temperature compensation  Temperature error internal compensation  Fechnical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  Temperature error internal compensation  Fechnical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  Basic conversion time  A80 µs all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  yes  process alarm  yes, parameterizable  Diagnostic interrupt  yes, parameterizable	Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Departional limit of thermocouple ranges  Departional limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU  Description limit thermoelement ranges  Description limit thermoelement ranges  Description limit thermocouple inputs  D	Thermocouple inputs	-
Department of thermocouple ranges with SFU  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges  Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  Programmable temperature compensation  External temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Femperature error internal compensation  Fechnical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  Basic conversion time  Also us all channels  Boise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Bratus display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Process alarm  Process parameterizable  Process alarm  Process parameterizable	Thermocouple ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  Programmable temperature compensation  External temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Femperature error internal compensation  Femperature error internal compensation  Femperature measurement  Basic conversion in bit  Basic conversion time  Basic conversion for frequency  Basic conversion for frequency  Basic suppression for frequency  Basic s	Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU  Destruction limit thermocouple inputs  Programmable temperature compensation  External temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Internal temperature compensation  Internal temperature error internal compensation  Internal unit of temperature measurement  Internal temperature compensation  Internal temperature compens	Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs Programmable temperature compensation External temperature compensation Internal temperature compensation Internal temperature compensation Internal temperature error internal compensation Internal unit of temperature measurement Internal temperature measurement Internal temperature error internal compensation Internal temperature error internal compensation Internal temperature compensation Internal temper	Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Programmable temperature compensation External temperature compensation Internal temperature compensation Internal temperature compensation Internal temperature error internal compensation Internal temperature error internal compensation Internal te	Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
External temperature compensation Internal temperature compensation Internal temperature error internal compensation Internal temperature error internal compensation Internal tempera	Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
reternal temperature compensation  Temperature error internal compensation  Technical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  Measurement principle  Successive approximation  480 µs all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Process alarm  Process alarm  Process alarm  Process alarm  Process parameterizable	Programmable temperature compensation	-
Femperature error internal compensation  Fechnical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  16  Measurement principle  Successive approximation  Basic conversion time  480 µs all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  >80dB at 50Hz (UCM<9V)  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  yes, parameterizable  Process alarm  yes, parameterizable  Diagnostic interrupt  yes, parameterizable	External temperature compensation	-
Fechnical unit of temperature measurement  Resolution in bit  Measurement principle  Successive approximation  Sasic conversion time  480 µs all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  >80dB at 50Hz (UCM<9V)  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  yes, parameterizable  Process alarm  yes, parameterizable  Diagnostic interrupt  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable	Internal temperature compensation	-
Resolution in bit  Measurement principle  Successive approximation  Sasic conversion time  480 µs all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  >80dB at 50Hz (UCM<9V)  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  yes  Interrupts  Process alarm  yes, parameterizable  Diagnostic interrupt  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable	Temperature error internal compensation	-
Measurement principle  Basic conversion time  480 µs all channels  Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  Interrupts  Process alarm  Ves, parameterizable  Ves, parameterizable  Ves, parameterizable  Ves, parameterizable  Ves, parameterizable	Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Basic conversion time  480 µs all channels  >80dB at 50Hz (UCM<9V)  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  yes  nterrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable	Resolution in bit	16
Noise suppression for frequency  Status information, alarms, diagnostics  Status display  nterrupts  Process alarm  Diagnostic interrupt  >80dB at 50Hz (UCM<9V)  yes  yes  yes  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable	Measurement principle	successive approximation
Status information, alarms, diagnostics Status display  yes  nterrupts  Process alarm  Ves, parameterizable  Ves, parameterizable  Ves, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable	Basic conversion time	480 µs all channels
Status display  yes  nterrupts  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable	Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB at 50Hz (UCM<9V)
yes, parameterizable  Process alarm  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable  yes, parameterizable	Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Process alarm yes, parameterizable Diagnostic interrupt yes, parameterizable	Status display	yes
Diagnostic interrupt yes, parameterizable	Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
•	Process alarm	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic functions yes	Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable
-	Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out possible	Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state green LED	Module state	green LED
Module error display red LED	Module error display	red LED
Channel error display red LED per channel	Channel error display	red LED per channel
solation	Isolation	

031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD30
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 9 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	8
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	32
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

### 3.20.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostics*	00h	00h	3100h	01h
RES1	1	reserved*	00h	00h	3101h	02h
LIMIT_EN	1	Limit value monitoring*	00h	00h	3102h	03h
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	00h	01h	3103h	04h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	10h	80h	3104h	05h
RES7	1	reserved	00h	80h	3105h	06h
CH0UL	2	Upper limit value channel 0	7FFFh	80h	3106h310 7h	07h
CH0LL	2	Lower limit value channel 0	8000h	80h	3108h310 9h	08h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	10h	81h	310Ah	09h
RES13	1	reserved	00h	81h	310Bh	0Ah
CH1UL	2	Upper limit value channel 1	7FFFh	81h	310Ch310 Dh	0Bh
CH1LL	2	Lower limit value channel 1	8000h	81h	310Eh310 Fh	0Ch
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	10h	82h	3110h	0Dh
RES19	1	reserved	00h	82h	3111h	0Eh
CH2UL	2	Upper limit value channel 2	7FFFh	82h	3112h3113 h	0Fh
CH2LL	2	Lower limit value channel 2	8000h	82h	3114h3115 h	10h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	10h	83h	3116h	11h
RES25	1	reserved	00h	83h	3117h	12h
CH3UL	2	Upper limit value channel 3	7FFFh	83h	3118h3119 h	13h
CH3LL	2	Lower limit value channel 3	8000h	83h	311Ah311 Bh	14h
* This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.

031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

## **DIAG\_EN** Diagnostic interrupt

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

## LIMIT\_EN Limit value monitoring

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit value monitoring channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit value monitoring channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Limit value monitoring channel 2 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Limit value monitoring channel 3 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

## SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 1, 0: Interference frequency suppression channel 0</li> <li>Bit 3, 2: Interference frequency suppression channel 1</li> <li>Bit 5, 4: Interference frequency suppression channel 2</li> <li>Bit 7, 6: Interference frequency suppression channel 3 <ul> <li>00: deactivated</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul> </li> <li>e.g.: 10101010: all channels frequency suppression 50Hz</li> </ul>

## **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

#### 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27048 \cdot \frac{10}{10}$
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	2/048
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16004}$
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384

031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

# CHxUL CHxLL Upper limit value Lower limit value channel x

For each channel an *upper* and a *lower limit* may be defined. Here only values of the nominal range may be preset, otherwise you receive a parameterization error. By presetting 7FFFh for the upper respectively 8000h for the lower limit value the corresponding limit is deactivated. As soon as the measuring value is beyond the limits and the limit value monitoring is activated, a process interrupt is initialized.

## 3.20.3 Diagnostics and interrupt

Event	Process	Diagnostics	parameterizable
	interrupt	interrupt	
Error in project engineering/	-	X	-
parameterization			
Measuring range overflow	-	X	-
Measuring range underflow	-	X	-
Limit overflow	X	-	X
Limit underflow	X		X
Diagnostic buffer overflow	-	X	-
Communication error	-	X	-
Process interrupt lost	-	X	-

#### **Process interrupt**

So you may react to asynchronous events, there is the possibility to activate a process interrupt. A process interrupt interrupts the linear program sequence and jumps depending on the master system to a corresponding Interrupt routine. Here you can react to the process interrupt accordingly.

With CANopen the process interrupt data a transferred via an emergency telegram.

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5000h

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	SX
PRIT_OL	1	Upper limit overflow channel x	00h	02h
PRIT_UL	1	Lower limit underflow channel x	00h	03h
PRIT_US	2	µs-Ticker	00h	04h (high byte)
				05h (low byte)

#### PRIT\_OL Limit overflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit overflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit overflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 2: Limit overflow channel 2</li> <li>Bit 3: Limit overflow channel 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

## PRIT\_UL Limit underflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit underflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit underflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 2: Limit underflow channel 2</li> <li>Bit 3: Limit underflow channel 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

#### PRIT\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
0 1	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic.

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a 32 bit timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again. PRIT\_US represents the lower 2 byte of the  $\mu$ s ticker value (0 ...  $2^{16}$ -1).

#### Diagnostic data

Via the parameterization you may activate a diagnostic interrupt for the module. With a diagnostics interrupt the module serves for diagnostics data for diagnostic interrupt $_{incoming}$ . As soon as the reason for releasing a diagnostic interrupt is no longer present, the diagnostic interrupt $_{going}$  automatically takes place. All events of a channel between diagnostic interrupt $_{incoming}$  and diagnostic interrupt $_{going}$  are not stored and get lost. Within this time window (1. diagnostic interrupt $_{incoming}$  until last diagnostic interrupt $_{going}$ ) the MF-LED of the module is on.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- Process interrupt lost
- Power supply failed
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h

031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERRCH 7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1CD30 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0					
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>					

### CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0				
0	Channel-specific error channel x:				
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 4 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 5: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>				

## CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1CD35 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V

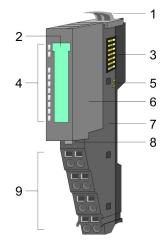
### 3.21 031-1CD35 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

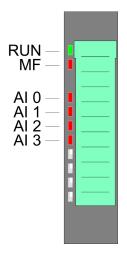
- 4 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- Interference frequency suppression parameterizable (50/60Hz)
- 16bit resolution
- Chap. 3.20 '031-1CD30 AI 4x16Bit 0...10V' page 228 with extended parameter set

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

#### Status indication

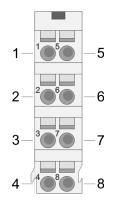


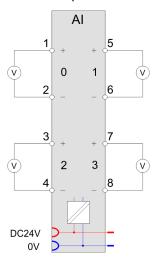
RUN	MF	Al x	Description
green	red	red	Description
		X	Bus communication is OK
		^	Module status is OK
		X	Bus communication is OK
		^	Module status reports an error
		X	Bus communication is not possible
		^	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	Χ	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			■ Signal leaves measuring range
			■ Error in parameterization
not relevant: X			

031-1CD35 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V

### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3	+AI 2	I	+ Channel 2
4	-AI 2	I	Ground Channel 2
5	+AI 1	1	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7	+AI 3	I	+ Channel 3
8	-AI 3	I	Ground Channel 3

I: Input

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

## Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	AI 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h

### Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

031-1CD35 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

## 3.21.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD35
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0413 15C4
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	65 mA
Power loss	0.9 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	25 mA
Voltage inputs	✓
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	200 kΩ
Input voltage ranges	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.1%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	max. 30V
Current inputs	-
Current inputs  Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Max. input resistance (current range) Input current ranges Operational limit of current ranges Operational limit of current ranges with SFU Basic error limit current ranges Radical error limit current ranges with SFU Destruction limit current inputs (voltage) Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current) Resistance inputs Resistance ranges Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU Basic error limit	-

031-1CD35 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD35
Resistance thermometer ranges	
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	,
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	
Temperature error internal compensation	
Technical unit of temperature measurement	
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	480 µs all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB at 50Hz (UCM<9V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	
Between channels of groups to	

031-1CD35 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD35
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 9 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Technical data encoder supply	
Number of outputs	-
Output voltage (typ)	-
Output voltage (rated value)	-
Short-circuit protection	-
Binding of potential	-
Datasizes	
Input bytes	8
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	9
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1CD35 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

#### 3.21.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression	00h	01h	3100h	01h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	10h	80h	3101h	02h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	10h	81h	3102h	03h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	10h	82h	3103h	04h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	10h	83h	3104h	05h

## SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 1, 0: Interference frequency suppression channel 0</li> <li>Bit 3, 2: Interference frequency suppression channel 1</li> <li>Bit 5, 4: Interference frequency suppression channel 2</li> <li>Bit 7, 6: Interference frequency suppression channel 3 <ul> <li>00: deactivated</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul> </li> <li>e.g.: 10101010: all channels frequency suppression 50Hz</li> </ul>

## CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

031-1CD35 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

#### 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 U
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27046
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384

### 3.21.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- Power supply failed
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h

031-1CD35 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERRCH 7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 3 0: module class  — 0101b analog module
	<ul><li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li><li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li></ul>

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

031-1CD35 - AI 4x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

### CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 5 1: reserved</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>

## CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	reserved	

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

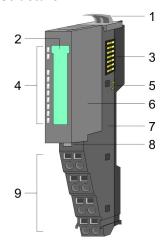
## 3.22 031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

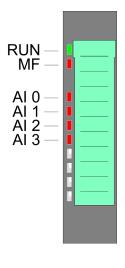
- 4 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 20mA;
  - 4 ... 20mA with external supply
- Interrupt and diagnostics function
- Interference frequency suppression parameterizable (50/60Hz)
- 16bit resolution
- Chap. 3.23 '031-1CD45 AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA' page 261 with limited parameter set

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- B Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

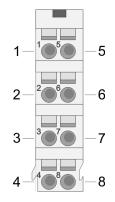
#### Status indication



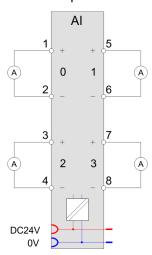
RUN green	MF red	Al x	Description
•		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK
•	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error
	•	X	Bus communication is not possible Module status reports an error
		X	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration <i>⇔</i> Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
•		•	Error channel x  ■ Signal leaves measuring range ■ Error in parameterization
not relevant: X			

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3	+AI 2	I	+ Channel 2
4	-AI 2	I	Ground Channel 2
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7	+AI 3	1	+ Channel 3
8	-AI 3	1	Ground Channel 3

I: Input



If a 2wire measuring transducer is used, you have to connect in line an external power supply.

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

## Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	Al 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	Al 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h

## Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

## 3.22.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD40
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0412 1544
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	65 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Voltage inputs	+
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	+
Input voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	2
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	
Destruction limit voltage	
Current inputs	✓
Max. input resistance (current range)	60 Ω
Input current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.2%
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.1%
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	max. 24V
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	max. 40mA

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD40
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	240 μs all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB (UCM<4V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD40
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 4 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	8
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	32
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	60 g
Weight including accessories	60 g
Gross weight	74 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD40
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

#### 3.22.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostics*	00h	00h	3100h	01h
RES1	1	reserved*	00h	00h	3101h	02h
LIMIT_EN	1	Limit value monitoring*	00h	00h	3102h	03h
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	00h	01h	3103h	04h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3104h	05h
RES7	1	reserved	00h	80h	3105h	06h
CH0UL	2	Upper limit value channel 0	7FFFh	80h	3106h31 07h	07h
CH0LL	2	Lower limit value channel 0	8000h	80h	3108h31 09h	08h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	310Ah	09h
RES13	1	reserved	00h	81h	310Bh	0Ah
CH1UL	2	Upper limit value channel 1	7FFFh	81h	310Ch31 0Dh	0Bh
CH1LL	2	Lower limit value channel 1	8000h	81h	310Eh31 0Fh	0Ch
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	31h	82h	3110h	0Dh
RES19	1	reserved	00h	82h	3111h	0Eh
CH2UL	2	Upper limit value channel 2	7FFFh	82h	3112h311 3h	0Fh
CH2LL	2	Lower limit value channel 2	8000h	82h	3114h311 5h	10h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	31h	83h	3116h	11h
RES25	1	reserved	00h	83h	3117h	12h
CH3UL	2	Upper limit value channel 3	7FFFh	83h	3118h311 9h	13h
CH3LL	2	Lower limit value channel 3	8000h	83h	311Ah311 Bh	14h
* This record set may only be transferred at STOP state						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

# **DIAG\_EN Diagnostic inter-**rupt

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

# LIMIT\_EN Limit value monitoring

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit value monitoring channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit value monitoring channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Limit value monitoring channel 2 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Limit value monitoring channel 3 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 1, 0: Interference frequency suppression channel 0</li> <li>Bit 3, 2: Interference frequency suppression channel 1</li> <li>Bit 5, 4: Interference frequency suppression channel 2</li> <li>Bit 7, 6: Interference frequency suppression channel 3</li> <li>00: deactivated</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul>
	e.g.: 10101010: all channels frequency suppression 50Hz

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

#### 0(4) ... 20mA

Meas. range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas	
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)				
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 I	
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{1}{20}$	
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h			
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{27648}$	
	-3.52mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27648	
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16204 I	
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$	
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h			
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{16384}$	
	-4,00mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384	
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$	
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	16	
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{27648} + 4$	
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{1}{27648} + 4$	
	1.19mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange		
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$	
Siemens S5 format (40h)	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 10384 \cdot \frac{16}{16}$	
	12mA	8192	2000h		16	
	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{16384} + 4$	
	0.8mA	-3277	F333h	underrange		

CHxUL CHxLL Upper limit value Lower limit value channel x

For each channel an *upper* and a *lower limit* may be defined. Here only values of the nominal range may be preset, otherwise you receive a parameterization error. By presetting 7FFFh for the upper respectively 8000h for the lower limit value the corresponding limit is deactivated. As soon as the measuring value is beyond the limits and the limit value monitoring is activated, a process interrupt is initialized.

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostics and interrupt

# 3.22.3 Diagnostics and interrupt

Event	Process	Diagnostics	parameterizable
	interrupt	interrupt	
Error in project engineering/	-	X	-
parameterization			
Measuring range overflow	-	X	-
Measuring range underflow	-	X	-
Limit overflow	X	-	X
Limit underflow	X	-	X
Diagnostic buffer overflow	-	X	-
Communication error	-	X	-
Process interrupt lost	-	X	-

#### **Process interrupt**

So you may react to asynchronous events, there is the possibility to activate a process interrupt. A process interrupt interrupts the linear program sequence and jumps depending on the master system to a corresponding Interrupt routine. Here you can react to the process interrupt accordingly.

With CANopen the process interrupt data a transferred via an emergency telegram.

Operating with CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the process interrupt data were transferred via diagnostics telegram.

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5000h

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	SX
PRIT_OL	1	Upper limit overflow channel x	00h	02h
PRIT_UL	1	Lower limit underflow channel x	00h	03h
PRIT_US	2	µs-Ticker	00h	04h (high byte)
				05h (low byte)

#### PRIT OL Limit overflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit overflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit overflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 2: Limit overflow channel 2</li> <li>Bit 3: Limit overflow channel 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostics and interrupt

### PRIT\_UL Limit underflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit underflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit underflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 2: Limit underflow channel 2</li> <li>Bit 3: Limit underflow channel 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

#### PRIT\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
0 1	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic.

#### µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a 32 bit timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ -1 $\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again. PRIT\_US represents the lower 2 byte of the  $\mu$ s ticker value (0 ...  $2^{16}$ -1).

#### Diagnostic data

Via the parameterization you may activate a diagnostic interrupt for the module. With a diagnostics interrupt the module serves for diagnostics data for diagnostic interrupt $_{incoming}$ . As soon as the reason for releasing a diagnostic interrupt is no longer present, the diagnostic interrupt $_{going}$  automatically takes place. All events of a channel between diagnostic interrupt $_{incoming}$  and diagnostic interrupt $_{going}$  are not stored and get lost. Within this time window (1. diagnostic interrupt $_{incoming}$  until last diagnostic interrupt $_{going}$ ) the MF-LED of the module is on.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- Process interrupt lost
- Power supply failed
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostics and interrupt

Name	Bytes	Function Default DS		IX	SX	
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERRCH 7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

# ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

# ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	<ul><li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li><li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li></ul>		
	Bit 4: set at internal communication error		
	■ Bit 5: reserved		
	■ Bit 6: set at process interrupt lost		
	■ Bit 7: reserved		

# **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1CD40 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostics and interrupt

### **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

### CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error channel x:			
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 4 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 5: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>			

# CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1CD45 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

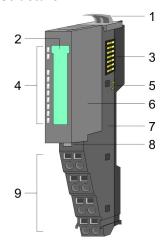
# 3.23 031-1CD45 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

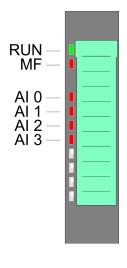
- 4 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 20mA;
  - 4 ... 20mA with external supply
- Diagnostics function
- Interference frequency suppression parameterizable (50/60Hz)
- 16bit resolution
- \$\&Chap. 3.22 '031-1CD40 AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA' page 248 with extended parameter set

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- B Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

#### Status indication

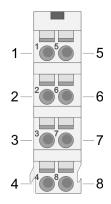


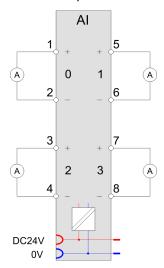
RUN green	MF red	Al x red	Description
•		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK
•	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error
	•	x	Bus communication is not possible  Module status reports an error
		X	Error at bus power supply
Χ	ZHz	X	Error in configuration & Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
		•	<ul><li>Error channel x</li><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>
not relevant: X			

031-1CD45 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3	+AI 2	I	+ Channel 2
4	-AI 2	I	Ground Channel 2
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-Al 1	1	Ground Channel 1
7	+AI 3	1	+ Channel 3
8	-AI 3	1	Ground Channel 3

#### I: Input



If a 2wire measuring transducer is used, you have to connect in line an external power supply.

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	Al 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

031-1CD45 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	AI 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h

# Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

# 3.23.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD45
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0414 15C4
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	65 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Voltage inputs	-
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	-
Input voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	-
Current inputs	✓
Max. input resistance (current range)	60 Ω
Input current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.2%
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.1%
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	max. 24V
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	max. 40mA

031-1CD45 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD45
Resistance inputs	
Resistance ranges	
Operational limit of resistor ranges	
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	
Basic error limit	
Basic error limit with SFU	
Destruction limit resistance inputs	
Resistance thermometer inputs	
Resistance thermometer ranges	
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	240 μs all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB (UCM<4V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no

031-1CD45 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD45
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 4 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Technical data encoder supply	
Number of outputs	-
Output voltage (typ)	-
Output voltage (rated value)	-
Short-circuit protection	-
Binding of potential	-
Datasizes	
Input bytes	8
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	9
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	60 g
Weight including accessories	60 g

031-1CD45 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

Order no.	031-1CD45
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

### 3.23.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	00h	01h	3100h	01h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3101h	02h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	3102h	03h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	31h	82h	3103h	04h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	31h	83h	3104h	05h

# SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 1, 0: Interference frequency suppression channel 0</li> <li>Bit 3, 2: Interference frequency suppression channel 1</li> <li>Bit 5, 4: Interference frequency suppression channel 2</li> <li>Bit 7, 6: Interference frequency suppression channel 3</li> <li>00: deactivated</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul>
	e.g.: 10101010: all channels frequency suppression 50Hz

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

031-1CD45 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

#### 0(4) ... 20mA

Meas. range (funct. no.)	Current (I)	Decimal (D)	Hex	Range	Formulas
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	I
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h		
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{27648}$
	-3.52mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27648
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16204 I
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I}{20}$
S5 format	10mA	A 8192 2000h			
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{20}{16384}$
	-4,00mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	16
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{27648} + 4$
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$1 - D \cdot \frac{1}{27648} + 4$
	1.19mA	-4864	ED00h	underrange	
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{I-4}{16}$
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	16
S5 format	12mA	8192	2000h		16
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$I = D \cdot \frac{16}{16384} + 4$
	0.8mA	-3277	F333h	underrange	

#### 3.23.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- Power supply failed
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1CD45 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERRCH 7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

# ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0						
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>						

# ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0						
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>						

031-1CD45 - AI 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0								
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>								

### **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0								
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>								

### CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0						
0	Channel-specific error channel x:						
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 5 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>						

# CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

# DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V

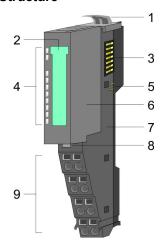
#### 3.24 031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 inputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

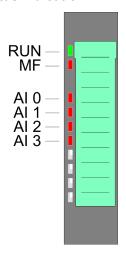
- 4 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with ±10V, 0 ... 10V
- Interrupt and diagnostics function
- Interference frequency suppression parameterizable (50/60Hz)
- 16bit resolution

#### Structure



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

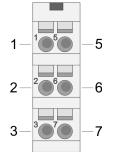
#### Status indication



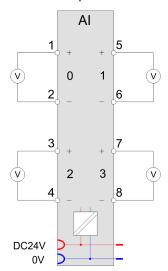
RUN green	MF red	Al x ■ red	Description	
•		X	Bus communication is OK Module status is OK	
•	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error	
		X	Bus communication is not possible Module status reports an error	
		X	Error at bus power supply	
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration & Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30	
•		•	Error channel x  ■ Signal leaves measuring range ■ Error in parameterization	
not relevant: X				

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3	+AI 2	I	+ Channel 2
4	-AI 2	I	Ground Channel 2
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7	+AI 3	I	+ Channel 3
8	-AI 3	I	Ground Channel 3

I: Input

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	AI 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h

#### Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V > Technical data

# 3.24.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD70
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	040E 1544
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	65 mA
Power loss	0.9 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	25 mA
Voltage inputs	✓
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	200 kΩ
Input voltage ranges	-10 V +10 V
	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.1%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	max. 30V
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Input current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD70
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	-
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	successive approximation
Basic conversion time	480 μs all channels
Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB at 50Hz (UCM<35V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1CD70
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 9 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	8
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	32
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V > Parameter data

### 3.24.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostics*	00h	00h	3100h	01h
RES1	1	reserved*	00h	00h	3101h	02h
LIMIT_EN	1	Limit value monitoring*	00h	00h	3102h	03h
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	00h	01h	3103h	04h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	12h	80h	3104h	05h
RES7	1	reserved	00h	80h	3105h	06h
CH0UL	2	Upper limit value channel 0	7FFFh	80h	3106h310 7h	07h
CH0LL	2	Lower limit value channel 0	8000h	80h	3108h310 9h	08h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	12h	81h	310Ah	09h
RES13	1	reserved	00h	81h	310Bh	0Ah
CH1UL	2	Upper limit value channel 1	7FFFh	81h	310Ch310 Dh	0Bh
CH1LL	2	Lower limit value channel 1	8000h	81h	310Eh310 Fh	0Ch
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	12h	82h	3110h	0Dh
RES19	1	reserved	00h	82h	3111h	0Eh
CH2UL	2	Upper limit value channel 2	7FFFh	82h	3112h311 3h	0Fh
CH2LL	2	Lower limit value channel 2	8000h	82h	3114h311 5h	10h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	12h	83h	3116h	11h
RES25	1	reserved	00h	83h	3117h	12h
CH3UL	2	Upper limit value channel 3	7FFFh	83h	3118h311 9h	13h
CH3LL	2	Lower limit value channel 3	8000h	83h	311Ah311 Bh	14h
* This record set ma	av only be transfer	red at STOP state				

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.

031-1CD70 - Al 4x16Bit ±10V > Parameter data

# **DIAG\_EN Diagnostic inter-**rupt

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

# LIMIT\_EN Limit value monitoring

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit value monitoring channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit value monitoring channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Limit value monitoring channel 2 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Limit value monitoring channel 3 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 1, 0: Interference frequency suppression channel 0</li> <li>Bit 3, 2: Interference frequency suppression channel 1</li> <li>Bit 5, 4: Interference frequency suppression channel 2</li> <li>Bit 7, 6: Interference frequency suppression channel 3</li> <li>00: deactivated</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> </ul>
	e.g.: 10101010: all channels frequency suppression 50Hz

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V > Parameter data

#### **±10V**

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 U
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-5V	-13824	CA00h		2/048
	-10V	-27648	9400h		
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange	
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(22h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16384}$
	-5V	-8192	E000h		16384
	-10V	-16384	C000h		
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange	

#### 0 ... 10V

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
Siemens S7 format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27048 \cdot \frac{10}{10}$
(10h)	5V	13824	3600h		10
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{27648}$
	-1.76V	-4864	ED00h	underrange	27048
0 10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16294 U
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{10}$
(20h)	5V	8192	2000h		
	0V	0	0000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{10}{16204}$
	-2V	-3277	F333h	underrange	16384

CHxUL CHxLL Upper limit value Lower limit value channel x

For each channel an *upper* and a *lower limit* may be defined. Here only values of the nominal range may be preset, otherwise you receive a parameterization error. By presetting 7FFFh for the upper respectively 8000h for the lower limit value the corresponding limit is deactivated. As soon as the measuring value is beyond the limits and the limit value monitoring is activated, a process interrupt is initialized.

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

### 3.24.3 Diagnostics and interrupt

Event	Process interrupt	Diagnostics interrupt	parameterizable
Error in project engineering/	-	X	-
parameterization			
Measuring range overflow	-	X	-
Measuring range underflow	-	X	-
Limit overflow	X	-	X
Limit underflow	X	-	X
Diagnostic buffer overflow	-	X	-
Communication error	-	X	-
Process interrupt lost	-	X	-

#### **Process interrupt**

So you may react to asynchronous events, there is the possibility to activate a process interrupt. A process interrupt interrupts the linear program sequence and jumps depending on the master system to a corresponding Interrupt routine. Here you can react to the process interrupt accordingly.

With CANopen the process interrupt data a transferred via an emergency telegram.

Operating with CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the process interrupt data were transferred via diagnostics telegram.

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5000h

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	SX
PRIT_OL	1	Upper limit overflow channel x	00h	02h
PRIT_UL	1	Lower limit underflow channel x	00h	03h
PRIT_US	2	µs-Ticker	00h	04h (high byte)
				05h (low byte)

#### PRIT\_OL Limit overflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit overflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit overflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 2: Limit overflow channel 2</li> <li>Bit 3: Limit overflow channel 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

### PRIT\_UL Limit underflow

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Limit underflow channel 0</li> <li>Bit 1: Limit underflow channel 1</li> <li>Bit 2: Limit underflow channel 2</li> <li>Bit 3: Limit underflow channel 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

#### PRIT\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
0 1	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic.

#### μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a 32 bit timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ -1 $\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again. PRIT\_US represents the lower 2 byte of the  $\mu$ s ticker value (0 ...  $2^{16}$ -1).

#### Diagnostic data

Via the parameterization you may activate a diagnostic interrupt for the module. With a diagnostics interrupt the module serves for diagnostics data for diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{incoming}}$ . As soon as the reason for releasing a diagnostic interrupt is no longer present, the diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{going}}$  automatically takes place. All events of a channel between diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{incoming}}$  and diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{going}}$  are not stored and get lost. Within this time window (1. diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{incoming}}$  until last diagnostic interrupt $_{\text{going}}$ ) the MF-LED of the module is on.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- Process interrupt lost
- Power supply failed
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH4ERRCH 7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

# ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	■ Bit 3 0: module class  - 0101b analog module		
	<ul><li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li><li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li></ul>		

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

# **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte
0

# **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

031-1CD70 - AI 4x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostics and interrupt

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 4 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 5: set at process interrupt lost</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>

# CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ -1 $\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1LB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC

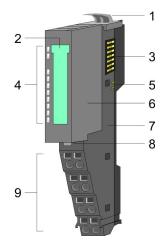
#### 3.25 031-1LB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 inputs for temperature and voltage measuring with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are isolated to the backplane bus.

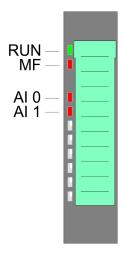
- 2 analog inputs
- Suited for sensors with type J, K, N, R, S, T, B, C, E, L and for voltage measuring ± 80mV
- Diagnostics function
- 16bit resolution
- Internal temperature compensation
- High potential gradient of DC140V/AC60V between the inputs

#### Structure



- Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

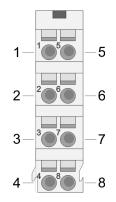
#### Status indication



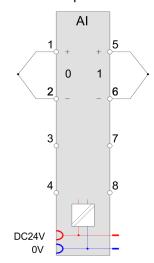
RUN green	MF red	Al x ■ red	Description
•		Х	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK
		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error
		x	Bus communication is not possible Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
Χ	ZHz	X	Error in configuration <i>⇔</i> Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
•		•	<ul> <li>Error channel x</li> <li>Signal leaves measuring range</li> <li>Error in parameterization</li> <li>Wire break (if parameterized)</li> </ul>
not relevant: X			

031-1LB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+TC 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-TC 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	+TC 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-TC 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7			not connected
8			not connected

I: Input



#### **CAUTION!**

Please consider that the electronic module AI 2x16Bit TC may exclusively be used together with the terminal module 001-0AA20!



Please take care of the correct polarity when installing the sensors!

Please install short circuits at non-used inputs by connecting the positive contact with the channel ground of the according channel.

# Supplementation to the installation guidelines

To avoid variations in temperature within the module, which may affect the accuracy of the measurement, you should consider the following points when assembling:

- Do not arrange the module directly apart from a power module with a high feeding current.
- Do not install the module at the end of a line.
- The module should be in a static condition, i.e. the temperature should be as constant as possible in the environment of your module (closed switchgear cabinet free from air draught).
- The accuracy is reached after approx. 30 minutes after entering the static condition.

031-1LB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Technical data

#### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

#### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h

### Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

#### 3.25.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1LB90
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	040F 1543
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	55 mA
Power loss	1 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	30 mA
Voltage inputs	-
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	10 ΜΩ
Input voltage ranges	-80 mV +80 mV
Operational limit of voltage ranges	±0.3%
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	±0.1%
Basic error limit voltage ranges	±0.25%
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	±0.05%
Destruction limit voltage	max. 20V
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-
Input current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-

031-1LB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Technical data

Order no.	031-1LB90
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Resistance inputs	-
Resistance ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges	-
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit	-
Basic error limit with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance inputs	-
Resistance thermometer inputs	-
Resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	-
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	-
Thermocouple inputs	✓
Thermocouple ranges	type B
	type C
	type E
	type J type K
	type L
	type N
	type R
	type S
	type T
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	Type E, L, T, J, K, N: ±2.5K / Type B, C, R, S: ±8.0K
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	Type E, L, T, J, K, N: ±1.5K / Type B, C, R, S: ±4.0K
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	Type E, L, T, J, K, N: ±2.0K / Type B, C, R, S: ±7.0K
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	Type E, L, T, J, K, N: ±1.0K / Type B, C, R, S: ±3.0K
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	max. 20V
Programmable temperature compensation	✓

031-1LB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Technical data

Order no.	031-1LB90
External temperature compensation	✓
Internal temperature compensation	✓
Temperature error internal compensation	1 K
Technical unit of temperature measurement	°C, °F, K
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	Sigma-Delta
Basic conversion time	84.2 ms (50 Hz) 70.5 ms (60 Hz) per channel
Noise suppression for frequency	>90dB at 50Hz (UCM<10V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	-
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	4
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	10
Diagnostic bytes	20

031-1LB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Technical data

Order no.	031-1LB90
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	58 g
Weight including accessories	58 g
Gross weight	72 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

The indicated error limits are valid starting from the following temperatures:

- Thermoelement type T: -200 °C
- Thermoelement type K: -100 °C
- Thermoelement type B: +700 °C
- Thermoelement type N: -150 °C
- Thermoelement type E: -150 °C
- Thermoelement type R: +200 °C
- Thermoelement type S: +100 °C
- Thermoelement type J: -100 °C

SFU: Interference frequency suppression

031-1LB90 - Al 2x16Bit TC > Parameter data

#### 3.25.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostics*	00h	00h	3100h	01h
WIBRK_EN	1	Wire break recognition*	00h	00h	3101h	02h
TEMPCNF	1	Temperature system	00h	01h	3102h	03h
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	02h	01h	3103h	04h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	C1h	80h	3104h	05h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	C1h	81h	3105h	06h
* This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.						

# **DIAG\_EN** Diagnostic interrupt

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

range overshoots.

# WIBRK\_EN Wire break recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Wire break recognition channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Wire break recognition channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>
Î	Due to the high sensitivity of the inputs, unused inputs should be deactivated in the parametrization. Due to the high input impedance, open inputs can be influenced by adjacent channels or due to the measuring method during wire break detection. Since the entire measuring range moves in the mV range, open-loop inputs can already cause measuring

# **TEMPCNF Temperature system**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 0, 1: Temperature system  - 00: °C  - 01: °F  - 10: K  ■ Bit 7 2: reserved

031-1LB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Parameter data

# SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0, 1: Interference frequency suppression</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

## **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated.

## Voltage

## -80 ... 80mV

Meas. range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
-80 80mV	94.07mV	32511	7EFFh	overrange	D 27649 U
Siemens S7 format	80mV	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$D = 27648 \cdot \frac{U}{80}$
(11h)	0V	0	0000h		
	-80mV	-27648	9400h		$U = D \cdot \frac{80}{27648}$
	-94.07mV	-32512	8100h	underrange	2/648
-80 80mV	100mV	20480	5000h	overrange	D 16204 U
Siemens S5 format	80mV	16384	4000h	nominal range	$D = 16384 \cdot \frac{U}{80}$
(21h)	0V	0	0000h		
	-80mV	-16384	C000h		$U = D \cdot \frac{80}{16384}$
	-100mV	-20480	B000h	underrange	16384

## **Temperature**

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value in °C (0.1°C/digit)	Measuring value in °F (0.1°F/digit)	Measuring value in K (0.1K/digit)	Range
Type J:	+14500	26420	17232	overrange
[Fe-Cu-Ni IEC]	-2100 +12000	-3460 21920	632 14732	nominal range
-210 +1200°C				underrange
-346 2192°F				
63.2 1473.2K				
(B0h: ext. comp. 0°C)				
(C0h: int. comp. 0°C)				
Type K:	+16220	29516	18952	overrange
[Ni-Cr-Ni]	-2700 +13720	-4540 25016	0 16452	nominal range
-270 +1372°C				
-454 2501.6°F				

031-1LB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Parameter data

Measuring range	Measuring value in °C	Measuring value in °F	Measuring value in K	Range
(funct. no.)	(0.1°C/digit)	(0.1°F/digit)	(0.1K/digit)	
0 1645.2K (B1h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C1h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type N:	+15500	28220	18232	overrange
[Ni-Cr-Si]	-2700 +13000	-4540 23720	0 15732	nominal range
-270 +1300°C -454 2372°F 0 1573.2K (B2h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C2h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type R:	+20190	32766	22922	overrange
[PtRh-Pt]	-500 +17690	-580 32162	2232 20422	nominal range
-50 +1769°C -58 3216.2°F 223.2 2042.2K (B3h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C3h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1700	-2740	1032	underrange
Type S:	+20190	32766	22922	overrange
[PtRh-Pt]	-500 <b>+17690</b>	-580 32162	2232 20422	nominal range
-50 +1769°C -58 3216.2°F 223.2 2042.2K (B4h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C4h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1700	-2740	1032	underrange
Type T:	+5400	10040	8132	overrange
[Cu-Cu-Ni]	-2700 +4000	-4540 <b>7520</b>	32 6732	nominal range
-270 +400°C -454 752°F 3.2 673.2K (B5h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C5h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type B:	+20700	32766	23432	overrange
[PtRh-PtRh]	0 +18200	320 27865	2732 20932	nominal range
0 +1820°C 32 2786.5°F 273.2 2093.2K (B6h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C6h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1200	-1840	1532	underrange

031-1LB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Diagnostic data

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value in °C (0.1°C/digit)	Measuring value in °F (0.1°F/digit)	Measuring value in K (0.1K/digit)	Range
Type C:	+25000	32766	23432	overrange
[WRe5-WRe26]	0 +23150	320 27865	2732 20932	nominal range
0 +2315°C 32 2786.5°F 273.2 2093.2K (B7h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C7h: int. comp. 0°C)	-1200	-1840	1532	underrange
Type E:	+12000	21920	14732	overrange
[Ni-Cr - Cu-Ni ]	-2700 +10000	-4540 18320	0 12732	nominal range
-270 +1000°C -454 1832°F 0 1273.2K (B8h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C8h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange
Type L:	+11500	21020	14232	overrange
[Fe-Cu-Ni]	-2000 +9000	-3280 16520	732 11732	nominal range
-200 +900°C -328 1652°F 73.2 1173.2K (B9h: ext. comp. 0°C) (C9h: int. comp. 0°C)				underrange

## 3.25.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1LB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
RES2	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

031-1LB90 - AI 2x16Bit TC > Diagnostic data

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0				
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>				

## CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error: Channel x:  Bit 0: set at project engineering/parameterization error  Bit 3 1: reserved  Bit 4: set at wire break  Bit 5: reserved  Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow

## CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD

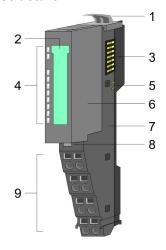
## 3.26 031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 inputs for resistance measurement with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are isolated to the backplane bus.

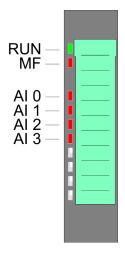
- 4 analog inputs
- Suited for resistance-type sensors 0 ... 3000Ω and resistance temperature sensors Pt100, Pt1000, NI100 and NI1000
- Resistance measurement with 2, 3 and 4 wire
   (3 and 4 wire only via channel 0 respectively 1)
- Diagnostics function
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

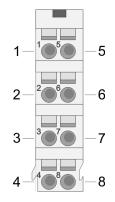
## Status indication



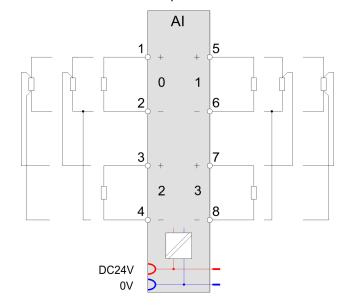
RUN green	MF red	Al x red	Description	
		X	Bus communication is OK	
		^	Module status is OK	
	_	X	Bus communication is OK	
	-	^	Module status reports an error	
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible	
		X	Module status reports an error	
		X	Error at bus power supply	
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30	
			Error channel x	
			<ul><li>Signal leaves measuring range</li><li>Error in parameterization</li><li>Wire break (if parameterized)</li></ul>	
not relevant: X				

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	+AI 0	I	+ Channel 0
2	-AI 0	I	Ground Channel 0
3	+AI 2	I	+ Channel 2
4	-AI 2	I	Ground Channel 2
5	+AI 1	I	+ Channel 1
6	-AI 1	I	Ground Channel 1
7	+AI 3	I	+ Channel 3
8	-AI 3	I	Ground Channel 3

I: Input

#### 2, 3, 4 wire measurement

At the pin assignment above you can see how the sensors are to be connected at 2, 3 respectively 4 wire measurement.

- With every channel a 2 wire measurement may be performed.
- 3 wire measurement is only possible via the channels 0 and 1.
  - Please consider with 3 wire measurement that the corresponding channel is always deactivated in the parametrization. The corresponding channel of channel 0 is channel 2 and of channel 1 is channel 3. Not used channels must always be de-activated in the parametrization.
- 4 wire measurement is only possible via the channels 0 and 1.
  - The measurement current for channel 0 is applied at pin 1 and 2. The measurement for channel 0 happens at pin 3 and 4. The analog value for channel 0 is represented in input word 0.
  - The measurement current for channel 1 is applied at pin 5 and 6. The measurement for channel 1 happens at pin 7 and 8. The analog value for channel 1 is represented in input word 1.
  - Please consider with 4 wire measurement that the corresponding channel is always deactivated in the parametrization. The corresponding channel of channel 0 is channel 2 and of channel 1 is channel 3. Not used channels must always be de-activated in the parametrization.

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Technical data

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

### Input area

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AI 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6401h/s	01h
+2	Al 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6401h/s+1	02h
+4	Al 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6401h/s+2	03h
+6	AI 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6401h/s+3	04h

## Output area

No byte of the output area is used by the module.

### 3.26.1 Technical data

Order no.	031-1LD80
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0410 1544
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	55 mA
Power loss	1 W
Technical data analog inputs	
Number of inputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	30 mA
Voltage inputs	-
Min. input resistance (voltage range)	-
Input voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit voltage	-
Current inputs	-
Max. input resistance (current range)	-

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Technical data

Order no.	031-1LD80
Input current ranges	
Operational limit of current ranges	
Operational limit of current ranges with SFU	
Basic error limit current ranges	
Radical error limit current ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit current inputs (voltage)	-
Destruction limit current inputs (electrical current)	-
Resistance inputs	✓
Resistance ranges	0 60 Ohm 0 600 Ohm 0 3000 Ohm
Operational limit of resistor ranges	+/- 0.4 %
Operational limit of resistor ranges with SFU	+/- 0,2 %
Basic error limit	+/- 0.2 %
Basic error limit with SFU	+/- 0,1 %
Destruction limit resistance inputs	max. 24V
Resistance thermometer inputs	✓
Resistance thermometer ranges	Pt100 Pt1000 Ni100 Ni1000
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges	+/- 0.4 %
Operational limit of resistance thermometer ranges with SFU	+/- 0,2 %
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges	+/- 0.2 %
Basic error limit thermoresistor ranges with SFU	+/- 0,1 %
Destruction limit resistance thermometer inputs	max. 24V
Thermocouple inputs	-
Thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges	-
Operational limit of thermocouple ranges with SFU	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges	-
Basic error limit thermoelement ranges with SFU	-
Destruction limit thermocouple inputs	-
Programmable temperature compensation	-
External temperature compensation	-
Internal temperature compensation	-

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Technical data

Order no.	031-1LD80
Temperature error internal compensation	-
Technical unit of temperature measurement	°C, °F, K
Resolution in bit	16
Measurement principle	Sigma-Delta
Basic conversion time	84.2 ms (50 Hz) 70.5 ms (60 Hz) per channel
Noise suppression for frequency	>80dB at 50Hz (UCM<6V)
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	-
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	DC 6 V
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	8
Output bytes	0
Parameter bytes	12
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Technical data

Order no.	031-1LD80
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

SFU: Interference frequency suppression

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Parameter data

#### 3.26.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
DIAG_EN	1	Diagnostic <sup>1</sup>	00h	00h	3100h	01h
WIBRK_EN	1	Wire break recognition <sup>1</sup>	00h	00h	3101h	02h
TEMPCNF	1	Temperature system	00h	01h	3102h	03h
SUPR	1	Interference frequency suppression (SFU)	02h	01h	3103h	04h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	50h	80h	3104h	05h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	50h	81h	3105h	06h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	50h <sup>2</sup>	82h	3106h	07h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	50h <sup>2</sup>	83h	3107h	08h

<sup>1)</sup> This record set may only be transferred at STOP state.

## **DIAG\_EN Diagnostic inter-**rupt

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Diagnostic interrupt</li><li>00h: disabled</li><li>40h: enabled</li></ul>

Here you can enable respectively disable the diagnostic interrupt.

## WIBRK\_EN Wire break recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Wire break recognition channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Wire break recognition channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Wire break recognition channel 2 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Wire break recognition channel 3 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

## **TEMPCNF Temperature** system

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 1, 0: Temperature system</li> <li>00: °C</li> <li>01: °F</li> <li>10: K</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

<sup>2)</sup> with 2 channel operation FFh

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Parameter data

## SUPR Interference frequency suppression (SFU)

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	<ul> <li>Bit 1, 0: Interference frequency suppression</li> <li>01: 60Hz</li> <li>10: 50Hz</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>	

## **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated.

Measuring range	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
(funct. no.)			
2 wire: PT100	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(50h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
2 wire: PT1000	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(51h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
2 wire: NI100	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(52h)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+</b> 2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
2 wire: NI1000	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(53h)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+</b> 2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
3 wire: PT100	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(58h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
3 wire: PT1000	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(59h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
3 wire: NI100	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(5Ah)	-60 +250°C	-600 +2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
3 wire: NI1000	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(5Bh)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+</b> 2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
4 wire: PT100	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(60h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Parameter data

Measuring range	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
(funct. no.)			
4 wire: PT1000	+1000°C	+10000	overrange
(61h)	-200 +850°C	-2000 +8500	nominal range
	-243°C	-2430	underrange
4 wire: NI100	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(62h)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+</b> 2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
4 wire: NI1000	+295°C	+2950	overrange
(63h)	-60 +250°C	-600 <b>+</b> 2500	nominal range
	-105°C	-1050	underrange
2 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
(70h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(71h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
2 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(72h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
(78h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(79h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
(7Ah)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 60Ω			overrange
(80h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
(81h)	0 600Ω	0 32767	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 3000Ω			overrange
(82h)	0 3000Ω	0 32767	nominal range

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Parameter data

(funct. no.)        underrange         2 wire: 0 60Ω        overrange         (90h)       0 60Ω       0 6000       nominal range          underrange         2 wire: 0 600Ω        overrange         (91h)       0 600Ω       0 6000       nominal range          underrange         2 wire: 0 3000Ω        overrange         (92h)       0 3000Ω       0 3000Ω       nominal range         3 wire: 0 60Ω         overrange         (98h)       0 60Ω       0 6000       nominal range           underrange         3 wire: 0 60ΩΩ         overrange         3 wire: 0 60ΩΩ         overrange	Measuring range	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(funct. no.)			
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				underrange
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(90h)	0 60Ω	0 6000	nominal range
				underrange
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(91h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				underrange
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
$3 \text{ wire: } 0 \dots 60 \Omega$ overrange	(92h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 30000	nominal range
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				underrange
underrange	3 wire: 0 $60\Omega$			overrange
	(98h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
3 wire: $0 \dots 600\Omega$ overrange				underrange
	3 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
$0 \dots 600\Omega \hspace{1cm} 0 \dots 6000 \hspace{1cm} \text{nominal range}$	(99h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
underrange				underrange
3 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$ overrange	3 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
$0 \dots 3000\Omega \hspace{1cm} 0 \dots 30000 \hspace{1cm} \text{nominal range}$	(9Ah)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 30000	nominal range
underrange				underrange
4 wire: $0 \dots 60\Omega$ overrange	4 wire: 0 60Ω			overrange
$0 \dots 6000 \hspace{1.5cm} 0 \dots 6000 \hspace{1.5cm} nominal \ range$	(A0h)	0 60Ω	0 6000	nominal range
underrange				underrange
4 wire: $0 \dots 600\Omega$ overrange	4 wire: 0 $600\Omega$			overrange
$0 \dots 600\Omega \hspace{1cm} 0 \dots 6000 \hspace{1cm} nominal \ range$	(A1h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 6000	nominal range
underrange				underrange
4 wire: $0 \dots 3000\Omega$ overrange	4 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$			overrange
$0 \dots 3000\Omega \hspace{1cm} 0 \dots 30000 \hspace{1cm} \text{nominal range}$	(A2h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 30000	nominal range
underrange				underrange
2 wire: $0 \dots 60\Omega$ $70.55\Omega$ 32511 overrange	2 wire: 0 $60\Omega$	70.55Ω	32511	overrange
(D0h) $0 \dots 60\Omega$ $0 \dots 27648$ nominal range	(D0h)	$0 \dots 60\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
underrange				underrange
2 wire: $0 \dots 600\Omega$ 705.5 $\Omega$ 32511 overrange	2 wire: 0 $600\Omega$	705.5Ω	32511	overrange
(D1h) $0 \dots 600\Omega$ $0 \dots 27648$ nominal range	(D1h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
underrange				underrange
2 wire: $0 \dots 3000\Omega$ 3528 $\Omega$ 32511 overrange	2 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$	3528Ω	32511	overrange

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Diagnostic data

Measuring range (funct. no.)	Measuring value	Signal range	Range
(D2h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $60\Omega$	$70.55\Omega$	32511	overrange
(D8h)	0 60Ω	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: 0 $600\Omega$	705.5Ω	32511	overrange
(D9h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
3 wire: $0 \dots 3000\Omega$ (DAh)	$3528\Omega$	32511	overrange
	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 60Ω	$70.55\Omega$	32511	overrange
(E0h)	0 60Ω	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 600Ω	$705.5\Omega$	32511	overrange
(E1h)	$0 \dots 600\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange
4 wire: 0 $3000\Omega$	$3528\Omega$	32511	overrange
(E2h)	$0 \dots 3000\Omega$	0 27648	nominal range
			underrange

### 3.26.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Measuring range overflow
- Measuring range underflow
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERRCH 7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

## **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 2 0: reserved
	■ Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow
	■ Bit 4: set at internal communication error
	■ Bit 7 5: reserved

031-1LD80 - AI 4x16Bit R/RTD > Diagnostic data

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>■ Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>■ Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

## CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0						
0	Channel-specific error: channel x:						
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in project engineering/parameterization</li> <li>Bit 3 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 4: set at wire break</li> <li>Bit 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 6: set at measuring range underflow</li> <li>Bit 7: set at measuring range overflow</li> </ul>						

## CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer (µs ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ -1µs the timer starts with 0 again.

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V

#### 3.27 031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V

#### **Properties**

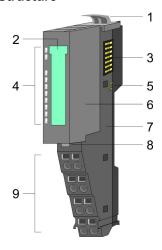
The following modules are available:

031-1PA00: Al1x 3Ph 230/400V 1A
 031-1PA10: Al1x 3Ph 230/400V 5A

The modules allow the measurement of electric data for counting energy and power measurement. Here, the voltage measurement of the individual phases is done directly (or indirectly via voltage transformers) and the current measurement indirectly via current transformers. When 5A current transformers are used, energy measurement can only be performed on devices in 3-phase operation. When 1A current transformers are used, the measurement inputs can be fed from the same phase.

- Retentive storage of the energy values
- Diagnostic function
- Resolution of the measured value 24bit
- The following measurands can be found in 4-quadrant operation:
  - Voltage, current
  - Electrical power
  - Electrical work
  - Harmonics
  - Phase shift cos φ
  - Frequency

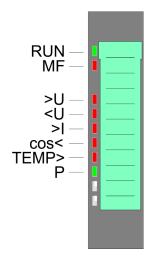
#### **Structure**



- Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V

#### **Status indication**



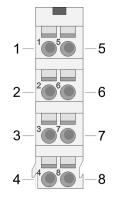
LED		Description		
RUN	green	Bus communication is OK		
KON		off: Error at bus power supply		
	red	Module status reports an error		
	Teu	Bus communication is not possible		
MF		off: Module status is OK		
	red	Flashes: Error in configuration		
	2Hz	∜ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30		
>U		Voltage in the parametrized range		
<b>-</b> 0	red	Voltage limit value exceeded		
		Voltage in the parametrized range		
<u< td=""><td>red</td><td>Voltage limit value undershot</td></u<>	red	Voltage limit value undershot		
	Teu	(omitted in 1-phase operation)		
>		Current in the parametrized range		
~1	red	Current limit value exceeded		
		Phase shift $\cos \phi$ in the parametrized range		
cos<	red	Phase shift $\cos \phi$ limit value undershot		
		(omitted in 1-phase operation)		
TEMP>		Temperature in the parametrized range		
I CIVIF >	red	Temperature limit value exceeded		
		P: Proportional power		
P	green	blinks with increasing frequency proportional to the active power at 20 pulses/Wh. The current transformer factor is not considered.		

If the limit value is exceeded, the corresponding LED lights up. After the acknowledgment of the 'status bits' the corresponding LED goes out again.

031-1PA10 ∜ 'Status bits' page 332 031-1PA00 ∜ 'Status bits' page 336

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a core cross-section of 0.08mm² up to 1.5mm². The measurement of current respectively voltage is done indirectly by current respectively voltage transformers. § Chap. 3.27.4 'Connection' page 321

Pos.	Function	Type	Description
1	L1	I	Voltage measurement L1
2	L2	I	Voltage measurement L2
3	L3	I	Voltage measurement L3
4	N	I	Voltage measurement N
5	I <sub>L1</sub>	I	Current measurement I <sub>L1</sub>
6	I <sub>L2</sub>	I	Current measurement I <sub>L2</sub>
7	$I_{L3}$	I	Current measurement I <sub>L3</sub>
8	I <sub>N</sub>	I	Current measurement I <sub>N</sub>
I: Input			

I: Input



#### **DANGER!**

#### Please observe safety instructions!

With the energy measurement modules only AC voltages 230/400 V and currents can be measured. Please observe the safety instructions when handling an energy measuring module! § Chap. 3.27.2 'Safety precautions' page 315

### In-/Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the input respectively output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 6000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

## Input area

Addr.	Name	Byte	Function	IX	SX
+0	B0 B3	4	Header byte 0 3	6401h/s	01h
+4	D00 D11	12	User data input byte 0 11	6401h/s+1	02h

## Output area

Addr.	Name	Byte	Function	IX	SX
+0	B0 B3	4	Header byte 0 3	6401h/s	01h
+4	D00 D11	12	User data output byte 0 11	6401h/s+1	02h

♦ Chap. 3.27.7 'Process data communication' page 337

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Technical data

## 3.27.1 Technical data

## 3.27.1.1 031-1PA10

Order no.	031-1PA10
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0884 2880
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	60 mA
Power loss	0.9 W
Rated load voltage	-
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	-
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Insulation tested with	AC 2200 V
Energy measurement	
Number of channels for measuring	1* 13 phases U/I
Voltage measuring range	0300 V each phase
Coupling voltage measurement	directly or transformer
Current range	05 A each phase
Coupling current measurement	Transformer
Frequency range	4664 Hz
Measurement accuracy	1 %

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1PA10
Available measurement	Active energy
	Temperature
	Frequency
	Voltage RMS
	Current RMS
	Active power
	Reactive power
	Apparent power
	Cos phi
	Harmonic voltage RMS Harmonic current RMS
Adjustable limits	
Aujustable IIIIIIIs	Voltage RMS min/max Current RMS min/max
	Cos phi min
	Temperature max.
	Frequency min/max
Datasizes	. ,
Input bytes	16
Output bytes	16
Parameter bytes	30
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	57 g
Weight including accessories	57 g
Gross weight	71 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	-
KC certification	-

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Technical data

## The Measurement accuracy $\pm 1~\%$ is maintained from:

Measurand	Measuring range
Voltage	$230~V\pm15\%$
Current	Current at measuring input ( $I_{L1L3}$ - $I_N$ ) 0 5A
Cos φ	Current at measuring input $(I_{L1L3} - I_N) \ge 100 \text{mA}$
Power	Current at measuring input $(I_{L1L3} - I_N) \ge 2mA$
Active energy	Current at measuring input $(I_{L1L3} - I_N) \ge 2mA$

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Technical data

## 3.27.1.2 031-1PA00

Order no.	031-1PA00
Туре	SM 031
Module ID	0882 2880
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	60 mA
Power loss	0.9 W
Rated load voltage	
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	yes, parameterizable
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes, parameterizable
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Module state	green LED
Module error display	red LED
Channel error display	-
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Insulation tested with	AC 2200 V
Energy measurement	
Number of channels for measuring	1* 13 phases U/I
Voltage measuring range	0300 V each phase
Coupling voltage measurement	directly
Current range	01 A each phase
Coupling current measurement	Transformer
Frequency range	4664 Hz
Measurement accuracy	1 %

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Technical data

Order no.	031-1PA00
Available measurement	Active energy
	Temperature
	Frequency
	Voltage RMS
	Current RMS
	Active power
	Reactive power
	Apparent power
	Cos phi
	Harmonic voltage RMS Harmonic current RMS
Adjustable limits	
Aujustable IIIIIIIs	Voltage RMS min/max Current RMS min/max
	Cos phi min
	Temperature max.
	Frequency min/max
Datasizes	. ,
Input bytes	16
Output bytes	16
Parameter bytes	28
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	57 g
Weight including accessories	57 g
Gross weight	71 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	-
KC certification	-

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Safety precautions

#### The Measurement accuracy ±1 % is maintained from:

Measurand	Measuring range
Voltage	$230~V\pm15\%$
Current	Current at measuring input ( $I_{L1L3}$ - $I_N$ ) 0 1A
Cos φ	Current at measuring input $(I_{L1L3} - I_N) \ge 100 \text{mA}$
Power	Current at measuring input $(I_{L1L3} - I_N) \ge 2mA$
Active energy	Current at measuring input $(I_{L1L3} - I_N) \ge 2mA$

## 3.27.2 Safety precautions

#### Please note!

With the energy measurement modules only AC voltages 230/400V and currents can be measured. Please note when using an energy measurement module the following safety instructions:



#### DANGER!

#### No use in EX-zone permitted!

This device is not certified for applications in explosive environments (EX-zone)!



#### **DANGER!**

#### Do not exchange phase and neutral connections!

Operation of the energy measuring module with phase (L1, L2 or L3) at 'N' (pin 4) is not permitted!



#### DANGER!

#### Connection and module exchange only without power!

- Before you start to work on at the module for installation or maintenance, you have to disconnect it from the main power source, i.e. the power line is to be switched off (possibly remove fuses)!
- The electronic module may only be replaced on power off!
- Only properly qualified electrical staff is allowed to install, connect and/or modify electrical equipment!
- Please adhere to the national rules and regulations of the location and/or country where the units are installed (installation, safety precautions, EMC ...).



#### **DANGER!**

## Provide overvoltage protection!

The module is designed for overvoltage category II. Provide a corresponding overvoltage protection in the supply lines (phases and neutral) so that a hazard to persons by touching on the low voltage side is excluded.

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Safety precautions



#### **DANGER!**

#### Provide touch protection!

Provide a touch protected wiring of the measurement including the measuring transformers and mark it with the according warnings!



#### **DANGER!**

## No use with System SLIO safety modules!

The simultaneous use of energy measurement modules and System SLIO safety modules on the backplane bus is not permitted!



#### **DANGER!**

## Use only with terminal module 001-0AA40!

Please consider that the electronic module of the energy measurement modules may only be used at the terminal module 001-0AA40!



#### **DANGER!**

#### Line voltage max. 400V!

The line voltage at a voltage connector must not exceed 400V!



#### **DANGER!**

## All phases of one supply grid!

Please note that the phases to be measured must be from the same supply grid!



## **CAUTION!**

#### Do not exchange current and voltage connections!

Please note when connecting, that the current and voltage paths are not exchanged! The module will be destroyed by directly connecting one phase to a low-resistance current connector!



#### **CAUTION!**

#### Consider the maximum current for current transformers!

Depending on the energy measuring module used, the following maximum current limits for the current transformers must be considered:

- 031-1PA00: max. 1A
- 031-1PA10: max. 5A

Please also consider the data sheet of your current transformer!



#### **CAUTION!**

#### Note characteristics of current transformers!

- Please consider the data sheet of your current transformer!
- Some current transformer must not be operated in idle mode!
- Before commissioning your module must be connected to the secondary winding of the current transformer!

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Safety precautions



#### **CAUTION!**

### Note characteristics of voltage transformers!

 Please note that the use of a voltage transformer is only supported by the energy measurement module 031-1PA10!

 Please consider the data sheet and the safety instructions of your voltage transformer!



## Interruption of the DC 24V power section supply!

When using energy measurement modules, the DC 24V power section supply of the further backplane bus is interrupted. By installing a power module after an energy measurement module, the DC 24V power section supply at the backplane bus can be continued.



#### Reset energy counters after installation!

As soon as the module is supplied by the DC 24V power section supply, the measurement is started and the counting of the energy counters is continued with the retentive stored counter values. The measurement is not interrupted by STOP or RESET of the CPU respectively the bus coupler. After installing the module the energy counters should be reset by CMD-Frame.  $\mbox{\ensuremath{$\heartsuit$}}$  Chap. 3.27.7.4.5 'CMD Frame' page 345



- As long as no parameters have been sent from the head station to the module after a power cycle, default values are transmitted by the module during a read access and not the parameters stored in the module.
- After transferring the parameters to the module the status bits are reset and the measurement is interrupted for a short time!
- Please note when at least one phase is de-activated, the parameters PF\_MIN and VRMS\_MIN are ignored and set to "0".

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Basics

#### 3.27.3 Basics

#### 3.27.3.1 Terms

#### Measurand

A *measurand* is a physical quantity that can be measured such as current, voltage or temperature.

- Schap. 3.27.6.1 'Measurands 031-1PA10' page 328
- Chap. 3.27.6.2 'Measurands 031-1PA00' page 332

#### Measured value

A *measured value* is a value of a measurand, which is determined by measurement or by calculation.

ID

In the module each *measurand* one *ID* is assigned. The access to the measured value of a measurand happens by means of the corresponding *ID*.

#### DS-ID

As soon as the module is supplied by the DC 24V power section supply, the measurement is started and the counting of the energy counters is continued with the retentive stored counter values. The measured values of all the measurands are stored in the module with one record set ID *DS-ID*. The following must be observed:

- All measured values with the same DS-ID come from the same measurement and are consistent.
- By specifying the DS-ID you can address the individual measured values of the same measurement.
- The *DS-ID* covers the values 1 ... 15.
- To refresh the measured values the *DS-ID* is to be incremented by 1. The value 15 must be followed by 1.
- If the *DS-ID* is incremented and there is still no new value available, the current value is returned. Here the energy measurement module reports an error. *⇔ Chap. 3.27.7.2 'Status communication' page 338*
- DS-ID = 0 Auto increment mode
  - With DS-ID = 0 there is a request with auto increment mode. Here the module always returns the current measured value. As soon as a new measured value is available, here the DS-ID is incremented by one within the values 1 ... 15. If there is no new measured value available, the DS-ID is not changed. Here the energy measurement module reports an error. ♦ Chap. 3.27.7.2 'Status communication' page 338
- The uniqueness of a measured value always consists of the ID of the measurand and the DS-ID.

## Frame

In the module you can combine some measurands to one data package (Frame), which is transferred in one step. One data package consists of 12byte user data. Considering the data length of 12 bytes, you can define the content of a frame by specifying the *ID* of the measurands. Up to 256 frames may be configured (*Frame 0 ... Frame 255*). The following must be observed:

- The definition of *Frame 1* to *Frame 255* happens by the command *Set\_Frame*. *⇔ Chap. 3.27.7.4.3* 'Set *Frame'* page 341.
- Frame 0 with the corresponding measurands can exclusively be specified by the parametrization. ♦ Chap. 3.27.5 'Parameter data' page 323
- With telegram type Zero Frame the data package of Frame 0 can be accessed. After the start-up of the module there are automatic Zero Frame requests as long as the process data communication comes from the head module. ♦ Chap. 3.27.7.4.4 'Read Frame' page 343

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Basics

FR-ID

When defining frames by means of 'Set Frame', via the FR-ID these are assigned to a number between 0 ... 255. By specifying the FR-ID you can request the corresponding frame.

Data type

In the following the data types are listed, which are used in the module. The length is to be considered particularly by the definition of *Frames*.

Data type	Length in byte	Description
UINT_8	1	Integer 8bit
UINT_16	2	Integer 16bit
UINT_32	4	Integer 32bit
INT_8	1	Signed integer 8bit
INT_16	2	Signed integer 16bit
INT_32	4	Signed integer 32bit
FLOAT	4	32bit floating point IEEE 754

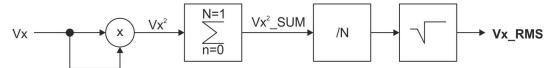
#### 3.27.3.2 Principle of measurement

Calculation of the effective values of current and voltage

- For 3phase AC low-voltage networks the nominal voltage corresponds to the RMS voltage U<sub>RMS</sub> e.g. 230V<sub>RMS</sub> as star voltage between one of the three phase conductors (L1, L2 or L3) and the neutral conductor N.
- The module is used for detecting the current and voltage values and the energy values of all 3 phases. Here, the module measures the real effective value (True RMS) of voltages and currents.
- The sampling rate of the digitally processed measured values is 2.7 kHz. The time interval for the calculation of the actual values is 200 ms. This results in an evaluation window of the measured data of 540 measured values, which can be requested at any time.

## Voltage measurement

#### **Averaging**



- 1. The square of the currently measured voltage Vx is calculated.
  - $\Rightarrow Vx^2$
- **2.** The sum of  $Vx^2$  is calculated via the time interval  $n = 0 \dots n = N-1$ .
  - $\Rightarrow$   $Vx^2$  SUM
- 3.  $Vx^2$  SUM is divided by N the number of measurements.
- **4.** From the result of the division, the square root is drawn.
  - ⇒ Average Vx RMS

#### **Current measurement**

For current measurement you have to use external current transformers!

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Basics



#### **CAUTION!**

#### Consider the maximum current for current transformers!

Depending on the energy measuring module used, the following maximum current limits for the current transformers must be considered:

031-1PA00: max. 1A 031-1PA10: max. 5A

Please also consider the data sheet of your current transformer!



#### **CAUTION!**

#### Note characteristics of current transformers!

- Please consider the data sheet of your current transformer!
- Some current transformer must not be operated in idle mode!
- Before commissioning your module must be connected to the secondary winding of the current transformer!



- Please note that the overall accuracy of the assembly of measuring module and current transformers depends on the accuracy class of the transformers.
- The transformer factor is retentive stored and taken into account while counting.
- A change of the transformer factor is taken immediately recognized. Current counter values are not changed, new values are added.
- When the transformer factor was changed, current counter values are not changed, new values are added considering the new factor.

#### Calculating power, energy

To calculate the effective power P, each time synchronous sample value of the currents and voltages are used. In this case, phase shifts between the currents and voltages are considered. The energy is calculated from integration of the power by time.



For the power is valid:



- Positive sign (+): Consumed respectively received power
- Negative sign (-): Fed in power

#### **Determine frequency**

The frequency of the phases is determined by a zero crossing detection of the sampled signals and calculating from the frequency.

#### **Apparent power**

$$S = U \times I$$

The apparent power S is calculated from the product of effective current I eff and effective *voltage*  $U_{eff}$ . With the apparent power you get the total power of a power grid.

#### Reactive power

$$Q = U \times I \times \sin \varphi$$

With AC voltage supplied, any electrical device generates an electromagnetic field. By AC voltage, the magnetic field is regularly built and removed. Because the power to build a field is returned to the grid as it is being removed, this power is called "reactive power". Reactive power oscillates between consumer and producer generator and pollutes the power grids. The reactive power is the product of current and voltage at a reactance.

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Reactances are all types of coils and capacitors. If these are connected to an AC voltage, they can absorb energy and release it phase-shifted as reactive power. The reactive power results of the phase-shift between current and voltage of the inductance respectively capacitance. With a pure ohmic resistance current and voltage are in the same phase, therefore, a purely resistive resistor has no reactive component.



The formula  $Q = U \times I \times \sin \varphi$  applies only to purely sinusoidal currents.

### **Active power**

 $P = U \times I \times \cos \varphi$ 

The active power *P* is the effectively used power. This is the part without phase shift between voltage and current and refers to a resistive load.

## Calculation of the power factor $\cos \varphi$ (phi)

In real networks energy consumers / producers typically are not purely ohmic. There is a phase shift between current and voltage. The  $\cos \varphi$  is a measure of the phase shift between current and voltage of the basic frequency of the corresponding phase. The  $total \cos \varphi$  is calculated by dividing total active power P and total apparent power S.

#### **Harmonics**

Harmonics are oscillations of the voltages and currents, whose frequency is an integer multiple of the basic frequency. The 1. harmonic is the basic frequency or mains frequency, nominally 50Hz or 60Hz. The level of harmonics is a measure for the network quality. Harmonics or harmonic oscillations are caused by equipment with non-linear characteristics such as transformers, fluorescent lamps and power electronic equipment such as rectifiers and thyristors. The non-sinus-shaped currents of these consumers cause the net interference voltages, which distorts the nominal line voltage. During parametrization you can specify the level of the harmonic. With this frequency the 'harmonic' current and voltage values are filtered.

#### 3.27.4 Connection



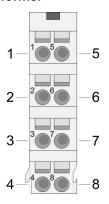
#### **DANGER!**

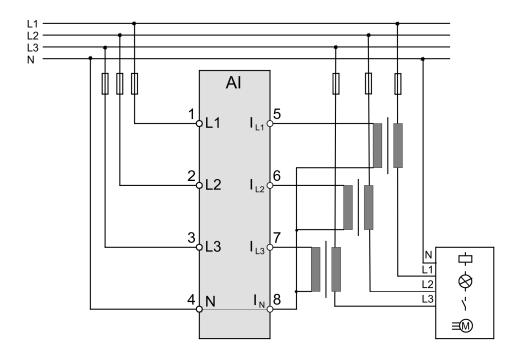
## Please observe safety instructions!

With the energy measurement modules only AC voltages 230/400 V and currents can be measured. Please observe the safety instructions when handling an energy measuring module! § Chap. 3.27.2 'Safety precautions' page 315

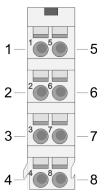
031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Connection

## Connection via current transformer

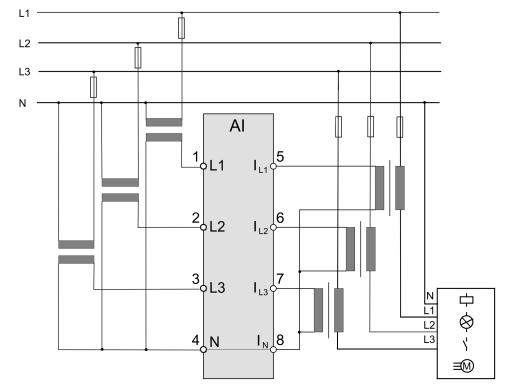




## Connection via current-/voltage transformer



Please note that the use of a voltage transformer is only supported by the energy measurement module 031-1PA10!



031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Parameter data

## 3.27.5 Parameter data

#### 3.27.5.1 Parameter - 031-1PA10

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

IDx	Name	Data type	Description	Default (dec.)	DS	IX	SX
1	CFG	UINT_8	Choice of phases and data formats	0	80h	3100h	01h
2	F0V1	UINT_8	Frame 0: Value 1 (IDx)	1	81h	3101h	02h
3	F0V2	UINT_8	Frame 0: Value 2 (IDx)	9		3102h	03h
4	F0V3	UINT_8	Frame 0: Value 3 (IDx)	13		3103h	04h
5	F0V4	UINT_8	Frame 0: Value 4 (IDx)	12		3104h	05h
6	F0V5	UINT_8	Frame 0: Value 5 (IDx)	0		3105h	06h
102	IRMS_MAX <sup>1</sup>	UINT_32	Current upper limit [mA]	01	82h	3106h	07h
			Range of values: 0 25000000			3109h	
104	VRMS_MAX	UINT_16	Voltage upper limit [V]	260	83h	310Ah	08h
			Range of values: 0 30000			310Bh	
105	VRMS_MIN	UINT_16	Voltage lower limit [V]	200		310Ch	09h
			Range of values: 0 30000			310Dh	
106	PF_MIN	UINT_8	Cos φ lower limit [0.01]	30	84h	310Eh	0Ah
			Range of values: 0 100				
107	T_MAX	UINT_16	Temperature upper limit [0.01 °C]	7000	85h	310Fh	0Bh
			Range of values: 0 20000			3110h	
108	F_MAX	UINT_16	Frequency upper limit [0.01 Hz]	5100		3111h	0Ch
			Range of values: 0 20000			3112h	
109	F_MIN	UINT_16	Frequency lower limit [0.01 Hz]	4900		3113h	0Dh
			Range of values: 0 20000			3114h	
111	WANDLER_I	UINT_16	Current transformer factor	1		3115h	0Eh
			Range of values: 1 5000			3116h	
112	WANDLER_U	UINT_16	Voltage transformer factor	1		3117h	0Fh
			Range of values: 1 300			3118h	
113	HARM	UINT_8	Harmonic number ∜ 'Harmonics' page 321 Range of values: 1 30	1	86h	3119h	10h
			. 5				

The parameters are transferred in big-endian format (byte order: high byte, low byte).

1) Parameter is to be defined. (value: >0).

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Parameter data



- As long as no parameters have been sent from the head station to the module after a power cycle, default values are transmitted by the module during a read access and not the parameters stored in the module.
- After transferring the parameters to the module the status bits are reset and the measurement is interrupted for a short time!
- Please note when at least one phase is de-activated, the parameters PF\_MIN and VRMS\_MIN are ignored and set to "0".

Data type

♦ 'Data type' page 319

#### **CFG**

Bit	Name	Description	Default
0	reserved		0
1	Write Protect <sup>1</sup>	Write protection bit for parameterization via Web server  □ 0: Write Protect de-activated □ 1: Write Protect activated Please see the following note!	11
2	reserved		0
3	Phase 1	Measurement phase L1  ■ 0: Measurement is activated  ■ 1: Measurement is de-activated	0
4	Phase 2	Measurement phase L2  ■ 0: Measurement is activated  ■ 1: Measurement is de-activated	0
5	Phase 3	Measurement phase L3  ■ 0: Measurement is activated  ■ 1: Measurement is de-activated	0
6	Data type	Data type of the measured values in the user data  ■ 0: Integer (INT)  ■ 1: 32bit floating point (FLOAT) DIN IEEE 754	0
7	Byteorder	Data type of the measured values in the user data  ■ 0: Big-Endian: Byte order: high byte, low byte  ■ 1: Little-Endian: Byte order: low byte, high byte	0
1) Access to the 'Write Protect' parameter is only possible via the Web server of the head module (not via GSD or GSDML).			

### 1) Write Protect

The parameter 'Write Protect' is only relevant, if the module is connected to a head module with an integrated Web server. If the module is parameterized via the Web server 'Write Protect' must be set to "0", otherwise the changed parameters will not be used!

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Parameter data

# F0V1 ... F0V5

In the module you can combine some measurands to one data package (Frame), which is transferred in one step. % 'Frame' page 318

By specifying the *ID* of the corresponding measurand, via *F0V1* ... *F0V5* the data areas of Frame 0 can be defined. Please note that here the user data length of 12 bytes is not exceeded.  $\mbox{\ensuremath{$ 

- Range of values: 0 ... 41
- Default:
  - F0V1: 1 (active energy consumer)
  - F0V2: 9 (total active power)
  - F0V3: 13 (total cos φ)
  - F0V4: 0F0V5: 0

#### 3.27.5.2 Parameter - 031-1PA00

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

IDx	Name	Data type	Description	Default (dec.)	DS	IX	SX
1	CFG	UINT_8	Choice of phases and data formats	0	80h	3100h	01h
2	F0V1	UINT_8	Frame 0: Value 1 (IDx)	1	81h	3101h	02h
3	F0V2	UINT_8	Frame 0: Value 2 (IDx)	9		3102h	03h
4	F0V3	UINT_8	Frame 0: Value 3 (IDx)	13		3103h	04h
5	F0V4	UINT_8	Frame 0: Value 4 (IDx)	12		3104h	05h
6	F0V5	UINT_8	Frame 0: Value 5 (IDx)	0		3105h	06h
102	IRMS_MAX1	UINT_32	Current upper limit [mA]	01	82h	3106h	07h
			Range of values: 0 25000000			3109h	
104	VRMS_MAX	UINT_16	Voltage upper limit [V]	260	83h	310Ah	08h
			Range of values: 0 500			310Bh	
105	VRMS_MIN	UINT_16	Voltage lower limit [V]	200		310Ch	09h
			Range of values: 0 500			310Dh	
106	PF_MIN	UINT_8	Cos $\phi$ lower limit [0.01]	30	84h	310Eh	0Ah
			Range of values: 0 100				
107	T_MAX	UINT_16	Temperature upper limit [0.01 °C]	7000	85h	310Fh	0Bh
			Range of values: 0 20000			3110h	
108	F_MAX	UINT_16	Frequency upper limit [0.01 Hz]	5100		3111h	0Ch
			Range of values: 0 20000			3112h	
109	F_MIN	UINT_16	Frequency lower limit [0.01 Hz]	4900		3113h	0Dh
			Range of values: 0 20000			3114h	

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Parameter data

IDx	Name	Data type	Description	Default (dec.)	DS	IX	SX
111	WANDLER_I	UINT_16	Current transformer factor Range of values: 1 5000	1		3115h 3116h	0Eh
112	HARM	UINT_8	Harmonic number ∜ 'Harmonics' page 321 Range of values: 1 30	1	86h	3117h	0Fh

The parameters are transferred in big-endian format (byte order: high byte, low byte).

<sup>1)</sup> Parameter is to be defined. (value: >0).



- As long as no parameters have been sent from the head station to the module after a power cycle, default values are transmitted by the module during a read access and not the parameters stored in the module.
- After transferring the parameters to the module the status bits are reset and the measurement is interrupted for a short time!
- Please note when at least one phase is de-activated, the parameters PF\_MIN and VRMS\_MIN are ignored and set to "0".

Data type

∜ 'Data type' page 319

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Parameter data

#### **CFG**

Bit	Name	Description	Default
0	reserved		0
1	Write Protect <sup>1</sup>	Write protection bit for parameterization via Web server  0: Write Protect de-activated 1: Write Protect activated Please see the following note!	11
2	reserved		0
3	Phase 1	Measurement phase L1  ■ 0: Measurement is activated  ■ 1: Measurement is de-activated	1
4	Phase 2	Measurement phase L2  ■ 0: Measurement is activated  ■ 1: Measurement is de-activated	1
5	Phase 3	Measurement phase L3  ■ 0: Measurement is activated  ■ 1: Measurement is de-activated	1
6	Data type	Data type of the measured values in the user data  ■ 0: Integer (INT)  ■ 1: 32bit floating point (FLOAT) DIN IEEE 754	0
7	Byteorder	Data type of the measured values in the user data  ■ 0: Big-Endian: Byte order: high byte, low byte  ■ 1: Little-Endian: Byte order: low byte, high byte	0
1) Access to the	e 'Write Protect' parameter is onl	y possible via the Web server of the head module (not via GSD or GSDML).	

#### 1) Write Protect

The parameter 'Write Protect' is only relevant, if the module is connected to a head module with an integrated Web server. If the module is parameterized via the Web server 'Write Protect' must be set to "0", otherwise the changed parameters will not be used!

#### F0V1 ... F0V5

In the module you can combine some measurands to one data package (Frame), which is transferred in one step. % 'Frame' page 318

By specifying the *ID* of the corresponding measurand, via *F0V1* ... *F0V5* the data areas of Frame 0 can be defined. Please note that here the user data length of 12 bytes is not exceeded. & Chap. 3.27.6.2 'Measurands - 031-1PA00' page 332

- Range of values: 0 ... 41
- Default:
  - F0V1: 1 (active energy consumer)
  - F0V2: 9 (total active power)
  - F0V3: 13 (total cos φ)
  - F0V4: 0
  - F0V5: 0

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Measurands

# 3.27.6 Measurands

# 3.27.6.1 Measurands - 031-1PA10

# Data type INT

ID	Description	Data type	Unit	Min. value	Max. value
1	Counter: Active energy consumer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
2	Counter: Active energy producer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
3	Counter: Active energy L1 consumer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
4	Counter: Active energy L1 producer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
5	Counter: Active energy L2 consumer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
6	Counter: Active energy L2 producer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
7	Counter: Active energy L3 consumer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
8	Counter: Active energy L3 producer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
9	Total active power	INT_32	1mW	-2 147 483 647	2 147 483 647
10	Total reactive power	INT_32	1mW	-2 147 483 647	2 147 483 647
11	Total apparent power	INT_32	1mW	-2 147 483 647	2 147 483 647
12	Frequency	UINT_16	0.01Hz	4600	6400
13	Total Cos $\phi^2$	INT_8	0.01	-100	100
14	Temperature	INT_16	0.01°C	-2500	8500
15	Active power L1	INT_32	1mW	-715 827 882	715 827 882
16	Reactive power L1	INT_32	1mW	-715 827 882	715 827 882
17	Total power L1	INT_32	1mW	-715 827 882	715 827 882
18	Voltage L1	UINT_32	1mV	0	30 000 000
19	Current L1	UINT_32	1mA	0	25 000 000
20	Cos φ L1 <sup>2</sup>	INT_8	0.01	-100	100
21	Harmonic voltage L1	UINT_32	1mV	0	30 000 000
22	Harmonic current L1	UINT_32	1mA	0	25 000 000
23	Active power L2	INT_32	1mW	-715 827 882	715 827 882
24	Reactive power L2	INT_32	1mW	-715 827 882	715 827 882
25	Total power L2	INT_32	1mW	-715 827 882	715 827 882
26	Voltage L2	UINT_32	1mV	0	30 000 000
27	Current L2	UINT_32	1mA	0	25 000 000
28	$Cos \phi L2^2$	INT_8	0.01	-100	100
29	Harmonic voltage L2	UINT_32	1mV	0	30 000 000
30	Harmonic current L2	UINT_32	1mA	0	25 000 000
31	Active power L3	INT_32	1mW	-715 827 882	715 827 882
32	Reactive power L3	INT_32	1mW	-715 827 882	715 827 882
33	Total power L3	INT_32	1mW	-715 827 882	715 827 882
34	Voltage L3	UINT_32	1mV	0	30 000 000
35	Current L3	UINT_32	1mA	0	25 000 000

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ID	Description	Data type	Unit	Min. value	Max. value
36	Cos φ L3 <sup>2</sup>	INT_8	0.01	-100	100
37	Harmonic voltage L3	UINT_32	1mV	0	30 000 000
38	Harmonic current L3	UINT_32	1mA	0	25 000 000
39	Overflow energy meter consumer  Is incremented by 1 in case of overflow of the energy meter (ID = 1)	UINT_32		0	4 294 967 295
40	Overflow energy meter producer  Is incremented by 1 in case of overflow of the energy meter (ID = 2)	UINT_32		0	4 294 967 295
41	Status bits 🕏 'Status bits' page 332	UINT_32			

<sup>1)</sup> The display resolution of the energy meter is 1Wh x WANDLER\_I x WANDLER\_U (current transformer factor x voltage transformer factor). & Chap. 3.27.5.1 'Parameter - 031-1PA10' page 323

Tolerance See Technical data ♥ Chap. 3.27.1.1 '031-1PA10' page 310

**ID** Each measurand one *ID* is assigned. The access to the measured value of a measurand

happens by means of the corresponding ID.

Max. Total power ■ The max. Total power for 3 phases is

- ±2 147 483 647mW (INT\_32)

3 \* Umax \* WANDLER\_U \* Imax \* WANDLER\_I

If the Total power is exceeded by  $\pm 2$  147 483 647mW (INT\_32), the max value is output.

Overflow energy meter ■ 0xXX112233

- XX: not used

11: Overflow phase L1

22: Overflow phase L2

- 33: Overflow phase L3

#### **Measurands Data type FLOAT**

ID	Description	Data type	Unit	Min. value	Max. value
1	Counter: Active energy consumer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
2	Counter: Active energy producer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
3	Counter: Active energy L1 consumer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
4	Counter: Active energy L1 producer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
5	Counter: Active energy L2 consumer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
6	Counter: Active energy L2 producer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
7	Counter: Active energy L3 consumer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>

<sup>2)</sup> The measuring accuracy of the Cos  $\phi$  is maintained from a minimum current of 100mA x WANDLER\_I (current transformer factor).

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D	Description	Data type	Unit	Min. value	Max. value	
3	Counter: Active energy L3 producer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>	
)	Total active power	FLOAT	1W	-2.147484 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	2.147484 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	
10	Total reactive power	FLOAT	1W	-2.147484 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	2.147484 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	
11	Total apparent power	FLOAT	1W	-2.147484 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	2.147484 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	
12	Frequency	FLOAT	10Hz	4.600 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	6.400 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
13	Total Cos φ <sup>2</sup>	FLOAT	10	-0.01	1.0	
4	Temperature	FLOAT	10°C	-2.500 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	8.500 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
15	Active power L1	FLOAT	1W	-7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	
16	Reactive power L1	FLOAT	1W	-7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	
7	Total power L1	FLOAT	1W	-7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	
18	Voltage L1	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
19	Current L1	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
20	Cos φ L1 <sup>2</sup>	FLOAT	10	-0.01	1.0	
21	Harmonic voltage L1	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
22	Harmonic current L1	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
23	Active power L2	FLOAT	1W	-7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	
24	Reactive power L2	FLOAT	1W	-7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	
25	Total power L2	FLOAT	1W	-7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	
:6	Voltage L2	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
27	Current L2	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
28	$Cos \phi L2^2$	FLOAT	10	-0.01	1.0	
29	Harmonic voltage L2	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
0	Harmonic current L2	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
31	Active power L3	FLOAT	1W	-7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	
32	Reactive power L3	FLOAT	1W	-7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	
3	Total power L3	FLOAT	1W	-7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	7.158278 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	
34	Voltage L3	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
35	Current L3	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
86	$Cos \phi L3^2$	FLOAT	10	-0.01	1.0	
37	Harmonic voltage L3	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
88	Harmonic current L3	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
9	Overflow energy meter consumer	FLOAT			neter is at FLOAT not	
	Is incremented by 1 in case of overflow of the energy meter (ID = 1)			effective		
10	Overflow energy meter producer  Is incremented by 1 in case of overflow of the energy meter (ID = 2)	FLOAT		Overflow energy neffective	Overflow energy meter is at FLOAT not effective	
	-/	UINT_32				

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ID	Description	Data type	Unit	Min. value	Max. value			
1) The display resolution of the energy meter is 1Wh x WANDLER_I x WANDLER_U (current transformer factor x voltage transformer factor).   © Chap. 3.27.5.1 'Parameter - 031-1PA10' page 323								
2) The me	asuring accuracy of the Cos $\phi$ is maintained from a minimum current of 100n	nA x <i>WANDLER_I</i> (cui	rrent transformer factor)					

**Tolerance** See Technical data ♥ Chap. 3.27.1.1 '031-1PA10' page 310

**ID** Each measurand one *ID* is assigned. The access to the measured value of a measurand

happens by means of the corresponding ID.

Max. Total power ■ The max. Total power for 3 phases is

-  $\pm 2.147484 \times 10^{6} W (FLOAT)$ 

3 \* Umax \* WANDLER\_U \* Imax \* WANDLER\_I

If the Total power is exceeded by  $\pm 2.147484 \times 10^6 W$  (FLOAT), the max value is output.

031-1PAxx - Al1x 3Ph 230/400V > Measurands

#### Status bits

With status bits you get information about limit violations.

- The limit values can be defined via the parametrization. ♦ Chap. 3.27.5.1 'Parameter 031-1PA10' page 323
- The *status bits* are refreshed together with the other measurement values, as soon as the *DS-ID* is incremented.
- Set bits of *status bits* remain set as long as they are acknowledged. *♦ Chap.* 3.27.7.4.5 'CMD Frame' page 345.
  - By acknowledging the status bits, the corresponding LEDs for exceeding the limit value will be deleted again.
- Byte order: high byte, low byte (at big endian)

Byte	Description
0	<ul> <li>0: de-activated, 1: activated</li> <li>Bit 0: Voltage at phase L2 below limit value (L2: VRMS_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 1: Voltage at phase L3 below limit value (L3: VRMS_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 2: Voltage at phase L1 above limit value (L1: VRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 3: Voltage at phase L2 above limit value (L2: VRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 4: Voltage at phase L3 above limit value (L3: VRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 5: Temperature above limit value (T_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 6: Frequency below limit value (F_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 7: Frequency above limit value (F_MAX)</li> </ul>
1	<ul> <li>0: de-activated, 1: activated</li> <li>Bit 0  – 0: deleted via CMD Frame (0x04)  – 1: if there was a RESET of the module. This happens after PowerON.</li> <li>Bit 1: Current at phase L1 above limit value (L1: IRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 2: Current at phase L2 above limit value (L2: IRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 3: Current at phase L3 above limit value (L3: IRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 4: Efficiency cos φ phase L1 below limit value (L1: PF_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 5: Efficiency cos φ phase L2 below limit value (L2: PF_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 6: Efficiency cos φ phase L3 below limit value (L3: PF_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 7: Voltage at phase L1 below limit value (L1: VRMS_MIN)</li> </ul>
2, 3	reserved

#### 3.27.6.2 Measurands - 031-1PA00

#### **Data type INT**

ID	Description	Data type	Unit	Min. value	Max. value
1	Counter: Active energy consumer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
2	Counter: Active energy producer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
3	Counter: Active energy L1 consumer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
4	Counter: Active energy L1 producer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
5	Counter: Active energy L2 consumer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
6	Counter: Active energy L2 producer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
7	Counter: Active energy L3 consumer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295
8	Counter: Active energy L3 producer	UINT_32	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	4 294 967 295

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ID	Description	Data type	Unit	Min. value	Max. value
9	Total active power	INT_32	1mW	-3 750 000	3 750 000
10	Total reactive power	INT_32	1mW	-3 750 000	3 750 000
11	Total apparent power	INT_32	1mW	-3 750 000	3 750 000
12	Frequency	UINT_16	0.01Hz	4600	6400
13	Total Cos φ <sup>2</sup>	INT_8	0.01	-100	100
14	Temperature	INT_16	0.01°C	-2500	8500
15	Active power L1	INT_32	1mW	-1 250 000	1 250 000
16	Reactive power L1	INT_32	1mW	-1 250 000	1 250 000
17	Total power L1	INT_32	1mW	-1 250 000	1 250 000
18	Voltage L1	UINT_32	1mV	0	300 000
19	Current L1	UINT_32	1mA	0	5 000 000
20	$Cos \phi L1^2$	INT_8	0.01	-100	100
21	Harmonic voltage L1	UINT_32	1mV	0	300 000
22	Harmonic current L1	UINT_32	1mA	0	5 000 000
23	Active power L2	INT_32	1mW	-1 250 000	1 250 000
24	Reactive power L2	INT_32	1mW	-1 250 000	1 250 000
25	Total power L2	INT_32	1mW	-1 250 000	1 250 000
26	Voltage L2	UINT_32	1mV	0	300 000
27	Current L2	UINT_32	1mA	0	5 000 000
28	$Cos \phi L2^2$	INT_8	0.01	-100	100
29	Harmonic voltage L2	UINT_32	1mV	0	300 000
30	Harmonic current L2	UINT_32	1mA	0	5 000 000
31	Active power L3	INT_32	1mW	-1 250 000	1 250 000
32	Reactive power L3	INT_32	1mW	-1 250 000	1 250 000
33	Total power L3	INT_32	1mW	-1 250 000	1 250 000
34	Voltage L3	UINT_32	1mV	0	300 000
35	Current L3	UINT_32	1mA	0	5 000 000
36	$Cos \phi L3^2$	INT_8	0.01	-100	100
37	Harmonic voltage L3	UINT_32	1mV	0	300 000
38	Harmonic current L3	UINT_32	1mA	0	5 000 000
39	Overflow energy meter	UINT_32		0	4 294 967 295
	Is incremented by 1 in case of overflow of the energy meter (ID = 1)				
10	Overflow energy meter  Is incremented by 1 in case of overflow of the energy meter (ID = 2)	UINT_32		0	4 294 967 295
<b>1</b> 1	Status bits ♥ 'Status bits' page 336	UINT_32			

<sup>1)</sup> The display resolution of the energy meter is 1Wh x WANDLER\_I (current transformer factor). % Chap. 3.27.5.2 'Parameter - 031-1PA00' page 325

<sup>2)</sup> The measuring accuracy of the Cos  $\phi$  is maintained from a minimum current of 5mA x WANDLER\_/ (current transformer factor).

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**Tolerance** See Technical data ♥ Chap. 3.27.1.2 '031-1PA00' page 313

**ID** Each measurand one *ID* is assigned. The access to the measured value of a measurand

happens by means of the corresponding ID.

Max. Total power ■ The max. Total power for 3 phases is

±75 000 000 000mW

■ 3 \* Umax \* Imax \* WANDLER\_I = e.g.: 3 \* 100V \* 1A \* 5000

If the Total power is exceeded by  $\pm 75\,000\,000\,000$ mW, the max value is output.

Overflow energy meter ■ 0xXX112233

- XX: not used

11: Overflow phase L122: Overflow phase L233: Overflow phase L3

#### **Measurands Data type FLOAT**

ID	Description	Data type	Unit	Min. value	Max. value
1	Counter: Active energy consumer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
2	Counter: Active energy producer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
3	Counter: Active energy L1 consumer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
4	Counter: Active energy L1 producer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
5	Counter: Active energy L2 consumer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
6	Counter: Active energy L2 producer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
7	Counter: Active energy L3 consumer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
8	Counter: Active energy L3 producer	FLOAT	1Wh <sup>1</sup>	0	5.497558 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
9	Total active power	FLOAT	1W	-3.75 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.75 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
10	Total reactive power	FLOAT	1W	-3.75 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.75 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
11	Total apparent power	FLOAT	1W	-3.75 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.75 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
12	Frequency	FLOAT	10Hz	4.600 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	6.400 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
13	Total Cos $\phi^2$	FLOAT	10	-0.01	1.0
14	Temperature	FLOAT	10°C	-2.500 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	8.500 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
15	Active power L1	FLOAT	1W	-1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
16	Reactive power L1	FLOAT	1W	-1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
17	Total power L1	FLOAT	1W	-1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
18	Voltage L1	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
19	Current L1	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
20	$Cos \phi L1^2$	FLOAT	10	-0.01	1.0
21	Harmonic voltage L1	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>

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ID	Description	Data type	Unit	Min. value	Max. value
22	Harmonic current L1	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
23	Active power L2	FLOAT	1W	-1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
24	Reactive power L2	FLOAT	1W	-1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
25	Total power L2	FLOAT	1W	-1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
26	Voltage L2	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
27	Current L2	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
28	Cos φ L2 <sup>2</sup>	FLOAT	10	-0.01	1.0
29	Harmonic voltage L2	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
30	Harmonic current L2	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
31	Active power L3	FLOAT	1W	-1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
32	Reactive power L3	FLOAT	1W	-1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
33	Total power L3	FLOAT	1W	-1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.25 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
34	Voltage L3	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
35	Current L3	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
36	$Cos \phi L3^2$	FLOAT	10	-0.01	1.0
37	Harmonic voltage L3	FLOAT	1V	0	3.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
38	Harmonic current L3	FLOAT	1A	0	2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
39	Overflow energy meter consumer  Is incremented by 1 in case of overflow of the energy meter (ID = 1)	FLOAT		Overflow energy meeffective	eter is at FLOAT not
40	Overflow energy meter producer  Is incremented by 1 in case of overflow of the energy meter (ID = 2)	FLOAT		Overflow energy meter is at FLOAT not effective	
41	Status bits & 'Status bits' page 336	UINT_32			

1) The display resolution of the energy meter is 1Wh x WANDLER\_I (current transformer factor). % Chap. 3.27.5.2 'Parameter - 031-1PA00' page 325

2) The measuring accuracy of the Cos  $\varphi$  is maintained from a minimum current of 100mA x WANDLER\_I (current transformer factor).

**Tolerance** See Technical data ♥ Chap. 3.27.1.2 '031-1PA00' page 313

Each measurand one *ID* is assigned. The access to the measured value of a measurand

happens by means of the corresponding ID.

Max. Total power ■ The max. Total power for 3 phases is

- ±3.75 x 10<sup>6</sup>mW (FLOAT)

3 \* Umax \* Imax \* WANDLER\_I = e.g.: 3 \* 100V\* 1A \* 30

If the Total power is exceeded by  $\pm 3.75~x~10^6 mW$  (FLOAT), the max value is output.

ID

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#### Status bits

With status bits you get information about limit violations.

- The limit values can be defined via the parametrization. ♦ Chap. 3.27.5.2 'Parameter 031-1PA00' page 325
- The *status bits* are refreshed together with the other measurement values, as soon as the DS-ID is incremented.
- Set bits of *status bits* remain set as long as they are acknowledged by *♦ Chap.* 3.27.7.4.5 *'CMD Frame' page 345*.
  - By acknowledging the status bits, the corresponding LEDs for exceeding the limit value will be deleted again.
- Byte order: high byte, low byte (big endian)

Byte	Description
0	<ul> <li>0: de-activated, 1: activated</li> <li>Bit 0: Voltage at phase L2 below limit value (L2: VRMS_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 1: Voltage at phase L3 below limit value (L3: VRMS_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 2: Voltage at phase L1 above limit value (L1: VRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 3: Voltage at phase L2 above limit value (L2: VRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 4: Voltage at phase L3 above limit value (L3: VRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 5: Temperature above limit value (T_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 6: Frequency below limit value (F_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 7: Frequency above limit value (F_MAX)</li> </ul>
1	<ul> <li>0: de-activated, 1: activated</li> <li>Bit 0 <ul> <li>0: deleted via CMD Frame (0x04)</li> <li>1: if there was a RESET of the module. This happens after PowerON.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Bit 1: Current at phase L1 above limit value (L1: IRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 2: Current at phase L2 above limit value (L2: IRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 3: Current at phase L3 above limit value (L3: IRMS_MAX)</li> <li>Bit 4: Efficiency cos φ phase L1 below limit value (L1: PF_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 5: Efficiency cos φ phase L2 below limit value (L2: PF_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 6: Efficiency cos φ phase L3 below limit value (L3: PF_MIN)</li> <li>Bit 7: Voltage at phase L1 below limit value (L1: VRMS_MIN)</li> </ul>
2, 3	reserved

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#### 3.27.7 Process data communication

#### Overview

During runtime the communication with the module happens via telegrams in the process image. Here you have the following possibilities:

- Read measured value
- Define Frame with measurands
- Read Frame with measured values
- Send control command

#### 3.27.7.1 Structure

#### **Telegram**

The communication takes place via the I/O area of the head module. The head module sends via the output area a request telegram to the module. This responds with the requested data within the input area of the head module. Depending on the used head module this may take several cycles to complete, until the data are received in the input area. To ensure the consistency of all measured values, which originate from the same measurement, are stored in the module under one DS-ID. § 'DS-ID' page 318

For input and output data the telegram has a length of 16byte and the following structure:

Byte	Function
B0	B0: Header byte 0  ■ Bit 3 0: Status communication ∜ Chap. 3.27.7.2 'Status communication' page 338  ■ Bit 6 4: Telegram type ∜ Chap. 3.27.7.4 'Telegram type' page 339  ■ Bit 7: 0 fix reserved
B1	B1: Header byte 1  ■ ID of the measurand (1 41)  - Each measurand one ID is assigned. The access to the measured value of a measurand happens by means of the corresponding ID  \$\oplus Chap. 3.27.6.1 'Measurands - 031-1PA10' page 328  \$\oplus Chap. 3.27.6.2 'Measurands - 031-1PA00' page 332
B2	<ul> <li>B2: Header byte 2</li> <li>■ Bit 3 0: Data set ID (<i>DS-ID</i>) of the measured value (1 15)  <ul> <li>The measured values of one measurement are accessible in the module via one <i>DS-ID</i>.</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Bit 7 4: Length of the user data (1 12)  <ul> <li>Depending on the telegram type, here up to 12 byte user data can be found.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
B3	B3: Header byte 3 - Common status & Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338
D00	D00 D11: User data
•••	User data for data to be sent and received
D11	Length of user data are specified from D00 D11: On error no user data are transferred i.e. the length of the user data is 0 and the module returns an error ID.  Range of values: 0 12

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#### 3.27.7.2 Status communication

Via the header byte (bit 3 ... 0) the status of the communication can be determined. On error no user data are transferred i.e. the length of the user data is 0. Please note that low error IDs are overridden by higher error IDs.

Status	Designation
0x00	OK (no error)
0x01	Error: Record set could not be refreshed
0x02	Error: DS-ID
0x03	Error: Telegram length
0x04	Error: Frame too big
0x05	Error: Frame not defined
0x06	Error: Measurand not available  Ghap. 3.27.6.1 'Measurands - 031-1PA10' page 328  Chap. 3.27.6.2 'Measurands - 031-1PA00' page 332
0x07	Error: 'CMD Frame' - Command could not be executed
0x08	Error: 'Set Frame' - Frame definition is not valid (Set Frame)
0x09	Error: Telegram type not available - invalid request
0x0A	Error: Parameter - the last parameter set was not valid
0x0E	External error - Please contact our support
0x0F	Internal error: Due to a temporary disturbance during the processing of the measurement data, they could not be refreshed. If this error occurs more often, please contact our hotline.

#### 3.27.7.3 Common status

With this byte you get an overview of possible error messages:

- Bit 0: Frequency *F\_MAX* exceeded
- Bit 1: Frequency *F\_MIN* undershot
- Bit 2: Temperature *T\_MAX* exceeded
- Bit 3: Voltage VRMS\_MAX exceeded
- Bit 4: Voltage VRMS MIN undershot
- Bit 5: Efficiency *PF\_MIN* undershot
- Bit 6: Current IRMS\_MAX exceeded
- Bit 7: reserved

Detailed information about an error can be found in the Status bits:

- 031-1PA10 ∜ 'Status bits' page 332
- 031-1PA00 ♦ 'Status bits' page 336

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#### 3.27.7.4 Telegram type

By specifying the *Telegram type* the content of the responded data is defined. The following telegram types are available:

Туре	Designation	Page
0x00	'Zero Frame': Accessing Frame 0	<b>∜</b> 339
0x10	'Read Value': Read the measured value of a measurand	<b>∜</b> 339
0x20	'Read Frame': Read a previously defined data package (Frame)	∜ 343
0x30	'Set Frame': Define the data areas of a data package (Frame)	
0x40	'CMD Frame': Send a command	
0x60 <sup>1</sup>	'Read Param': Read Parameter	
1) This telegram type is not supported by the energy measurement module 031-1PA00.		

#### 3.27.7.4.1 Zero Frame

This telegram type is the same as the telegram type *'Read Frame'* & Chap. 3.27.7.4.4 *'Read Frame'* page 343 applied at *Frame 0*. After the start-up of the module there are automatic *Zero Frame* requests as long as the process data communication comes from the head module.

# 3.27.7.4.2 Read Value

With 'Read Value' all the measured values can be requested.

#### Request

Byte	Value	Description
В0	0x10	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: Error code (not relevant)</li> <li>Bit 6 4: 001 Telegram type 'Read Value'</li> <li>Bit 7: 0 fix reserved</li> </ul>
B1		■ ID of the measurand. ∜ 'ID' page 318
B2		■ Bit 7 4: Length user data (0)
		■ Bit 3 0: Data set ID <i>DS-ID</i> of the measured value to be read. 🤄 'DS-ID' page 318
B3	0x00	Common status (not relevant).
D00	-	■ User data (not relevant).
D11		

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# Response

Byte	Value	Description
В0	0x10	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: Status communication &amp; Chap. 3.27.7.2 'Status communication' page 338</li> <li>Bit 6 4: 001 Telegram type 'Read Value'</li> <li>Bit 7: 0 fix reserved</li> </ul>
B1		■ <i>ID</i> of the measurand from the request.
B2	B2	■ Bit 7 4: Length of the user data with measured values in byte.
		■ Bit 3 0: <i>DS-ID</i> of the measured value from the request, which was read.
B3		■ Common status ∜ Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338
D00		■ User data with the requested measured value
		<ul><li>depending on the parameterized data format</li><li>Byte order: high byte, low byte (big endian)</li></ul>
D11		<ul><li>Byte order: low byte, high byte (little endian)</li></ul>

Example 'Read Value'

In the example with ID = 14 the temperature of the module for DS-ID = 1 is requested.

# Request

Byte	Value	Description
B0	0x10	Telegram type 'Read Value'.
B1	0x0E	ID of the measurand. 🤄 'ID' page 318
B2	0x01	DS-ID of the measured value to be read (DS-ID = 1). $\%$ 'DS-ID' page 318
B3	0x00	Common status (not relevant).
D00	-	User data (not relevant).
D11		

Byte	Value	Description
B0	0x10	Telegram type 'Read value' from the request.
B1	0x0E	ID of the measurand from the request.
B2	0x21	Length of the user data here temperature 2 byte.
		DS-ID of the measured value from the request, which was read.
B3	0x00	Common status: OK & Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338
D00	0x00	User data with the requested temperature e.g. 35°C.
D01	0x23	

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#### 3.27.7.4.3 Set Frame

#### Overview

In the module you can combine some measurands to one data package (Frame % *'Frame'* page 318), which is transferred in one step . With *'Set Frame'* a Frame can be built.

# Request

Byte	Value	Description
В0	0x30	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: Error code (not relevant)</li> <li>Bit 6 4: 011 Telegram type 'Set Frame'</li> <li>Bit 7: 0 fix reserved</li> </ul>
B1		■ FR-ID of the Frame to be set. ∜ 'FR-ID' page 319
B2		■ Bit 7 4: Length user data: 1 byte each measurand
		■ Bit 3 0: <i>DS-ID</i>
B3	0x00	Common status (not relevant).
D00		1byte each measurand regarding that the measured values do not exceed the total
		length of 12byte. Here, the format of the measured values is taken into account (depending on the parameterized data type: INT or FLOAT).
D11		<ul><li>♦ Chap. 3.27.6 'Measurands' page 328</li><li>♦ 'Data type' page 319</li></ul>

Byte	Value	Description
В0	0x30	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: Status communication &amp; Chap. 3.27.7.2 'Status communication' page 338</li> <li>Bit 6 4: 011 Telegram type 'Set Frame'</li> <li>Bit 7: 0 fix reserved</li> </ul>
B1		■ FR-ID of the Frame from the request.
B2		■ Bit 7 4: Length of the user data (0).
		■ Bit 3 0: <i>DS-ID</i>
B3		Common status & Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338
D00		■ User data (not relevant).
D11		

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# Example 'Set Frame'

Here a Frame with FR-ID 0x01 is defined. The Frame contains the following measurands:

■ ID: 03: Counter: Active energy L1 (consumer)

■ ID: 13: total cos φ

■ ID: 12: Frequency

# Request

Byte	Value	Description
B0	0x30	Telegram type 'Set Frame'.
B1	0x01	FR-ID of the Frame to be read (FR-ID = 1). $\%$ 'FR-ID' page 319
B2	0x30	Bit 7 4: Length user data (3).
		Bit 3 0: data set ID DS-ID of the measurands (0).
B3	0x00	Common status (not relevant).
D00	0x03	User data with the ID of the measurands.
D01	0x0D	
D02	0x0C	
D03	-	Remaining user data are not relevant.
D11		

Byte	Value	Description	
В0	0x30	Telegram type 'Set Frame' from the request.	
B1	0x01	FR-ID of the Frame from the request.	
B2	0x00	Bit 7 4: Length of the user data (0).	
		Bit 3 0: data set ID DS-ID of the measurands (0).	
B3	0x00	Common status: OK & Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338	
D00	-	User data (not relevant).	
D11	-		

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#### 3.27.7.4.4 Read Frame

#### Overview

In the module you can combine some measurands to one data package (Frame  $\mbox{\ensuremath{\not{\in}}}$  'Frame' page 318), which is transferred in one step.

With 'Read Frame' a Frame can be requested.

# Request

Byte	Value	Description		
В0	0x20	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: Error code (not relevant)</li> <li>Bit 6 4: 010 Telegram type 'Read Frame'</li> <li>Bit 7: 0 fix reserved</li> </ul>		
B1		■ FR-ID of the Frame to be read. 🤄 'FR-ID' page 319		
B2	0x00	■ Bit 7 4: Length of the user data is 0.		
		■ Bit 3 0: <i>DS-ID</i> of the measured value to be read. ∜ ' <i>DS-ID</i> ' page 318		
B3	0x00	Common status (not relevant).		
D00	-	■ User data (not relevant).		
D11				

Byte	Value	Description		
В0	0x20	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: Status communication</li></ul>		
B1		■ FR-ID of the Frame from the request.		
B2		■ Bit 7 4: Length of the user data with measured values in byte		
		■ Bit 3 0: <i>DS-ID</i> of the measured value from the request, which was read.		
B3		Common status & Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338		
D00		User data with the requested Frame with measured values.		
		<ul> <li>Depending on the parameterized data format.</li> </ul>		
D11				

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# Example 'Read Frame'

In the example the previously via 'Set Frame' defined FR-ID (0x01) is requested with the following measurands:

■ ID: 03: Counter: Active energy L1 (consumer): 4byte

ID: 13: total cos φ: 1byteID: 12: Frequency 2byte

#### Request

Byte	Value	Description	
B0	0x20	Telegram type 'Read Frame'	
B1	0x01	FR-ID of the Frame to be read (FR-ID = 1). $\%$ 'FR-ID' page 319	
B2	0x01	Bit 7 4: Length of the user data (0).	
		Bit 3 0: DS-ID of the measured value to be read (DS-ID = 1). $\%$ 'DS-ID' page 318	
B3	0x00	Common status (not relevant).	
D00	-	User data (not relevant).	
D11			

Byte	Value	Description	
В0	0x20	Telegram type 'Read value' from the request.	
B1	0x01	FR-ID of the Frame from the request	
B2	0x71	Bit 7 4: Length of the Frame with measured values (7)	
		Bit 3 0: DS-ID of the measured value from the request (1).	
B3	0x00	Common status: OK 5 Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338	
D00	0x00	Counter: Active energy L1 (consumer): 500kWh	
D01	0x07		
D02	0xA1		
D03	0x20		
D04	0x5A	Total cos φ: 0.9	
D05	0x13	Frequency: 50Hz	
D06	0x88		
D07	-	Remaining user data are not relevant.	
D11			

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#### 3.27.7.4.5 CMD Frame

With 'CMD Frame' you can send control commands to the module. This can trigger various actions or be used for reading and writing of control registers. The following control commands are available:

- Reset the energy counter
- Reset the status bits
- Request the firmware version
- Write counter values
- Read holding register (not 031-1PA00)
- Write counter values respectively set the active energy meters L1 L3 (not 031-1PA00)

#### Request

Byte	Value	Description	
В0	0x40	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: Error code (not relevant)</li> <li>Bit 6 4: 100 Telegram type 'CMD Frame'</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>	
B1		<ul> <li>CMD-ID of the control command, which is to be executed:</li> <li>0x01: Reset of all energy counters</li> <li>0x03: Reset the status bits</li> <li>0x04: Request the firmware version</li> <li>0x061: Read holding register</li> <li>0x071: Write in active energy meter</li> </ul>	
B2		<ul> <li>Bit 7 4: Length of the user data depending on CMD-ID:</li> <li>0x01: Reset of all energy counters (length user data: 0byte)</li> <li>0x03: Reset the status bits (length user data: 4byte)</li> <li>0x04: Request the firmware version (length user data: 0byte)</li> <li>0x06¹: Read holding register (length user data: 0byte)</li> <li>0x07¹: Write in active energy meter (length user data: 6byte)</li> </ul>	
		■ Bit 3 0: Data set ID <i>DS-ID</i> of the measured value (3 7).	
B3	0x00	Common status (not relevant).	
D00  D11	-	<ul> <li>User data depending on CMD-ID         <ul> <li>0x01: Reset of all energy counters (user data: not relevant)</li> <li>0x03: Reset the status bits (user data: 4byte with the corresponding set bits)</li> <li>0x04: Request the firmware version (user data: not relevant)</li> <li>0x06<sup>1</sup>: Read holding register (user data: not relevant)</li> <li>0x07<sup>1</sup>: Write in active energy meter</li></ul></li></ul>	

<sup>1)</sup> This is not supported by the energy measurement module 031-1PA00.

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#### Response

Byte	Value	Description		
B0	0x40	<ul> <li>■ Bit 3 0: Status communication ♦ Chap. 3.27.7.2 'Status communication' page 338</li> <li>■ Bit 6 4: 100 Telegram type 'CMD Frame'</li> <li>■ Bit 7: 0 fix reserved</li> </ul>		
B1		■ CMD-ID from the request.		
B2		<ul> <li>Bit 7 4: Length of the user data depending on CMD-ID:</li> <li>0x01: Reset of all energy counters (length user data: 0byte)</li> <li>0x03: Reset the status bits: (length user data: 4byte)</li> <li>0x04: Request the firmware version (Length user data: 10byte)</li> <li>0x06¹: Read holding register</li> <li>0x07¹: Write in active energy meter</li> </ul>		
		■ Bit 3 0: <i>DS-ID</i> (not relevant)		
B3		■ Common status 🤄 Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338		
D00  D11		<ul> <li>User data depending on <i>CMD-ID</i>:         <ul> <li>0x01: Reset of all energy counters (user data: nothing)</li> <li>0x03: Reset the status bits: (User data: 4byte with the corresponding set bits)</li> <li>0x04: Request the firmware version (user data: 10byte with the version information)</li> <li>0x06<sup>1</sup>: Read holding register</li> <li>0x07<sup>1</sup>: Write in active energy meter</li></ul></li></ul>		
1) This is not support	ed by the energy meas	surement module 031-1PA00.		

# Firmware version

- Byte 2... 0: Firmware version
- Byte 5 ... 3: Protocol version
  - Byte 3: Major
  - Byte 4: Minor
  - Byte 5: Revision
- Byte 9 ... 6: Measuring chip version
  - Byte 6: Day
  - Byte 7: Month
  - Byte 8: Year (hundreds)
  - Byte 9: Year (one)

# Write in active energy meter (not 031-1PA00)

Setting active energy meters L1 - L3 (consumers, producers)

- Byte 0: ID of the measured value to be written (ID: 3 ... 8).
- Byte 1: Overflow counter
- Byte 5 ... 2: New measured value

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Example 'CMD Frame'

In this example all the status bits are reset.

# Request

Byte	Value	Description
В0	0x40	Telegram type 'CMD Frame'
B1	0x03	CMD-ID: Reset the status bits
B2	0x40	Reset the status bits: (length user data: 4byte)
B3	0x00	Common status (not relevant).
D00	0xFF	User data: Reset the status bits
D01	0xFF	
D02	0xFF	
D03	0xFF	

Byte	Value	Description	
В0	0x40	Telegram type 'CMD Frame' from the request.	
B1	0x03	CMD-ID from the request.	
B2	0x40	Length of the user data from the request.	
B3	0x00	Common status: OK & Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338	
D00	0xFF	User data from the request.	
D01	0xFF		
D02	0xFF		
D03	0xFF		

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#### 3.27.7.4.6 Read Param



This telegram type is not supported by the energy measurement module 031-1PA00.

With 'Read Param' (0x60) the parameters can be read via the process image.

# Request

Byte	Value	Description	
В0	0x60	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: Error code (not relevant)</li> <li>Bit 6 4: 110 Telegram type <i>'Read Param'</i></li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>	
B1		■ IDx of the parameter to be read. ♦ Chap. 3.27.5 'Parameter data' page 323	
B2		■ Bit 7 4: Length user data (0)	
		■ Bit 3 0: Data set ID <i>DS-ID</i> (relevant for one time reading).	
B3		Common status (not relevant).	
D00		■ User data (not relevant).	
D11			

Byte	Value	Description	
В0	0x60	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: Status communication &amp; Chap. 3.27.7.2 'Status communication' page 338</li> <li>Bit 6 4: 110 Telegram type 'Read Param'</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>	
B1		■ IDx of the read parameter.	
B2		■ Bit 7 4: Length of the user data (0)	
		■ Bit 3 0: Data set ID <i>DS-ID</i>	
B3		Common status & Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338	
D00		Parameter value that was read.	
D11			

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# 3.27.7.5 Example

# Communication

Here the communication and the query of the status bits (ID = 41) are described on an example.

No.	Request	Response	Description
1	0x10 0x01 0x03 0x00		An ID and DS-ID is requested: e.g.: M 1-3
•		0.400.040.400.04	M ( <i>ID</i> )-( <i>DS-ID</i> )
3		0x10 0x01 0x43 0x01	M 1-3 indicates frequency exceeded.
		(4 byte data)	
4	0x10 0x29 0x03 0x00		Query the status bits M 41-3.
5		0x10 0x29 0x43 0x05	Frequency exceeded and temperature exceeded
		0x00 0x00 0x80 0x00	is reported.
6	0x10 0x29 0x04 0x00		Query the status bits M 41-4.
7		0x10 0x29 0x44 0x05	The status bit were refreshed (ID = 41) and tem-
		0x00 0x00 0xA0 0x00	perature exceeded is reported.
8	0x40 0x03 0x45 0x00		Reset the status bits (frequency exceeded and
	0x00 0x00 0xA0 0x00		temperature exceeded).
9		0x40 0x03 0x45 0x00	Status bits have been reset.
		0x00 0x00 0xA0 0x00	
10	0x10 0x29 0x05 0x00		Query the status bits M 41-5.
11		0x10 0x29 0x45 0x00	Status bits have been reset.
		0x00 0x00 0x20 0x00	Temperature exceeded is reported.

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#### 3.27.8 Error messages and diagnostics

#### 3.27.8.1 Status and error messages

Common status 

© Chap. 3.27.7.3 'Common status' page 338

Status bits ■ 053-1PA10 ♦ 'Status bits' page 332

#### 3.27.8.2 Diagnostic data

This module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

Error in configuration / parametrization

- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	71h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	03h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR CH7ERR	5	reserved	00h			0Dh 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

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# ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Bit 3 0: module class
	<ul> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> </ul>
	■ Bit 7 5: reserved

# ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 2 0: reserved
	■ Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow
	■ Bit 4: set at internal communication error
	■ Bit 7 5: reserved

# **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

# **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of the module (here 03h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Bit 0: set at error in channel 0</li><li>Bit 1: set at error in channel 1</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Bit 2: set at error in channel 2</li><li>Bit 7 3: reserved</li></ul>

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# CHxERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	Channel-specific error channel x		
	<ul><li>Bit 0: set at configuration / parametrization error</li><li>Bit 7 1: reserved</li></ul>		

# CH3ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

# DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

µs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

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# 3.27.9 VIPA handling block

The VIPA specific blocks can be found in the service area of www.vipa.com as library download file at Downloads > VIPA LIB 'Device Specific - SW90LS0MA'. The library is available as packed zip file. As soon as you want to use VIPA specific blocks you have to import them into your project. More information can be found in the manual for your block library. The following blocks are used for communication:

Blocks	Symbol	Description
UDT 325	EM_DATA_R1	Data structure for FB 325
FB 325	EM_COM_R1	Communication with 031-1PAxx for energy metering



More information about the usage of these blocks can be found in the manual "Device Specific - SW90LS0MA" at www.vipa.com in the "Service/Support" area at 'Manuals → VIPA Lib'.

#### **Functionality**

- The energy measuring module is used to measure the energy of a 3-phase connection. In addition to voltage, current and phase, the module determines many other measurands . ♦ Chap. 3.27.6 'Measurands' page 328
- Limit values can be parametrized for some measurands. When exceeding or falling below corresponding interrupt status bits are set. The module supports several commands (CMD). For example, interrupt status bits can be reset hereby.
- With the function block FB 325 and the associated data structure of type UDT 325, you can read energy measured values and interrupt status bits of the energy measurement module and commands can be executed on the module. In this case, the FB 325 communicates via the cyclic I/O data (16 bytes each) of the module, which must be specified accordingly when FB 325 is called.
- The real request interface is realized via the data structure of the type UDT 325. As a result, a simple control and evaluation, for example via a touch panel is possible.

Analog value

# 4 Analog Output

#### 4.1 General

#### Cabling for analog signals

You must only use screened cable when you are connecting analog signals. These cables reduce the effect of electrical interference. The screen of the analog signal cable should be grounded at both ends. In situations with different electrical potentials, it is possible that a current will flow to equalize the potential difference. This current could interfere with the analog signals. Under these circumstances it is advisable to ground the screen of the signal cable at one end only.

# Connecting loads and actuators

You can use the analog output modules to supply loads and actuators with current or voltage.



Please take always care of the correct polarity when connecting actuators! Please leave the output clamps of not used channels disconnected and set the output type of the channel to "deactivated" in the hardware configurator from Siemens.

#### **Parameterization**

The parameterization via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET happens by means of record sets (DS). The corresponding record set number may be found at the respective module description. Here also the indices (IX) respectively subindices (SX) for CANopen respectively EtherCAT are listed.

#### **Diagnostic functions**

The modules have diagnostics capability. The following errors may release a diagnostic:

- Error in parameterization
- Short-circuit recognition
- Wire-break recognition

#### Alternated blinking of the channel error LEDs

The alternate blinking of the channel error LEDs of channel 0 and 1 indicates a watchdog error due to a system overload. Restart with a power cycle your system. If the error occurred again, check configuration and circuit and adjust them if necessary. If the error persists, please contact our support.

# 4.2 Analog value

# Analog value representation

The analog values are only processed in binary representation. Hereby the binary word variable is transformed into an analog process signal and put out via the corresponding channel. The analog values are displayed as a fixed-point number in the two's complement.

Resolution		Analog value														
	High byte (byte 0)			Low byte (byte 1)												
Bit number	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Resolution	SG	214	2 <sup>13</sup>	212	2 <sup>11</sup>	2 <sup>10</sup>	<b>2</b> <sup>9</sup>	28	27	2 <sup>6</sup>	2 <sup>5</sup>	24	<b>2</b> <sup>3</sup>	22	21	20
12Bit	SG	Analog value (word)					X	X	X							
15Bit	SG	Analog value (word)														

Output ranges and function numbers

Resolution

With a resolution of 12bit plus sign bit, the least significant bits (3bit) are not relevant.

Sign bit (SG)

The algebraic sign bit is represented by Bit 15. Here it is essential:

■ Bit 15 = "0": → positive value
■ Bit 15 = "1": → negative value

# 4.3 Output ranges and function numbers

General

In the following there are the output ranges listed with function number, which were supported by the corresponding analog module. The here listed formulas allow you to transform a value (digital value) to an analog value and vice versa.

**Output ranges** 

Voltage

#### 0 ... 10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11,76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$U = D \times 10$
Siemens	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$
S7 format	5V	13824	3600h		11
(10h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0V.		underrange	
0 10V	12,5V	20480	5000h	overrange	$U = D \times 10$
Siemens	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
S5 format	5V	8192	2000h		17
(20h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0V.	underrange		

Output ranges and function numbers

# ±10V

Output range (funct. no.)	Voltage (U)	Decimal (D)	Hex	Range	Formulas
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	U - D x 10
Siemens S format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D \ x \ \frac{10}{27648}$
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		
	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	-5V	-13824	CA00h		
	-10V	-27648	9400h		
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange	
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	U - D v 10
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
(22h)	5V	8192	2000h		17
	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	-5V	-8192	E000h		
	-10V	-16384	C000h		
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange	

**Output ranges** 

Current

# 0 ... 20mA

Output range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)			
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	20
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$I = D x \frac{20}{27648}$
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h		
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{I}{20}$
	Not possible, is lin	mited to 0mA.		underrange	20
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	20
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$I = D x \frac{20}{16384}$
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h		
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{I}{20}$
	Not possible, is lin	mited to 0mA.		underrange	20

Output ranges and function numbers

# 4 ... 20mA

Output range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas	
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)				
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$I = D \ x \ \frac{16}{27648} + 4$	
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$1 - D \times \frac{1}{27648} + 4$	
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		I-4	
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{1-4}{16}$	
	0mA	-6912	E500h	underrange		
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$I = D \times \frac{16}{16384} + 4$	
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$1 - D \times \frac{1}{16384} + 4$	
S5 format (40h)	12mA	8192	2000h		I-4	
	4mA	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{1-4}{16}$	
	0mA	-4096	F000h	underrange		

032-1BB30 - AO 2x12Bit 0...10V

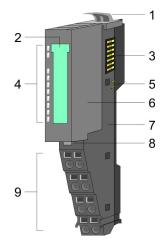
# 4.4 032-1BB30 - AO 2x12Bit 0...10V

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

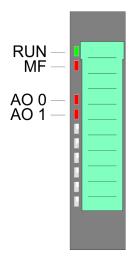
- 2 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

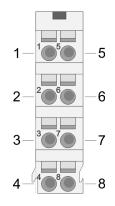
#### Status indication



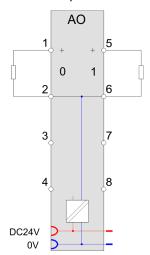
RUN	MF	AO x	Description
green	red	red	
_		X	Bus communication is OK
_		Λ	Module status is OK
_		Х	Bus communication is OK
		X	Module status reports an error
		X	Bus communication is not possible
			Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			Overload, short-circuit
			■ Error in parameterization
not relevant:	X		

032-1BB30 - AO 2x12Bit 0...10V

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7			not connected
8			not connected

O: Output

#### Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

#### Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h

032-1BB30 - AO 2x12Bit 0...10V > Technical data

# 4.4.1 Technical data

Order no.	032-1BB30
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	0501 25D8
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	85 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	35 mA
Power loss	1.2 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Voltage output short-circuit protection	✓
Voltage outputs	✓
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	5 kΩ
Max. capacitive load (current range)	1 μF
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mA
Output voltage ranges	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.3%
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 24V
Current outputs	
Max. in load resistance (current range)	
Max. inductive load (current range)	
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	
Output current ranges	
Operational limit of current ranges	
Basic error limit current ranges	
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	
Settling time for ohmic load	1.5 ms
Settling time for capacitive load	2 ms
Settling time for inductive load	
Resolution in bit	12
Conversion time	2 ms all channels
Substitute value can be applied	no

032-1BB30 - AO 2x12Bit 0...10V > Technical data

Order no.	032-1BB30
Output data size	4 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	4
Parameter bytes	8
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	60 g
Weight including accessories	60 g

032-1BB30 - AO 2x12Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1BB30
Gross weight	74 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

#### 4.4.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
SHORT_EN	1	Short-circuit recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	10h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	10h	81h	3103h	04h

# SHORT\_EN Short-circuit recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Short-circuit recognition channel 0 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Short-circuit recognition channel 1 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>		

# CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated.

The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1BB30 - AO 2x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

#### 0 ... 10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11,76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$U = D \times 10$
Siemens	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D \ x \ \frac{10}{27648}$
S7 format	5V	13824	3600h		17
(10h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0V.		underrange	
0 10V	12,5V	20480	5000h	overrange	U = D x 10
Siemens	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D \times \frac{10}{16384}$
S5 format	5V	8192	2000h		17
(20h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lin	mited to 0V.		underrange	

### 4.4.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Short-circuit/overload (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	sx
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	73h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah

032-1BB30 - AO 2x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 3 0: module class  — 0101b analog module
	<ul><li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li><li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li></ul>

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

032-1BB30 - AO 2x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

#### CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 2 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at short-circuit to ground</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1BB40 - AO 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

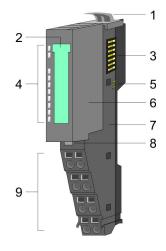
## 4.5 032-1BB40 - AO 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

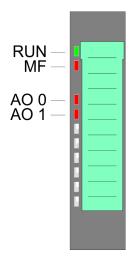
- 2 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 20mA; 4 ... 20mA
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

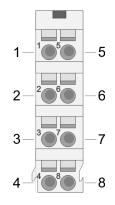
#### Status indication



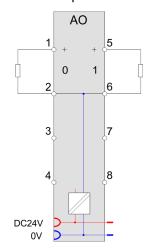
RUN green	MF red	AO x ☐ red	Description
•		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK
•	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error
	•	X	Bus communication is not possible  Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
•		•	<ul><li>Error channel x</li><li>Error in parameterization</li><li>Wire break (if parameterized)</li></ul>
not relevant:	Х		

032-1BB40 - AO 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7			not connected
8			not connected

O: Output

#### Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

#### Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h

032-1BB40 - AO 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

## 4.5.1 Technical data

Order no.	032-1BB40
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	0502 25D8
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	85 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Voltage output short-circuit protection	-
Voltage outputs	-
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	-
Max. capacitive load (current range)	-
Max. inductive load (current range)	-
Output voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	-
Current outputs	✓
Max. in load resistance (current range)	350 Ω
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mH
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	12 V
Output current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.4% +/-0.5%
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.2% +/-0.3%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 12V (30V for 1s)
Settling time for ohmic load	0.25 ms
Settling time for capacitive load	-
Settling time for inductive load	1.5 ms
Resolution in bit	12
Conversion time	2 ms all channels

032-1BB40 - AO 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	032-1BB40
Substitute value can be applied	no
Output data size	4 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	4
Parameter bytes	8
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g

032-1BB40 - AO 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1BB40
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

#### 4.5.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
WIBRK_EN	1	Wire-break recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	3103h	04h

# WIBRK\_EN Wire-break recognition

You also can activate the wire-break recognition for the current output range 0 ... 20mA. To ensure a safe wire-break recognition, the decimal value for the output is  $\geq$  100.

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Wire-break recognition channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Wire-break recognition channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

# CHxFN Function number channel x

370

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1BB40 - AO 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

## 0 ... 20mA

Output range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)			
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	20
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$I = D \ x \ \frac{20}{27648}$
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h		
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{I}{20}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0mA.		underrange	20
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	20
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$I = D x \frac{20}{16384}$
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h		
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{I}{20}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0mA.		underrange	20

### 4 ... 20mA

Output range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)			
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$I = D \ x \ \frac{16}{27648} \ + \ 4$
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$1 - D \times \frac{1}{27648} + 4$
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		I-4
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{1-4}{16}$
	0mA	-6912	E500h	underrange	
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$I = D \times \frac{16}{16384} + 4$
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$1 - D \times \frac{1}{16384} + 4$
S5 format	12mA	8192	2000h		I-4
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{1-4}{16}$
	0mA	-4096	F000h	underrange	

032-1BB40 - AO 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

#### 4.5.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Wire-break (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	73h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

#### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

032-1BB40 - AO 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

# MODTYP Module informa-

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>	

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

### **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

### CHERR Channel error

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>		

### CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 3 1: reserved</li> </ul>
	■ Bit 4: set at wire-break
	■ Bit 7 5: reserved

032-1BB40 - AO 2x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1BB70 - AO 2x12Bit ±10V

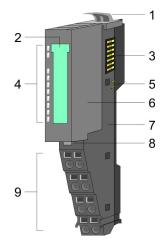
### 4.6 032-1BB70 - AO 2x12Bit ±10V

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

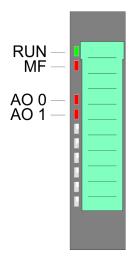
- 2 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with ±10V, 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

#### Status indication

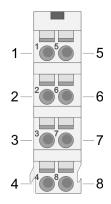


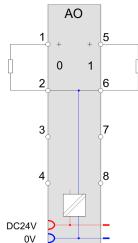
RUN green	MF ■ red	AO x ■ red	Description	
green	100	- Iou	Bus communication is OK	
		X	Module status is OK	
		X	Bus communication is OK	
		^	Module status reports an error	
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible	
		X	Module status reports an error	
		Χ	Error at bus power supply	
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30	
			Error channel x	
			<ul><li>Overload, short-circuit</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>	
not relevant: X				

032-1BB70 - AO 2x12Bit ±10V

#### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of  $0.08 mm^2$  up to  $1.5 mm^2$ .





Pos.	Function	Type	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7			not connected
8			not connected

O: Output

Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Adr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h

032-1BB70 - AO 2x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

## 4.6.1 Technical data

Order no.	032-1BB70
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	0505 25D8
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	60 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	
Voltage output short-circuit protection	✓
Voltage outputs	✓
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	5 kΩ
Max. capacitive load (current range)	1 μF
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mA
Output voltage ranges	-10 V +10 V
	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.3%
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 24V
Current outputs	-
Max. in load resistance (current range)	-
Max. inductive load (current range)	-
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	-
Output current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	-
Settling time for ohmic load	3 ms
Settling time for capacitive load	3 ms
Settling time for inductive load	-
Resolution in bit	12
Conversion time	2 ms all channels

032-1BB70 - AO 2x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	032-1BB70
Substitute value can be applied	no
Output data size	4 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	4
Parameter bytes	8
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	58 g

032-1BB70 - AO 2x12Bit ±10V > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1BB70
Weight including accessories	58 g
Gross weight	73 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

#### 4.6.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
SHORT_EN	1	Short-circuit recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	12h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	12h	81h	3103h	04h

# SHORT\_EN Short-circuit recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Short-circuit recognition channel 0 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Short-circuit recognition channel 1 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1BB70 - AO 2x12Bit ±10V > Parameter data

### ±10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	U = D × 10
Siemens S format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		II.
	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	-5V	-13824	CA00h		
	-10V	-27648	9400h		
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange	
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	U = D x
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
(22h)	5V	8192	2000h		17
	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	-5V	-8192	E000h		
	-10V	-16384	C000h		
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange	

### 0 ... 10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11,76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$U = D \times 10$
Siemens	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$
S7 format	5V	13824	3600h		11
(10h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0V.		underrange	
0 10V	12,5V	20480	5000h	overrange	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
Siemens	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$C = D \times \frac{16384}{}$
S5 format	5V	8192	2000h		11
(20h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lir	nited to 0V.		underrange	

032-1BB70 - AO 2x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

#### 4.6.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Short-circuit/overload (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	sx
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic 00h 01h 2F01h		02h		
MODTYP	1	Module information 15h			03h	
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h		04h	
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	Diagnostic 00h		05h	
CHTYP	1	Channel type 73h		06h		
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel 08h			07h	
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module 02h				08h
CHERR	1	Channel error 00h		09h		
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0 00h			0Ah	
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1 00h		0Bh		
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved 00h		0Ch 11h		
DIAG_US	G_US 4 µs ticker 0		00h			13h

#### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

032-1BB70 - AO 2x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

### **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

#### CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	Channel-specific error channel x:		
	Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error		
	■ Bit 2 1: reserved ■ Bit 3: set at short-circuit to ground		
	Bit 7 4: reserved		

032-1BB70 - AO 2x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1BD30 - AO 4x12Bit 0...10V

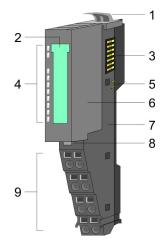
### 4.7 032-1BD30 - AO 4x12Bit 0...10V

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

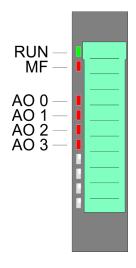
- 4 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

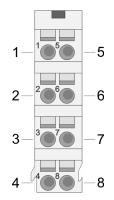
#### Status indication



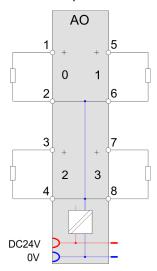
RUN	MF	AO x	Description
green	red	red	
		X	Bus communication is OK
			Module status is OK
	_	x	Bus communication is OK
			Module status reports an error
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible
		^	Module status reports an error
		X	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			Overload, short-circuit
			■ Error in parameterization
not relevant: X			

032-1BD30 - AO 4x12Bit 0...10V

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3	AO 2	0	Channel 2
4	AGND	0	Ground channels
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7	AO 3	0	Channel 3
8	AGND	0	Ground channels

O: Output

#### Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

#### Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h
+4	AO 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6411h/s+2	03h
+6	AO 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6411h/s+3	04h

032-1BD30 - AO 4x12Bit 0...10V > Technical data

## 4.7.1 Technical data

Order no.	032-1BD30
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	0503 25E0
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	90 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	35 mA
Power loss	1.2 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Voltage output short-circuit protection	✓
Voltage outputs	✓
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	5 kΩ
Max. capacitive load (current range)	1 μF
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mA
Output voltage ranges	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.3%
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 24V
Current outputs	
Max. in load resistance (current range)	
Max. inductive load (current range)	
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	
Output current ranges	
Operational limit of current ranges	
Basic error limit current ranges	
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	
Settling time for ohmic load	1.5 ms
Settling time for capacitive load	2 ms
Settling time for inductive load	
Resolution in bit	12
Conversion time	2 ms all channels
Substitute value can be applied	no

032-1BD30 - AO 4x12Bit 0...10V > Technical data

Order no.	032-1BD30
Output data size	8 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	8
Parameter bytes	10
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g
Weight including accessories	61 g

032-1BD30 - AO 4x12Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1BD30
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

#### 4.7.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
SHORT_EN	1	Short-circuit recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	10h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	10h	81h	3103h	04h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	10h	82h	3104h	05h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	10h	83h	3105h	06h

# SHORT\_EN Short-circuit recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Short-circuit recognition channel 0 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Short-circuit recognition channel 1 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Short-circuit recognition channel 2 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Short-circuit recognition channel 3 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1BD30 - AO 4x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

#### 0 ... 10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11,76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$U = D \times 10$
Siemens	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$
S7 format	5V	13824	3600h		
(10h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lin	mited to 0V.		underrange	
0 10V	12,5V	20480	5000h	overrange	$U = D \times 10$
Siemens	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
S5 format	5V	8192	2000h		17
(20h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lin	mited to 0V.		underrange	

#### 4.7.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Short-circuit/overload (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	sx
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	73h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah

032-1BD30 - AO 4x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERR CH7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte
0

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0						
0	■ Bit 6 0: Channel type  - 70h: Digital input  - 71h: Analog input  - 72h: Digital output  - 73h: Analog output  - 74h: Analog input/-output  - 76h: Counter  ■ Bit 7: reserved						

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

032-1BD30 - AO 4x12Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0					
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>					

### CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error channel x:			
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 2 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at short-circuit to ground</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>			

# CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

### DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1BD40 - AO 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

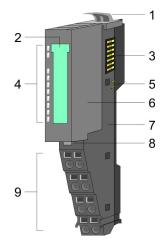
## 4.8 032-1BD40 - AO 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

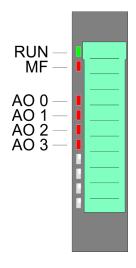
- 4 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with 0...20mA; 4...20mA
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

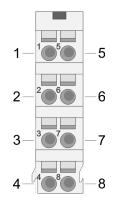
#### Status indication



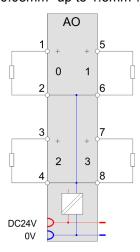
RUN	MF	AO x	Description
green	red	red	
		X	Bus communication is OK
		<b>X</b>	Module status is OK
	_	X	Bus communication is OK
	_	^	Module status reports an error
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible
	-	^	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration <i>⇔</i> Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			■ Error in parameterization
			Wire break (if parameterized)
not relevant: X			

032-1BD40 - AO 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA

#### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3	AO 2	0	Channel 2
4	AGND	0	Ground channels
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7	AO 3	0	Channel 3
8	AGND	0	Ground channels

O: Output

Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h
+4	AO 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6411h/s+2	03h
+6	AO 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6411h/s+3	04h

032-1BD40 - AO 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

## 4.8.1 Technical data

Order no.	032-1BD40
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	0504 25E0
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	90 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Voltage output short-circuit protection	-
Voltage outputs	-
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	-
Max. capacitive load (current range)	-
Max. inductive load (current range)	-
Output voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	-
Current outputs	✓
Max. in load resistance (current range)	350 Ω
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mH
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	12 V
Output current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.4% +/-0.5%
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.2% +/-0.3%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 12V (30V for 1s)
Settling time for ohmic load	0.25 ms
Settling time for capacitive load	-
Settling time for inductive load	1.5 ms
Resolution in bit	12
Conversion time	2 ms all channels

032-1BD40 - AO 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	032-1BD40
Substitute value can be applied	no
Output data size	8 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	8
Parameter bytes	10
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g

032-1BD40 - AO 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1BD40
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

#### 4.8.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
WIBRK_EN	1	Wire-break recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	3103h	04h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	31h	82h	3104h	05h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	31h	83h	3105h	06h

# WIBRK\_EN Wire-break recognition

You also can activate the wire-break recognition for the current output range 0 ... 20mA. To ensure a safe wire-break recognition, the decimal value for the output is  $\geq$  100.

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Wire-break recognition channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Wire-break recognition channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Wire-break recognition channel 2 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Wire-break recognition channel 3 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>	

# CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1BD40 - AO 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

# 0 ... 20mA

Output range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas	
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)				
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	20	
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$I = D x \frac{20}{27648}$	
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h			
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{I}{20}$	
	Not possible, is lin	mited to 0mA.		underrange	20	
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	20	
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$I = D x \frac{20}{16384}$	
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h			
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{I}{20}$	
	Not possible, is lin	mited to 0mA.		underrange	20	

## 4 ... 20mA

Output range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)			
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$I = D \ x \ \frac{16}{27648} \ + \ 4$
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$1 - D \times \frac{1}{27648} + 4$
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		I-4
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{1-4}{16}$
	0mA	-6912	E500h	underrange	
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$I = D \times \frac{16}{16384} + 4$
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$1 - D \times \frac{1}{16384} + 4$
S5 format	12mA	8192	2000h		I-4
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{1-4}{16}$
	0mA	-4096	F000h	underrange	

032-1BD40 - AO 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

## 4.8.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Wire-break (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	73h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERR CH7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

#### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 0: set at module failure ■ Bit 1: set at internal error ■ Bit 2: set at external error
	<ul> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li><li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li></ul>

032-1BD40 - AO 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 3 0: module class  — 0101b analog module
	<ul> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

# **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

## **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

## **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 3 1: reserved</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Bit 4: set at wire-break</li><li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li></ul>

032-1BD40 - AO 4x12Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

# DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1BD70 - AO 4x12Bit ±10V

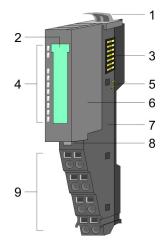
## 4.9 032-1BD70 - AO 4x12Bit ±10V

## **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

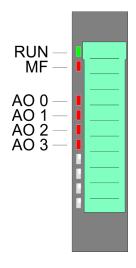
- 4 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with ±10V, 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 12bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

#### Status indication

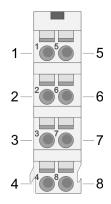


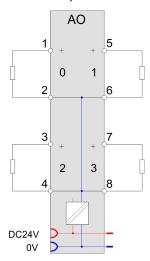
RUN green	MF ■ red	AO x ■ red	Description
green	100	- Iou	Bus communication is OK
		X	Module status is OK
		X	Bus communication is OK
		^	Module status reports an error
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible
		^	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			<ul><li>Overload, short-circuit</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>
not relevant: X			

032-1BD70 - AO 4x12Bit ±10V

### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3	AO 2	0	Channel 2
4	AGND	0	Ground channels
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7	AO 3	0	Channel 3
8	AGND	0	Ground channels

O: Output

### Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

## Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h
+4	AO 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6411h/s+2	03h
+6	AO 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6411h/s+3	04h

032-1BD70 - AO 4x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

# 4.9.1 Technical data

Order no.	032-1BD70
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	0506 25E0
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	60 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Voltage output short-circuit protection	✓
Voltage outputs	✓
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	5 kΩ
Max. capacitive load (current range)	1 μF
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mA
Output voltage ranges	-10 V +10 V 0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.3%
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 24V
Current outputs	-
Max. in load resistance (current range)	-
Max. inductive load (current range)	-
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	-
Output current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	-
Settling time for ohmic load	3 ms
Settling time for capacitive load	3 ms
Settling time for inductive load	-
Resolution in bit	12
Conversion time	2 ms all channels

032-1BD70 - AO 4x12Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	032-1BD70
Substitute value can be applied	no
Output data size	8 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	8
Parameter bytes	10
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	62 g

032-1BD70 - AO 4x12Bit ±10V > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1BD70
Weight including accessories	62 g
Gross weight	76 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

### 4.9.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
SHORT_EN	1	Short-circuit recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	12h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	12h	81h	3103h	04h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	12h	82h	3104h	05h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	12h	83h	3105h	06h

# SHORT\_EN Short-circuit recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Short-circuit recognition channel 0 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Short-circuit recognition channel 1 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Short-circuit recognition channel 2 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Short-circuit recognition channel 3 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1BD70 - AO 4x12Bit ±10V > Parameter data

## ±10V

Output range (funct. no.)	Voltage (U)	Decimal (D)	Hex	Range	Formulas
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	10
Siemens S format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		11
	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	-5V	-13824	CA00h		
	-10V	-27648	9400h		
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange	
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	H = D × 10
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
(22h)	5V	8192	2000h		11
	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	-5V	-8192	E000h		
	-10V	-16384	C000h		
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange	

# 0 ... 10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11,76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	U - D x 10
Siemens	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$
S7 format	5V	13824	3600h		17
(10h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0V.		underrange	
0 10V	12,5V	20480	5000h	overrange	U - D x
Siemens	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
S5 format	5V	8192	2000h		17
(20h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0V.		underrange	

032-1BD70 - AO 4x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

## 4.9.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Short-circuit/overload (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	sx
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	73h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERR CH7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

#### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

032-1BD70 - AO 4x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0						
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>						

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0						
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>						

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0								
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>								

# **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

## **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

## **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0							
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>							

## CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0					
0	Channel-specific error channel x:					
	<ul><li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li><li>Bit 2 1: reserved</li></ul>					
	Bit 3: set at short-circuit to ground					
	■ Bit 7 4: reserved					

032-1BD70 - AO 4x12Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1CB30 - AO 2x16Bit 0...10V

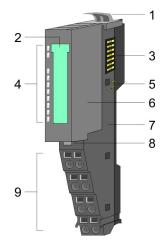
## 4.10 032-1CB30 - AO 2x16Bit 0...10V

## **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

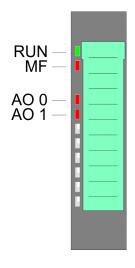
- 2 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

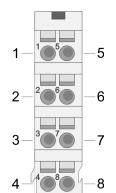
#### Status indication



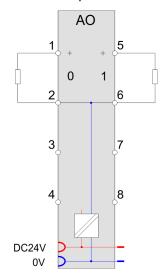
RUN green	MF red	AO x red	Description	
•		X	Bus communication is OK  Module status is OK	
•	•	X	Bus communication is OK  Module status reports an error	
	•	x	Bus communication is not possible  Module status reports an error	
		Χ	Error at bus power supply	
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30	
•		•	<ul><li>Error channel x</li><li>Overload, short-circuit</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>	
not relevant: X				

032-1CB30 - AO 2x16Bit 0...10V

### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7			not connected
8			not connected

O: Output

### Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

### Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h

032-1CB30 - AO 2x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

# 4.10.1 Technical data

Order no.	032-1CB30
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	0507 2558
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	60 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Voltage output short-circuit protection	✓
Voltage outputs	✓
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	5 kΩ
Max. capacitive load (current range)	1 μF
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mA
Output voltage ranges	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.1%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 24V
Current outputs	-
Max. in load resistance (current range)	-
Max. inductive load (current range)	-
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	-
Output current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	-
Settling time for ohmic load	150 μs
Settling time for capacitive load	1 ms
Settling time for inductive load	-
Resolution in bit	16
Conversion time	200 μs all channels
Substitute value can be applied	no

032-1CB30 - AO 2x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

Order no.	032-1CB30
Output data size	4 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	4
Parameter bytes	8
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g
Weight including accessories	61 g

032-1CB30 - AO 2x16Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1CB30
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

### 4.10.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
SHORT_EN	1	Short-circuit recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	10h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	10h	81h	3103h	04h

# SHORT\_EN Short-circuit recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0		
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Short-circuit recognition channel 0 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Short-circuit recognition channel 1 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>		

# CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated.

The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1CB30 - AO 2x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

#### 0 ... 10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11,76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	U = D x
Siemens	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$
S7 format	5V	13824	3600h		
(10h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0V.		underrange	
0 10V	12,5V	20480	5000h	overrange	U - D x 10
Siemens	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
S5 format	5V	8192	2000h		II.
(20h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lin	nited to 0V.		underrange	

## 4.10.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Short-circuit/overload (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	73h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah

032-1CB30 - AO 2x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	sx
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

# ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

# ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

# **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

# **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

032-1CB30 - AO 2x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

#### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

#### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>			

### CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 2 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at short-circuit to ground</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1CB40 - AO 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

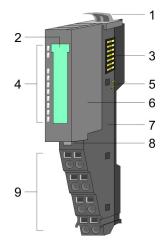
# 4.11 032-1CB40 - AO 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

## **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

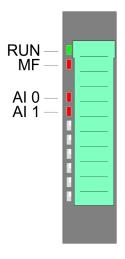
- 2 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 20mA; 4 ... 20mA
- Diagnostics function
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

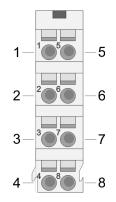
#### Status indication



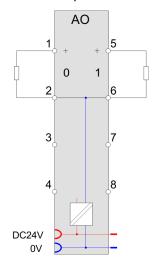
RUN green	MF ■ red	AO x ■ red	Description
groon	100	100	Bus communication is OK
		X	Module status is OK
_		X	Bus communication is OK
		<b>X</b>	Module status reports an error
		X	Bus communication is not possible
		^	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♦ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			<ul><li>Error in parameterization</li><li>Wire break (if parameterized)</li></ul>
not relevant: X			

032-1CB40 - AO 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7			not connected
8			not connected

O: Output

### Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

### Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h

032-1CB40 - AO 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

# 4.11.1 Technical data

420

Order no.	032-1CB40
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	050B 25D8
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	60 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	15 mA
Power loss	0.7 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	2
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Voltage output short-circuit protection	-
Voltage outputs	-
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	-
Max. capacitive load (current range)	-
Max. inductive load (current range)	-
Output voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	-
Current outputs	✓
Max. in load resistance (current range)	350 Ω
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mH
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	12 V
Output current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.1%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 12V (30V for 1s)
Settling time for ohmic load	0.25 ms
Settling time for capacitive load	-
Settling time for inductive load	1.5 ms
Resolution in bit	16
Conversion time	400 μs all channels

032-1CB40 - AO 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	032-1CB40
Substitute value can be applied	no
Output data size	4 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	4
Parameter bytes	8
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g

032-1CB40 - AO 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1CB40
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

#### 4.11.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
WIBRK_EN	1	Wire-break recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	3103h	04h

# WIBRK\_EN Wire-break recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Wire-break recognition channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Wire-break recognition channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>



Please consider with enabled wire break recognition with the output range 0 ... 20mA, when the current goes below of 40μA (100 Digits), this can may lead to sporadic wire break messages!

# CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1CB40 - AO 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

# 0 ... 20mA

Output range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)			
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	20
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$I = D \ x \ \frac{20}{27648}$
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h		
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{I}{20}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0mA.		underrange	20
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	20
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$I = D x \frac{20}{16384}$
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h		
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{I}{20}$
	Not possible, is lir	mited to 0mA.		underrange	20

# 4 ... 20mA

Output range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(I)	(D)			
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$I = D \ x \ \frac{16}{27648} + 4$
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	27648
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		I-4
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{I-4}{16}$
	0mA	-6912	E500h	underrange	
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$I = D \times \frac{16}{16384} + 4$
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$1 = D \times \frac{1}{16384} + 4$
S5 format	12mA	8192	2000h		I-4
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{I-4}{16}$
	0mA	-4096	F000h	underrange	

032-1CB40 - AO 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

# 4.11.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Wire-break (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	sx
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	73h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved	00h			0Ch 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

#### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

032-1CB40 - AO 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

MODTYP	Module	informa-
tion		

Byte	Bit 7 0	
0	■ Bit 3 0: module class  – 0101b analog module	
	<ul><li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li><li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li></ul>	

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

# **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

# **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

## **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

## CHERR Channel error

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

# CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error channel x			
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 3 1: reserved</li> </ul>			
	■ Bit 4: set at wire-break			
	■ Bit 7 5: reserved			

032-1CB40 - AO 2x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1CB70 - AO 2x16Bit ±10V

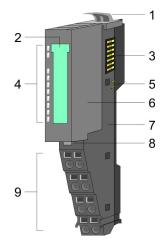
## 4.12 032-1CB70 - AO 2x16Bit ±10V

## **Properties**

The electronic module has 2 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

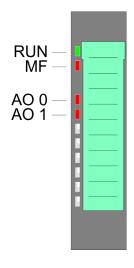
- 2 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with ±10V, 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

#### Status indication

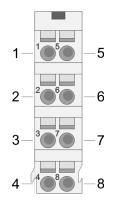


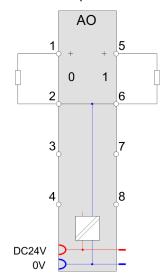
RUN green	MF ■ red	AO x ■ red	Description
green	100	- Iou	Bus communication is OK
		X	Module status is OK
		X	Bus communication is OK
		^	Module status reports an error
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible
		X	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			<ul><li>Overload, short-circuit</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>
not relevant:	X		

032-1CB70 - AO 2x16Bit ±10V

### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3			not connected
4			not connected
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7			not connected
8			not connected

O: Output

### Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

### Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h

032-1CB70 - AO 2x16Bit ±10V > Technical data

# 4.12.1 Technical data

Current consumption/power loss         60 mA           Current consumption from backplane bus         60 mA           Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)         20 mA           Power loss         0.8 W           Technical data analog outputs         2           Vable length, shielded         200 m           Rated load voltage         DC 24 V           Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage         -           Current consumption from rated load voltage         -           Voltage output short-circuit protection         ✓           Voltage outputs         ✓           Min. load resistance (voltage range)         5 kΩ           Max. capacitive load (current range)         1 μF           Max. inductive load (current range)         10 mA           Output voltage ranges         +/-0.2%           Basic error limit voltage ranges         +/-0.1%           Destruction limit against external applied voltage         max. 24V           Current outputs         -           Max. in load resistance (current range)         -           Max. i	Order no.	032-1CB70
Current consumption/power loss         60 mA           Current consumption from backplane bus         60 mA           Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)         20 mA           Power loss         0.8 W           Technical data analog outputs         2           Vable length, shielded         200 m           Rated load voltage         DC 24 V           Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage         -           Current consumption from rated load voltage         -           Voltage output short-circuit protection         ✓           Voltage outputs         ✓           Min. load resistance (voltage range)         5 kΩ           Max. capacitive load (current range)         1 μF           Max. inductive load (current range)         10 mA           Output voltage ranges         +/-0.2%           Basic error limit voltage ranges         +/-0.1%           Destruction limit against external applied voltage         max. 24V           Current outputs         -           Max. in load resistance (current range)         -           Max. i	Туре	SM 032
Current consumption from backplane bus Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load) Power loss 0.8 W Technical data analog outputs  Number of outputs 2 Cable length, shielded Rated load voltage Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage Current consumption from rated load voltage Pout short-circuit protection Voltage output short-circuit protection Voltage outputs Voltage outputs short-circuit protection Voltage outputs short-circuit protection Voltage outputs Voltage outputs Voltage outputs Voltage range) Sho Max. capacitive load (current range) 1 µF Max. inductive load (current range) 10 mA Output voltage ranges -10 V +10 V 0 V +10 V 0 V +10 V 0 V +10 V Coperational limit of voltage ranges H-0.2% Basic error limit voltage ranges +/-0.1% Destruction limit against external applied voltage max. 24V Current outputs Max. in load resistance (current range)	Module ID	0508 2558
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)         20 mA           Power loss         0.8 W           Technical data analog outputs         2           Cable length, shielded         200 m           Rated load voltage         DC 24 V           Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage         -           Current consumption from rated load voltage         -           Voltage output short-circuit protection         ✓           Voltage outputs         ✓           Min. load resistance (voltage range)         5 kΩ           Max. capacitive load (current range)         1 μF           Max. inductive load (current range)         10 mA           Output voltage ranges         -10 V +10 V           Ov +10 V         0 V +10 V           Operational limit of voltage ranges         +/-0.2%           Basic error limit voltage ranges         +/-0.1%           Destruction limit against external applied voltage         max. 24V           Current outputs         -           Max. in load resistance (current range)         -           Setting t	Current consumption/power loss	
Power loss Technical data analog outputs Number of outputs Cable length, shielded Rated load voltage Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage Current consumption from rated load voltage Voltage output short-circuit protection Voltage output short-circuit protection Voltage output short-circuit protection Voltage output short-dircuit protection Voltage ranges In μF  Max. inductive load (current range) Dustruction limit of voltage ranges V-0.2% Basic error limit voltage ranges V-0.1% Destruction limit against external applied voltage max. 24V Current outputs Max. in load resistance (current range) Max. in load resistance (current range) Voltage current output Voltuput current ranges Voltage current output Voltupt current ranges Voltage current output Voltupt current ranges Voltage current ranges Voltage in idea (current range) Voltage in idea (current range) Voltage in idea (voltage in idea (voltage) Voltage in idea (voltage	Current consumption from backplane bus	60 mA
Technical data analog outputs     2       Number of outputs     2       Cable length, shielded     200 m       Rated load voltage     DC 24 V       Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage     ✓       Current consumption from rated load voltage     -       Voltage output short-circuit protection     ✓       Voltage outputs     ✓       Min. load resistance (voltage range)     5 kΩ       Max. apacitive load (current range)     1 μF       Max. inductive load (current range)     10 mA       Output voltage ranges     -10 V +10 V       Output voltage ranges     +/-0.2%       Basic error limit voltage ranges     +/-0.1%       Destruction limit against external applied voltage     max. 24V       Current outputs     -       Max. in load resistance (current range)     -       Max. in load resistance (current range)     -       Max. in load resistance (current range)     -       Typ. open circuit voltage current output     -       Output current ranges     -       Operational limit of current ranges     -       Destruction limit against external applied voltage     -       Basic error limit current ranges     -       Destruction limit of current ranges     -       Basic error limit for current ranges     - <t< td=""><td>Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)</td><td>20 mA</td></t<>	Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Number of outputs       2         Cable length, shielded       200 m         Rated load voltage       DC 24 V         Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage       ✓         Current consumption from rated load voltage       -         Voltage output short-circuit protection       ✓         Win. load resistance (voltage range)       5 kΩ         Max. capacitive load (current range)       1 μF         Max. inductive load (current range)       10 mA         Output voltage ranges       -10 V +10 V         Operational limit of voltage ranges       +/-0.2%         Basic error limit voltage ranges       +/-0.1%         Destruction limit against external applied voltage       max. 24V         Current outputs       -         Max. in load resistance (current range)       -         Department ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges       -         Destruction limit against external applied voltage       -	Power loss	0.8 W
Cable length, shielded       200 m         Rated load voltage       DC 24 V         Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage       ✓         Current consumption from rated load voltage       –         Voltage output short-circuit protection       ✓         Win. load resistance (voltage range)       5 kΩ         Max. capacitive load (current range)       1 μF         Max. inductive load (current range)       10 mA         Output voltage ranges       -10 V +10 V         Operational limit of voltage ranges       +/-0.2%         Basic error limit voltage ranges       +/-0.1%         Destruction limit against external applied voltage       max. 24V         Current outputs       -         Max. in load resistance (current range)       -         Max. inductive load (current range)       -         Max. inductive load (current range)       -         Typ. open circuit voltage current output       -         Output current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges       -         Basic error limit current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges       -         Settling time for ohmic load       300 μs         Settling time for inductive load       -         <	Technical data analog outputs	
Rated load voltage Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage  Current consumption from rated load voltage  Voltage output short-circuit protection  Voltage outputs  Min. load resistance (voltage range)  Max. capacitive load (current range)  Max. inductive load (current range)  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Max. in load resistance (current range)  Max. inductive load (current range)  Typ. open circuit voltage current output  Output current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  Basic error limit current ranges  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Resolution in bit  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Resolution in bit  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Resolution in bit  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Resolution in bit	Number of outputs	2
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage  Current consumption from rated load voltage  Voltage output short-circuit protection  Voltage outputs  Win. load resistance (voltage range)  Max. capacitive load (current range)  Max. inductive load (current range)  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Max. in load resistance (current range)  Pax. inductive load (current range)  Reside error limit voltage ranges  H-0.2%  Basic error limit voltage ranges  H-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Max. in load resistance (current range)  Max. in load resistance (current range)  Max. inductive load (current range)  Typ. open circuit voltage current output  Output current ranges  Department and limit of current ranges  Basic error limit current ranges  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Resolution in bit  Resolution in bit  Ava. V	Cable length, shielded	200 m
Current consumption from rated load voltage  Voltage output short-circuit protection  Voltage outputs  Win. load resistance (voltage range)  Max. capacitive load (current range)  Max. inductive load (current range)  1 μF  Max. inductive load (current range)  10 mA  Output voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  +/-0.2%  Basic error limit voltage ranges  +/-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  max. 24V  Current outputs  Max. in load resistance (current range)  -  Max. in load resistance (current range)  -  Typ. open circuit voltage current output  -  Output current ranges  -  Operational limit of current ranges  -  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  -  Sestling time for capacitive load  Settling time for capacitive load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit  -  Other capacitive load  3 ms  Settling time for inductive load  -  Resolution in bit  -  Other capacitive load  -  Resolution in bit	Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Voltage output short-circuit protection  Voltage outputs  Vinit load resistance (voltage range)  Max. capacitive load (current range)  Max. inductive load (current range)  1 $\mu$ F  Max. inductive load (current range)  10 mA  Output voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  +/-0.2%  Basic error limit voltage ranges  +/-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  max. 24V  Current outputs  Max. in load resistance (current range)  -  Max. inductive load (current range)  -  Typ. open circuit voltage current output  -  Output current ranges  -  Operational limit of current ranges  -  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  -  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Resolution in bit  16	Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Voltage outputs  Min. load resistance (voltage range)  Max. capacitive load (current range)  Max. inductive load (current range)  10 mA  Output voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  +/-0.2%  Basic error limit voltage ranges  +/-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  max. 24V  Current outputs  -  Max. in load resistance (current range)  -  Max. in load resistance (current range)  -  Typ. open circuit voltage current output  -  Output current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  -  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  -  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Resolution in bit  10 mA  10 V  +10 V  0 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  0 v +10 V	Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Min. load resistance (voltage range)  Max. capacitive load (current range)  Max. inductive load (current range)  Output voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  +/-0.2%  Basic error limit voltage ranges  +/-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Current outputs  -  Max. in load resistance (current range)  -  Max. in load resistance (current range)  -  Typ. open circuit voltage current output  -  Output current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  -  Basic error limit current ranges  -  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  -  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit  10 mA  1	Voltage output short-circuit protection	✓
Max. capacitive load (current range)  Max. inductive load (current range)  Output voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V 0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  +/-0.2%  Basic error limit voltage ranges  +/-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  max. 24V  Current outputs  - Max. in load resistance (current range)  - Typ. open circuit voltage current output  - Output current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  - Basic error limit current ranges  - Current outputs  - Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit  10 mA  10	Voltage outputs	✓
Max. inductive load (current range)  Output voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V  0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  +/-0.2%  Basic error limit voltage ranges  +/-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  max. 24V  Current outputs  -  Max. in load resistance (current range)  -  Typ. open circuit voltage current output  Output current ranges  -  Operational limit of current ranges  Basic error limit current ranges  -  Basic error limit current ranges  -  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit  10 MA  -10 V +10 V  0 V +10	Min. load resistance (voltage range)	5 kΩ
Output voltage ranges  -10 V +10 V 0 V +10 V  Operational limit of voltage ranges  +/-0.2%  Basic error limit voltage ranges  +/-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  max. 24V  Current outputs  Max. in load resistance (current range)	Max. capacitive load (current range)	1 μF
Operational limit of voltage ranges +/-0.2%  Basic error limit voltage ranges +/-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage max. 24V  Current outputs -  Max. in load resistance (current range) -  Max. inductive load (current range) -  Typ. open circuit voltage current output -  Output current ranges -  Operational limit of current ranges -  Basic error limit current ranges -  Destruction limit against external applied voltage -  Settling time for ohmic load 300 µs  Settling time for inductive load -  Resolution in bit 16	Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mA
Operational limit of voltage ranges +/-0.2%  Basic error limit voltage ranges +/-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage max. 24V  Current outputs -  Max. in load resistance (current range) -  Max. inductive load (current range) -  Typ. open circuit voltage current output -  Output current ranges -  Operational limit of current ranges -  Basic error limit current ranges -  Destruction limit against external applied voltage -  Settling time for ohmic load 300 µs  Settling time for inductive load -  Resolution in bit 16	Output voltage ranges	-10 V +10 V
Basic error limit voltage ranges +/-0.1%  Destruction limit against external applied voltage max. 24V  Current outputs -  Max. in load resistance (current range) -  Max. inductive load (current range) -  Typ. open circuit voltage current output -  Output current ranges -  Operational limit of current ranges -  Basic error limit current ranges -  Destruction limit against external applied voltage -  Settling time for ohmic load 300 µs  Settling time for capacitive load -  Resolution in bit 16		0 V +10 V
Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Current outputs  - Max. in load resistance (current range) - Max. inductive load (current range) - Typ. open circuit voltage current output - Output current ranges - Operational limit of current ranges - Basic error limit current ranges - Destruction limit against external applied voltage - Settling time for ohmic load Settling time for capacitive load - Resolution in bit  max. 24V  amax. 24V  amax. 24V  -  300  300  40  300  40  300  40  40  40	Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Current outputs  Max. in load resistance (current range)  Max. inductive load (current range)  Typ. open circuit voltage current output  Output current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  Basic error limit current ranges  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit	Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.1%
Max. in load resistance (current range)       -         Max. inductive load (current range)       -         Typ. open circuit voltage current output       -         Output current ranges       -         Operational limit of current ranges       -         Basic error limit current ranges       -         Destruction limit against external applied voltage       -         Settling time for ohmic load       300 μs         Settling time for capacitive load       3 ms         Settling time for inductive load       -         Resolution in bit       16	Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 24V
Max. inductive load (current range)  Typ. open circuit voltage current output  Output current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  Basic error limit current ranges  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit	Current outputs	-
Typ. open circuit voltage current output  Output current ranges  Operational limit of current ranges  Basic error limit current ranges  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit	Max. in load resistance (current range)	-
Output current ranges Operational limit of current ranges - Basic error limit current ranges - Destruction limit against external applied voltage Settling time for ohmic load Settling time for capacitive load Settling time for inductive load Resolution in bit	Max. inductive load (current range)	-
Operational limit of current ranges  Basic error limit current ranges  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit	Typ. open circuit voltage current output	-
Basic error limit current ranges  Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit	Output current ranges	-
Destruction limit against external applied voltage  Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit	Operational limit of current ranges	-
Settling time for ohmic load  Settling time for capacitive load  Settling time for inductive load  Settling time for inductive load  Resolution in bit  300 µs  3 ms  -  16	Basic error limit current ranges	-
Settling time for capacitive load 3 ms  Settling time for inductive load -  Resolution in bit 16	Destruction limit against external applied voltage	-
Settling time for inductive load - Resolution in bit 16	Settling time for ohmic load	300 μs
Resolution in bit 16	Settling time for capacitive load	3 ms
	Settling time for inductive load	-
Conversion time 200 us all channels	Resolution in bit	16
200 ps all charmers	Conversion time	200 μs all channels

032-1CB70 - AO 2x16Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	032-1CB70
Substitute value can be applied	no
Output data size	4 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	4
Parameter bytes	8
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	60 g

032-1CB70 - AO 2x16Bit ±10V > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1CB70
Weight including accessories	60 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

# 4.12.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
SHORT_EN	1	Short-circuit recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	12h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	12h	81h	3103h	04h

# SHORT\_EN Short-circuit recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Short-circuit recognition channel 0 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Short-circuit recognition channel 1 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1CB70 - AO 2x16Bit ±10V > Parameter data

# ±10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	U - D × 10
Siemens S format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	0V	0	0000h		
	-5V	-13824	CA00h		
	-10V	-27648	9400h		
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange	
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	U - D × 10
Siemens S5 format (22h)	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
	5V	8192	2000h		17
	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	-5V	-8192	E000h		
	-10V	-16384	C000h		
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange	

# 0 ... 10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11,76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	U = D x
Siemens	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$
S7 format	5V	13824	3600h		11
(10h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is limited to 0V.			underrange	
0 10V	12,5V	20480	5000h	overrange	U - D x
Siemens	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
S5 format	5V	8192	2000h		11
(20h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is limited to 0V.			underrange	

032-1CB70 - AO 2x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

## 4.12.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Short-circuit/overload (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	sx
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic 00h 01h 2F01h		02h		
MODTYP	1	Module information 15h			03h	
ERR_C	1	reserved 00h		04h		
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic 00h		05h		
CHTYP	1	Channel type 73h		06h		
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel 08h			07h	
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	02h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error 00h			09h	
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0 00h		0Ah		
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1 00h		0Bh		
CH2ERR CH7ERR	6	reserved 00h		0Ch 11h		
DIAG_US	AG_US 4 µs ticker 00h				13h	

### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

032-1CB70 - AO 2x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

## MODTYP Module informa-

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>			

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 02h)

### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 7 2: reserved</li> </ul>			

### CH0ERR / CH1ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error channel x:			
	■ Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error			
	Bit 2 1: reserved			
	<ul><li>Bit 3: set at short-circuit to ground</li><li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li></ul>			

032-1CB70 - AO 2x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

CH2ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1CD30 - AO 4x16Bit 0...10V

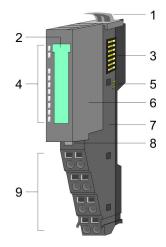
### 4.13 032-1CD30 - AO 4x16Bit 0...10V

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

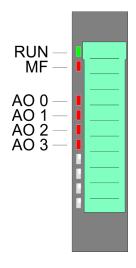
- 4 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

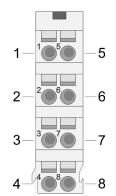
### Status indication



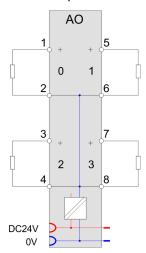
RUN	MF	AO x	Description	
green	red	red		
		X	Bus communication is OK	
			Module status is OK	
	_	X	Bus communication is OK	
			Module status reports an error	
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible	
	_		Module status reports an error	
		Χ	Error at bus power supply	
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30	
			Error channel x	
			Overload, short-circuit	
			Error in parameterization	
not relevant: X				

032-1CD30 - AO 4x16Bit 0...10V

### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3	AO 2	0	Channel 2
4	AGND	0	Ground channels
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7	AO 3	0	Channel 3
8	AGND	0	Ground channels

O: Output

### Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

### Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h
+4	AO 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6411h/s+2	03h
+6	AO 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6411h/s+3	04h

032-1CD30 - AO 4x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

## 4.13.1 Technical data

Order no.	032-1CD30
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	0509 2560
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	65 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Voltage output short-circuit protection	✓
Voltage outputs	✓
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	5 kΩ
Max. capacitive load (current range)	1 μF
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mA
Output voltage ranges	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.1%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 24V
Current outputs	
Max. in load resistance (current range)	
Max. inductive load (current range)	
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	
Output current ranges	
Operational limit of current ranges	
Basic error limit current ranges	
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	
Settling time for ohmic load	150 μs
Settling time for capacitive load	1 ms
Settling time for inductive load	
Resolution in bit	16
Conversion time	200 μs all channels
Substitute value can be applied	no

032-1CD30 - AO 4x16Bit 0...10V > Technical data

Order no.	032-1CD30
Output data size	8 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	8
Parameter bytes	10
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	60 g
Weight including accessories	60 g

032-1CD30 - AO 4x16Bit 0...10V > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1CD30
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

### 4.13.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
SHORT_EN	1	Short-circuit recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	10h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	10h	81h	3103h	04h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	10h	82h	3104h	05h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	10h	83h	3105h	06h

# SHORT\_EN Short-circuit recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Short-circuit recognition channel 0 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Short-circuit recognition channel 1 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Short-circuit recognition channel 2 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Short-circuit recognition channel 3 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1CD30 - AO 4x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

#### 0 ... 10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)			
0 10V	11,76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	U = D × 10
Siemens	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$
S7 format	5V	13824	3600h		II.
(10h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is limited to 0V.			underrange	
0 10V	12,5V	20480	5000h	overrange	U = D × 10
Siemens	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$
S5 format	5V	8192	2000h		11
(20h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$
	Not possible, is lir	nited to 0V.		underrange	

### 4.13.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Short-circuit/overload (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	73h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah

032-1CD30 - AO 4x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERR CH7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	µs ticker	00h			13h

## ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

## ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul><li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li><li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li></ul>
	■ Bit 4: set at internal communication error ■ Bit 7 5: reserved

## **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

032-1CD30 - AO 4x16Bit 0...10V > Diagnostic data

### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0					
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>					

## CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error channel x:			
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 2 1: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at short-circuit to ground</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>			

## CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1CD40 - AO 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

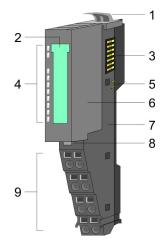
## 4.14 032-1CD40 - AO 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

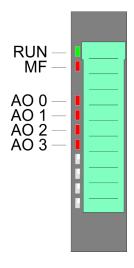
- 4 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with 0...20mA; 4...20mA
- Diagnostics function
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

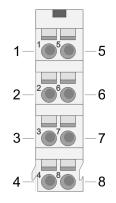
### Status indication



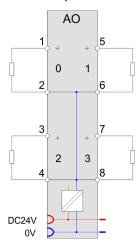
RUN green	MF red	AO x	Description
		X	Bus communication is OK
		^	Module status is OK
	_	X	Bus communication is OK
_	^		Module status reports an error
		X	Bus communication is not possible
		X	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			<ul><li>Error in parameterization</li><li>Wire break (if parameterized)</li></ul>
not relevant: X			

032-1CD40 - AO 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA

### Pin assignment



For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3	AO 2	0	Channel 2
4	AGND	0	Ground channels
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7	AO 3	0	Channel 3
8	AGND	0	Ground channels

O: Output

Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

- IX Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h
+4	AO 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6411h/s+2	03h
+6	AO 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6411h/s+3	04h

032-1CD40 - AO 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

## 4.14.1 Technical data

Order no.	032-1CD40
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	050C 25E0
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	65 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Voltage output short-circuit protection	-
Voltage outputs	-
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	-
Max. capacitive load (current range)	-
Max. inductive load (current range)	-
Output voltage ranges	-
Operational limit of voltage ranges	-
Basic error limit voltage ranges	-
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	-
Current outputs	✓
Max. in load resistance (current range)	350 Ω
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mH
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	12 V
Output current ranges	0 mA +20 mA
	+4 mA +20 mA
Operational limit of current ranges	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit current ranges	+/-0.1%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 12V (30V for 1s)
Settling time for ohmic load	0.25 ms
Settling time for capacitive load	-
Settling time for inductive load	1.5 ms
Resolution in bit	16
Conversion time	400 μs all channels

032-1CD40 - AO 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Technical data

Order no.	032-1CD40
Substitute value can be applied	no
Output data size	8 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	8
Parameter bytes	10
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g

032-1CD40 - AO 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1CD40
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

### 4.14.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
WIBRK_EN	1	Wire-break recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	31h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	31h	81h	3103h	04h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	31h	82h	3104h	05h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	31h	83h	3105h	06h

# WIBRK\_EN Wire-break recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Wire-break recognition channel 0 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Wire-break recognition channel 1 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Wire-break recognition channel 2 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Wire-break recognition channel 3 (1: on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>



Please consider with enabled wire break recognition with the output range 0 ... 20mA, when the current goes below of 40 $\mu$ A (100 Digits), this can may lead to sporadic wire break messages!

032-1CD40 - AO 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Parameter data

# **CHxFN Function number** channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

### 0 ... 20mA

Output range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	<b>(I)</b>	(D)			
0 20mA	23.52mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	20
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$I = D x \frac{20}{27648}$
S7 format	10mA	13824	3600h		
(31h)	0mA	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{I}{20}$
	Not possible, is lin	mited to 0mA.		underrange	20
0 20mA	25.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	20
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$I = D x \frac{20}{16384}$
S5 format	10mA	8192	2000h		
(41h)	0mA	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{I}{20}$
	Not possible, is lin	mited to 0mA.		underrange	20

### 4 ... 20mA

Output range	Current	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas
(funct. no.)	(I)	(D)			
4 20mA	22.81mA	32511	7EFFh	overrange	$I = D \times \frac{16}{27648} + 4$
Siemens	20mA	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$1 - D \times \frac{1}{27648} + 4$
S7 format	12mA	13824	3600h		I-4
(30h)	4mA	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{I-4}{16}$
	0mA	-6912	E500h	underrange	
4 20mA	24.00mA	20480	5000h	overrange	$I = D \times \frac{16}{16384} + 4$
Siemens	20mA	16384	4000h	nominal range	$1 - D \times \frac{1}{16384} + 4$
S5 format	12mA	8192	2000h		I-4
(40h)	4mA	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{1-4}{16}$
	0mA	-4096	F000h	underrange	

032-1CD40 - AO 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

## 4.14.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Wire-break (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	sx
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	73h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERR CH7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Bit 0: set at module failure
	<ul><li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li><li>Bit 2: set at external error</li></ul>
	Bit 3: set at channel error
	<ul><li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li><li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li></ul>
	Bit 7: set at error in parameterization

032-1CD40 - AO 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 6 0: Channel type</li> <li>70h: Digital input</li> <li>71h: Analog input</li> <li>72h: Digital output</li> <li>73h: Analog output</li> <li>74h: Analog input/-output</li> <li>76h: Counter</li> <li>Bit 7: reserved</li> </ul>

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

## CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Channel-specific error channel x:
	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error</li> <li>Bit 3 1: reserved</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Bit 4: set at wire-break</li><li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li></ul>

032-1CD40 - AO 4x16Bit 0(4)...20mA > Diagnostic data

## DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.

032-1CD70 - AO 4x16Bit ±10V

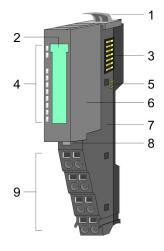
### 4.15 032-1CD70 - AO 4x16Bit ±10V

### **Properties**

The electronic module has 4 outputs with parameterizable functions. The channels of the module are electrically isolated from the backplane bus. In addition, the channels are isolated to the DC 24V power supply by means of DC/DC converter.

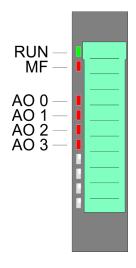
- 4 analog outputs
- Suited for sensors with ±10V, 0 ... 10V
- Diagnostics function
- 16bit resolution

#### **Structure**



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

### Status indication

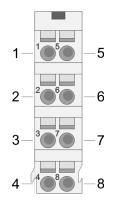


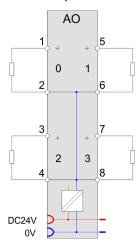
RUN green	MF ■ red	AO x ■ red	Description
green	100	- Iou	Bus communication is OK
		X	Module status is OK
		V	Bus communication is OK
		X	Module status reports an error
	_	X	Bus communication is not possible
		X	Module status reports an error
		Χ	Error at bus power supply
X	ZHz	X	Error in configuration ♥ Chap. 2.8 'Trouble shooting - LEDs' page 30
			Error channel x
			<ul><li>Overload, short-circuit</li><li>Error in parameterization</li></ul>
not relevant:	X		

032-1CD70 - AO 4x16Bit ±10V

### Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm<sup>2</sup> up to 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>.





Pos.	Function	Туре	Description
1	AO 0	0	Channel 0
2	AGND	0	Ground channels
3	AO 2	0	Channel 2
4	AGND	0	Ground channels
5	AO 1	0	Channel 1
6	AGND	0	Ground channels
7	AO 3	0	Channel 3
8	AGND	0	Ground channels

O: Output

Input area

No byte of the input area is used by the module.

Output area

At CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET the output area is embedded to the corresponding address area.

IX - Index for access via CANopen with s = Subindex, depends on number and type of analog modules

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 7000h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Addr.	Name	Bytes	Function	IX	SX
+0	AO 0	2	Analog value channel 0	6411h/s	01h
+2	AO 1	2	Analog value channel 1	6411h/s+1	02h
+4	AO 2	2	Analog value channel 2	6411h/s+2	03h
+6	AO 3	2	Analog value channel 3	6411h/s+3	04h

032-1CD70 - AO 4x16Bit ±10V > Technical data

## 4.15.1 Technical data

Order no.	032-1CD70
Туре	SM 032
Module ID	050A 2560
Current consumption/power loss	
Current consumption from backplane bus	65 mA
Current consumption from load voltage L+ (without load)	20 mA
Power loss	0.8 W
Technical data analog outputs	
Number of outputs	4
Cable length, shielded	200 m
Rated load voltage	DC 24 V
Reverse polarity protection of rated load voltage	✓
Current consumption from rated load voltage	-
Voltage output short-circuit protection	✓
Voltage outputs	✓
Min. load resistance (voltage range)	5 kΩ
Max. capacitive load (current range)	1 μF
Max. inductive load (current range)	10 mA
Output voltage ranges	-10 V +10 V
	0 V +10 V
Operational limit of voltage ranges	+/-0.2%
Basic error limit voltage ranges	+/-0.1%
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	max. 24V
Current outputs	-
Max. in load resistance (current range)	-
Max. inductive load (current range)	-
Typ. open circuit voltage current output	-
Output current ranges	-
Operational limit of current ranges	-
Basic error limit current ranges	-
Destruction limit against external applied voltage	-
Settling time for ohmic load	300 μs
Settling time for capacitive load	3 ms
Settling time for inductive load	-
Resolution in bit	16
Conversion time	200 μs all channels

032-1CD70 - AO 4x16Bit ±10V > Technical data

Order no.	032-1CD70
Substitute value can be applied	no
Output data size	8 Byte
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	yes
Diagnostics information read-out	possible
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	red LED per channel
Isolation	
Between channels	-
Between channels of groups to	-
Between channels and backplane bus	✓
Between channels and power supply	✓
Max. potential difference between circuits	-
Max. potential difference between inputs (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between Mana and Mintern (Uiso)	DC 75 V/ AC 50 V
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mana (Ucm)	-
Max. potential difference between inputs and Mintern (Uiso)	-
Max. potential difference between Mintern and outputs	-
Insulation tested with	DC 500 V
Datasizes	
Input bytes	0
Output bytes	8
Parameter bytes	10
Diagnostic bytes	20
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	61 g

032-1CD70 - AO 4x16Bit ±10V > Parameter data

Order no.	032-1CD70
Weight including accessories	61 g
Gross weight	75 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

### 4.15.2 Parameter data

DS - Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET

IX - Index for access via CANopen

SX - Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 3100h + EtherCAT-Slot

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
RES0	1	reserved	00h	00h	3100h	01h
SHORT_EN	1	Short-circuit recognition	00h	00h	3101h	02h
CH0FN	1	Function number channel 0	12h	80h	3102h	03h
CH1FN	1	Function number channel 1	12h	81h	3103h	04h
CH2FN	1	Function number channel 2	12h	82h	3104h	05h
CH3FN	1	Function number channel 3	12h	83h	3105h	06h

# SHORT\_EN Short-circuit recognition

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: Short-circuit recognition channel 0 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 1: Short-circuit recognition channel 1 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 2: Short-circuit recognition channel 2 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 3: Short-circuit recognition channel 3 (1:on)</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

## CHxFN Function number channel x

In the following there are the measuring ranges with corresponding function number listed, which were supported by the analog module. With FFh the corresponding channel is deactivated. The formulas listed here allow you to transform an evaluated measuring value (digital value) to a value assigned to the measuring range (analog value) and vice versa.

032-1CD70 - AO 4x16Bit ±10V > Parameter data

## ±10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas	
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)				
±10V	11.76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	U = D × 10	
Siemens S format	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$	
(12h)	5V	13824	3600h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$	
	0V	0	0000h			
	-5V	-13824	CA00h			
	-10V	-27648	9400h			
	-11.76V	-32512	8100h	underrange		
±10V	12.5V	20480	5000h	overrange	U = D x	
Siemens S5 format	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$	
(22h)	5V	8192	2000h		17	
	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$	
	-5V	-8192	E000h			
	-10V	-16384	C000h			
	-12.5V	-20480	B000h	underrange		

## 0 ... 10V

Output range	Voltage	Decimal	Hex	Range	Formulas	
(funct. no.)	(U)	(D)				
0 10V	11,76V	32511	7EFFh	overrange	U = D × 10	
Siemens	10V	27648	6C00h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{27648}$	
S7 format	5V	13824	3600h		I.I.	
(10h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 27648 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$	
	Not possible, is lir	nited to 0V.		underrange		
0 10V	12,5V	20480	5000h	overrange	U - D x 10	
Siemens	10V	16384	4000h	nominal range	$U = D x \frac{10}{16384}$	
S5 format	5V	8192	2000h		II.	
(20h)	0V	0	0000h		$D = 16384 \ x \ \frac{U}{10}$	
	Not possible, is lir	nited to 0V.		underrange		

032-1CD70 - AO 4x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

## 4.15.3 Diagnostic data

So this module does not support diagnostic interrupt functions, the diagnostics data serve for information about this module. On error the corresponding channel LED of the module is activated and the error is registered in the diagnostics data.

The following errors are listed in the diagnostics data:

- Error in project engineering / parameterization
- Short-circuit/overload (if parameterized)
- DS Record set for access via CPU, PROFIBUS and PROFINET. The access happens by DS 01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by DS 00h.
- IX Index for access via CANopen. The access happens by IX 2F01h. Additionally the first 4 bytes may be accessed by IX 2F00h.
- SX Subindex for access via EtherCAT with Index 5005h.

More can be found in the according manual of your bus coupler.

Name	Bytes	Function	Default	DS	IX	SX
ERR_A	1	Diagnostic	00h	01h	2F01h	02h
MODTYP	1	Module information	15h			03h
ERR_C	1	reserved	00h			04h
ERR_D	1	Diagnostic	00h			05h
CHTYP	1	Channel type	73h			06h
NUMBIT	1	Number diagnostic bits per channel	08h			07h
NUMCH	1	Number of channels of a module	04h			08h
CHERR	1	Channel error	00h			09h
CH0ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 0	00h			0Ah
CH1ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 1	00h			0Bh
CH2ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 2	00h			0Ch
CH3ERR	1	Channel-specific error channel 3	00h			0Dh
CH4ERR CH7ERR	4	reserved	00h			0Eh 11h
DIAG_US	4	μs ticker	00h			13h

### ERR\_A Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at module failure</li> <li>Bit 1: set at internal error</li> <li>Bit 2: set at external error</li> <li>Bit 3: set at channel error</li> <li>Bit 4: set at external auxiliary supply missing</li> <li>Bit 6 5: reserved</li> <li>Bit 7: set at error in parameterization</li> </ul>

032-1CD70 - AO 4x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

# **MODTYP Module information**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 3 0: module class</li> <li>0101b analog module</li> <li>Bit 4: set at channel information present</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### ERR\_D Diagnostic

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 2 0: reserved</li> <li>Bit 3: set at internal diagnostics buffer overflow</li> <li>Bit 4: set at internal communication error</li> <li>Bit 7 5: reserved</li> </ul>

### **CHTYP Channel type**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	■ Bit 6 0: Channel type  - 70h: Digital input  - 71h: Analog input  - 72h: Digital output  - 73h: Analog output  - 74h: Analog input/-output  - 76h: Counter  ■ Bit 7: reserved

## **NUMBIT Diagnostic bits**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of diagnostic bits per channel (here 08h)

### **NUMCH Channels**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	Number of channels of a module (here 04h)

### **CHERR Channel error**

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	<ul> <li>Bit 0: set at error in channel group 0</li> <li>Bit 1: set at error in channel group 1</li> <li>Bit 2: set at error in channel group 2</li> <li>Bit 3: set at error in channel group 3</li> <li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li> </ul>

### CH0ERR ... CH3ERR Channel-specific

Byte	Bit 7 0			
0	Channel-specific error channel x:			
	■ Bit 0: set at configuring/parameter assignment error			
	Bit 2 1: reserved			
	<ul><li>Bit 3: set at short-circuit to ground</li><li>Bit 7 4: reserved</li></ul>			

032-1CD70 - AO 4x16Bit ±10V > Diagnostic data

CH4ERR ... CH7ERR reserved

Byte	Bit 7 0
0	reserved

DIAG\_US µs ticker

Byte	Bit 7 0
03	Value of the µs ticker at the moment of the diagnostic

μs ticker

In the SLIO module there is a timer ( $\mu$ s ticker). With PowerON the timer starts counting with 0. After  $2^{32}$ - $1\mu$ s the timer starts with 0 again.